12. PREFARING OFF: A.B.GRAZINT, ISC, USN, INTRUL SPAC 13. APPROVING AUTH: L.J. HOLLAND, COL, USA, RCT DATT

COMPIDENTIAL

PERSONNEL, FOREIGN ATTACES

SOURCE: IOCAL NEWS MEDIA, EMBASSY OFFICIALS, USDAO

16. SPECIAL INSTITUTED INC.
16. SUMMARY (S) REPORT FORWARDS INFORMATION ON THE SITIAT104 IN IRAN. INFORMATION CONCERNS THE FOLLOWING TOPICS:
ARBITIONAL INFORMATION ON SERVERENCE OF ENTRIAM SELATIONS;
LABOR DAY CELFHEATIONS EELD IN THAN; ANTI-GOVERNMENT
DEMONSTRATIONS ON LAFOR DAY; SHOTS FIRED AT D.S. PHEASSY
COPEDIAD; AND ASSASSINATION OF ATATOLIAH MOTABARI.
17. TEEU 21. DMITTED.

TAILS: (C) A. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON SEVERENCE OF

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FOYFTIAN RELATIONS. FOLLOWING EMAM EMOMEINI'S INSTRUCTIONS MARDING THE BREAKING OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH EGYPT. THE FOREIGN MINISTRY ISSUED A STATEMENT EMPHASIZING TEAT BREAKING OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE PRESENT GOVERN-MENT OF EGYPT DOBS NOT IMPLY ANY ACTION AGAINST THE BROTH-EBLY AND PRIENDLY NATION OF EGYPT. RHOMEINI'S LETTER ADDRESSED TO THE FOREIGN MIMISTER, DR. REBRAHM TAZDI TEADS AS FOLLOWS: "IN VIEW OF THE DECRITFUL TREATY SIGNED BETWEEN EGIPT AND ISPARL AND THE TOTAL SURRENDER OF THE EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT TO THE UNITED STATES AND ZIONISM, THE PROVISIONAL REPODUTIONARY ISLAMIC GOVERNMENT OF THAN THAN IS REQUIR-ED TO BREAK ITS DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE RECTPTIAN GOVERNMENT. THE IRANIAN MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS ISSUED THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT: "THE MAIN CAUSE OF THE CRISIS WHICH HAS PLUNGED THE MIDDLE WAST REGION INTO FOUR BLODDY WARS IS THE NEGLECT FOR THE LEGITIMATE RIGHTS OF THE PROPER OF PALESTINE AND TOTAL DISREGARD FOR THEIR RAISTENCE. EVIDENTLY NO SOLUTION TO PALESTINIAN TRASERY WOULD BE EGGS INLE WITHOUT KNOWING ITS ROOTS AND CAUSES. THEREFORE 40. THIVEL MEASURE CAN BRING ABOUT PEACE AND UNDERSTANDING TO THIS REGION AND THE WORLD. THE DECRITPUL TREATY WITH ISRAEL CONCLUDED WITHOUT ANY REJARD FOR THE LEGITIMATE ASPIRATIONS OF THE PALYSTINIAN PROPLE AND THE INTEREST OF THE INLEMIC COMMUNITY, CONFIRMS THE ADGRESSION BY INTERNAT-LOSAL ZIONISM AND TRUMPLES UPON THE LEGITIMATE RICHTS OF PALESTINIANS AND OTHER ARAB EROTHERS WHOSE TERRITORIES THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PRESENT STORMS BY THE PRESENT SOVERNMENT OF THE WITH THE STORMS OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE U.S. INDICATE THE U.S. SYRVES NO PERPOSE BUT TO CONSOLIDATE ISRAEL IN THE ARAB DESCRIBED TERRITORIES AS A POSTRESS OF IMPERIALIST POLICIES IN THE REGION AND TO BRING SUBJUGATION AND SLAVERY TO THE MOSLEMS. THE PROVISIONAL REVOLUTIONARY ISLAMIC GOVERNMENT OF TRAN ONCE AGAIN SEPRESSES ITS FULL AND ALL-OUT SUPPORT POR THE PROPLE OF PALESTINE AND ITS APPROVAL FOR THE MOSLEM ARAB SPOTHERS WHO HAVE NOT ACCEPTED THIS SUPERIMPOSED PRACE AND IN THE LIGHT OF ASPIRATIONS OF THE MOSLEM PROPUR OF TRAN REGARDING THE LIBERATION OF JERUSALEM FROM THE ISRAELI

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GGRESSORS, IT CANNOT REMAIN TILLET AT THIS STAR GENERAL THE VIOLATED RIGHTS OF OR ARAD PROTESTS. TRIBETORY, IN A
             THE FIGURES RIGHTS OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF THE INAMES OF STATE OF THE APPLICACY APPLICACY THE INAMES FOR MINISTER PRINTED OUT IS GETTENMENT'S VIEWS REGARDING ANTI-ISLAMIC AND ANTI-ARASIC POLICIES OF
             TER PRESENT GOVERNMENT OF TOYPT AND NOTIFIED THE AMBASSADOR OF ITS DECISION TO BREAK OFF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE
             ECYPTIAN SOVERNMENT. THIS DECISION WHICH DEAVS ITS ASPIRA-
ATIONS FROM THE GREAT ISLAMIC REVOLUTION OF THE PROPILE OF
THAN, IS HARMONIOUS WITH THE MOST BASIC IDROLOGICAL PRIN-
             CIPLES OF ISLAM AND CONFORMS WITH EMAM REOMPINI'S VIEWS
             COMMUNICATED TO THE FOREIGN MINISTRY THROUGH A DECREE. IN PROVISIONAL ISLAMIC GOVERNMENT OF IRAN DECKS IT NECESSARY
             TO STRESS THAT THE BREAKING OF RELATIONS WITH THE PRESENT
            TO STREET THAT THE HAMMANING OF REMAITIONS WITH THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT OF TRUST DOES NOT IN ANY WAY CONSTITUTE AS ACCION AGAINST THE FRIENDLY AND BROTHERLY PROJUD OF EGYPT. WHILE EXPRESSING MAMPHAN LIFE THE ZOALOUS AND MILITANY PRATERNAL PROPERS OF SUPPLIES IN HATOR ONCE AGAIN RESTREAL PROPERS OF SUPPLIES THE RIGHTFUL STRUGGLY OF THE PALESTINIANS, HOPING THAT THE ACTIONS OF THE BROTHSTE MAY DOORS OF THE TRUST OF THE PALEST AND ALL PROTESTS MAY
             PROPIE, IN STEE WITH ORELA MUSICM AND ARER BROTHERS, MAT PAVE THE WAY FOR THE CREATION OF A TRUE AND PERMANENT PEACE
             AND UNDERSTANDING IN THE REGION.
            B. LABOR DAY CELESTATIONS HELD IN TRAN. IF THERAN, ABOUT B, 800 WORKERS FROM DIFFERENT FACTORIES DATHERED IN PRYOLUT-
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ពល់ពុវ្
             TON SQUARE AND MARCHED TOWARD FMAM HOSSELY SQUARE. MEMBERS
             OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLICAN PARTY WERE OBSERVED IN THIS MARCH. DURING THE CATHERING, ABDOLHASAN AMBI-SADE ANALYSES
            PARTIES DURING THE GATHRHING, ADDOMASAN ASSICTADE ANALYSIS CONOMIC, SOCIAL AND POLITICAL ISSUES OF THE COUNTRY AND SAID THAT THE IRANIAN WORKERS, WHO MATERIALIZED THE EDUCATION, SHOULD PRESERVE IT AND SHOULD NOT ALLOW ANTI-REPOLITUIONARIES AND REMNANTS OF THY FORMER REGIME TO PRINCIPALLY THE WORKERS CHITY. SR ALSO BAID THAT IN THE PAST, IRABIANS INDUSTRY DEPENDED ON MESTERN BAY MATERIALS, TECHNICIANS AND EXPERTS BUT THE WORKERS SHOLD MAY E REPORTS TO CREATE
            INDEPENDENT INDUSTRIES IN THE COUNTRY. PLO REPRESENTATIVE
IN TERRAN, MANI AL-HABAN, SPOKE TO THE DEMONSTRATORS. HE
SAID TODAY IS THE CELEBRATION OF LABOR DAY. WORKERS MUST
            PROTECT TREIR ISLAMIC REVOLUTION. OUR ENEMIES, THE EMPHIES OF THE REVOLUTION TRY TO PROVENT BORVERS FROM PRODUCING, BUT TOU SHOUD PROTECT PRODUCTION. FR THEN REFERRED TO THE
可以以致
            PROBLEMS OF THE WORCERS OF PALESTINE AND SOUTH LEBANON AND
SAID TEAT THE BEST GIFT WHICH WAS GIVEN TO THE WORKERS BY
            SIMILAR DEMONSTRATIONS WERE HELD IN OTHER STREETS IN THERAN TESTERDAT, THERE WERE MANY SLODANS PRESENT AND SOME OF THEM ARE AS FOLLOWS:
             EMAM KNOWTINI WAS IRAN'S BREAKING OFF RELATIONS WITH FOTPT.
             "WE. THE WORKERS CONDEMN ANY IND OF TROUBUR MAKING: ISLAM
IS. OUR PROTECTOR."
               THE ISLAMIC REPUBLICAN PARTY, IS THE PROTECTOR OF ALL MARD
             WOR TERS
            IN ISTAM, TYRANNY TOWARD A WORKER IS NOT TORGIVATER TWORKERS CONDEMN EXPLOITATION IN ANY YORK.
               DISCORD AND DISUNITY ARE MOTORS OF THE TREACREROUS."
AMERICA IS THE ENEMY OF OUR PROPER AND MISCHIEFMAKERS ARE
            THE TOLLEGUES OF AMERICA."

VARERS AND FARMERS ARE ALL ALERT.

IN THIS A MARCH BY THE LEBELS FOR THE WAS NOT HELD DOTE
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TO THE ATTACK ON THEM BY A NUMBER OF PLOPIE. HO REPORTS CONCERNING CASUALITIES WAS SEEN.

IN KERMANSME THE DEMONSTRATIONS WERE NOT HELD PRACEFULLY AND POLLOWING CLASHES BETWEEN THE DEMONSTRATORS, A NUMBER OF PROLE WERE INJURED. TWO OF THE INJURED WERE IN CRITICAL CONDITION. IN BUSHERR OVER 18, 200 WORKERS MARCHED THEOUGH THE STREETS OF THE CITY. THE WORKES ISSUET AN ANOUNCY—MENT IN WHICH THEY COMPIRMED THE IRANIAN ISLAMIC REVOLUTION. AND ASKED FOR THE APOLITION OF TEX LABOR LAW, THE PROFENING OF WORKERS BY THE OTHER PARTNERS TO THE IRAN ATOMIC EMERGY ORGANIZATION.

ORIGINATOR COMMENTS: (C) NUMBEROUS RUMORS HAVE BEEN HEARD THAT THERE WAS COMBIDERAPLE TROUBLE IN THE CITY DURING THE LABOR DAY DEMONSTRATIONS BUT SO FAR THERE HAS BREN NOTHING IN THE PRESS CONCERNING BUT SO FAR THERE HAS BREN NOTHING IN THE PRESS CONCERNING BUT SO FAR THERE HAS BREN NOTHING IN THE PRESS CONCERNING BUT SO FAR THERE HAS BREN NOTHING IN THE PRESS CONCERNING BUT SO FAR THERE HAS BREN NOTHING IN THE PRESS CONCERNING BUT SO FAR THERE HAS BREN NOTHING IN THE PRESS ONCE THE PRESS WILL BE SCANNED FOR FUETTER

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From 22

USDAD/TEHRAN 4577/02

F INFORMATION.

C. ANTI-GOVERNMENT DEMONSTRATIONS. IT WAS NOT ALL POSITIVE AND PRO-JOVERNMENT DEMONSTRATIONS YESTERDAY. AMONG THE CROWDS OF MARCHERS THERE WERE SOME SMALL GROUPS OF OUT-OPWORK LABORERS WHO DEMANDED GIVE WS WORK, NOW! ON ONE STREET HEAR THE UNIVERSITY A FOREIGN REPORTER HEARD A EAGGLE-TAG GROUP OF TOUNSTERS CARRIING FLAGS MARKED WITH RED SICKLES SHOUTING DEFIANTLY MARE BAR EMOMEIN! (DEATH TO KHOMEIN!) AS THEY MARCHED ALONG. UNABLE TO BELIEVE HER THEY ARE OF A CIGARETTE VENDOR WHO REPLIED SUCCINCTLY: THEY ARE ONLY COMMISSES. THERE WERE NUMBERS OF WOMEN MARCHERS, MOSTLY WEARING CHADORS OR SCARVES AND SEVERAL TOUNGER VOMEN WEARING JEANS. THEY WERE FROM THE LEFTIST FEDATAN. SEVERAL WERE IN PRAISE OF ELOMEIN! AND THE EXOLUTION. OTHERS DEMANDED MORE WORK AND MORE WORKERS RIGHTS. ONE WAS IN SUPPORT OF THE MOSLEM PROPLE'S REPUBLICAN FARTT SUPPORTED BY AUTOLLAR AZEM SHARLAT-MADARI. WERE ALMOST AS NUMBERUS AS TROSE OF KHOMEIN!. THERE WERE ALMOST AS NUMBERUS AS TROSE OF KHOMEIN!. THERE WERE ALSO SEVERAL GROUPS CARRYING PLOTURES OF IMAM HOUSA SAME AND ON'T STUDENT WAS CARTING PLOTURES OF IMAM HOUSA SAME AND ON'T STUDENT WAS CARTING PLOTURES OF IMAM HOUSA SAME AND ON'T STUDENT WAS CARTING PLOTURES OF IMAM HOUSA SAME AND ON'T STUDENT WAS CARTING SEVERAL POSTCARD-SIZE PICTURES OF THE BLUE ETED CLERGYMAN WHICH HE SALD WERE ON SALE-ALL.

D. SHOTS FIRED AT U.S. EMBASSY COMPOUND. SHOOTING AROUND
THE EMBASSY COMPOUND LAST NIGHT WAS HEARD. BY MANY PERSONNEL
THROUGHOUT THE NIGHT. THERE WAS SHOOTING AT APPROXIMATELY
2139 HOURS HEAR THE COMPOUND BUT NO REPORTS OF INSIDE FIRING WAS HEARD. AT APPROXIMATELY 8238 HOURS, NUMEROUS SHOTS
WERE FIRED AT THE WALL AND THE WALL SURBOUNDING THE CO-OP
ABEA. ONE OF THE LIGHTS IN THE CO-OP AREA WAS SHOT OUT.
THE EMBASSY REVOLUTIONARY GUARDS PURSURED THE PERSONS DOING
THE FIRING AND CAPTURED THERE OF THEM. IN THEIR HASTE TO
GET AWAY, SOME OF THE ATTACKERS G-3 WEAPONS. ONE OF THE
REVOLUTIONARY GUARDS REPORTED THAT THE THERE THAT WERE
CAPTURED BELONGED TO THE FEDATAN. ALL PERSONS WERE REPORT—
CAPTURED BELONGED TO THE FEDATAN. ALL PERSONS WERE REPORT—
OF THE WAS APPROXIMATELY SIX PERSONS WHO SHOT THAT
THERE WAS APPROXIMATELY SIX PERSONS WHO SHOT UP THE WALLS
OF THE EMBASSY, BUT NO CONFIRMATION HAS BEEN OBTAINED ON
WERE RECOVERED.

E. AYATOLIAH MOTAHARI ASSASSINATED. AYATOLIAH MOTAHARI WAS ASSASSINATED LAST NIGHT BY UNKNOWN ASSASSINS. IT WAS REPORTED THAT HE WAS SHOT IN THE HEAD THREE TIMES. THE ASSASSIN WAS REPORTED TO HAVE ACCOMPLISHED THIS EVEN THOU MOTAHARI HAD VERY TIGHT SECURITY. MOTAHARI WAS THE HEAD OF THE CENTRAL REVOLUTIONARY COMMITTEE AND A VERY CLOSE YRIEND OF ATATOLIAH KHOMEINI.

PRIME OF ATATOLLAR KHOMENTS.

ORIGINATOR COMMENTS: (C) A SOURCE HAS REPORTED TO BO THAT THE ASSASSINATION WAS CARRIED OUT BY THE SAME GROUP THAT ASSASSINATED PENERAL CAPACITY. THIS SECRET GROUP IS CALLED "FORGHAM" (DISTINCTION BETWEEN TRUTH AND PALSEHOOD). THE GROUP HAD EARLIER, AFTER THE ASSASSINATION OF THE GENERAL, ANDUDECED THAT THEY WERE GOING TO GARRY OUT OTHER ASSASSINATIONS. BO BELIEVES THAT THIS MAY BE THE SAME GROUP. FURTURE INFORMATION WILL BE PROFITED WHEN OBTAINED.

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CSDAO/TREBAN 4571

The miscellangous: (1) two million prople have applied for membership in the islamic revolutionary party since its metablishment in proparty, a party officals says. In tehran along, 400,000 applications have been filed. (2) the total executed in the revolutionary courts was announced in todays news source as 161. (3) terran radio has just announced that there more officers have been executed. Names and positions will be provided in tomorrows report.
Oppicers have been executed. Names and positions will be provided in tomorrows report.
Obiginator comment: (c) ergarding the report in paragraph a op this message, the copytian military attache has compiled that iran has severed relations with boypt. The last stated that her may be gone from terran by saturday of this week.

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Department of State

Foreign Service of the United States of America

OUTGOING TELEGRAM

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CHG:CWNAAS
POL:JDSTEMPEL
NONE
CHG POL(3) OR, ECON ICA RF

AMEMBASSY TEHRAN SECSTATE WASHDC, NIACT IMMEDIATE

E.O. 12065: XDS-4 5/3/09 (STEMPEL, J.D.)OR-P TAGS: PINS, PORS, PGOV, IR

SUBJ: HEIGHTENED TENSIONS AFTER MOTAHARI'S ASSASSINATION

- (C-ENTIRE TEXT) THIS IS A REPORTING CABLE.
- 2. SUMMARY: ASSASSINATION OF AYATOLLAH MOTAHARI HAS SHARPLY INTEGRAL ANXIETIES AMONG GOVERNMENT AND RELIGIOUS FACAN GROUP HAS CLAIMED CREDIT, SAYS YAZDI, AND GHOTBIADEH ARE NEXT. SUSPICIONS OF U.S. LIKELY TO INCREASE. END SUMMARY.
- 3. FROM NUMBER OF SOURCES AND PERSONAL OBSERVATION OF POLOFFS FOLLOWING IS ACCOUNT OF IMPACT AND REVERBRATIONS OF ASSASSINATION OF AYATOLLAH MORTEZA MOTAHARI EVENING MAY 1.
- 4. PGOI AND RELIGIOUS LEADERS HAVE BECOME VISIBLY MORE ANXIOUS ABOUT THEIR OWN SAFETY IN WAKE OF ASSASSINATION, WHICH WAS THOROUGHLY PROFESSIONAL JOB CARRIED OUT TO HIT A MAN UNDER SUBSTANTIAL SECURITY PROTECTION. REPORTS THAT HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL HAVE NOT BLESS AND AND IT IS GENERALLY ACCEPTED THAT GAMEN CATT LEAST TWO WERE INVOLVED) THAT HIT HIM MUST FATE KNOWN THIS AS WELL. EMBASSY'S OWN MUJAHIDIN GUARDS HAVE PERCEPTIBLY HIGHER EDGINESS THAN BEFORE, AND SHOOTING IN EVENINGS HAS PICKED UP AGAIN IN SOUTHERN AND CENTRAL SECTORS OF CITY. FAR NORTHERN PART OF CITY HAS BEEN LARGELY QUIET, ACCORDING TO TWO OBSERVERS. SOME NEWSMEN REPORT TENSENESS IN OTHER PROVINCIAL TOWNS BUT NOT SUBSTANTIAL VIOLENCE.

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- 5. SECURITY CONCERNS WERE UNDOUBTEDLY HEIGHTENED BY CALLS MORNING MAY 2 TO AYANDEORON NEWSPAPER AND AP BY FARGAN GROUP, WHICH CLAIMED CREDIT FOR MOTAMARI ASSASSINATION (THEY HAD TAKEN CREDIT FOR KILLING OF GENERAL QUARANI JUST OVER A WEEK AGO). CALLER FROM GROUP TOLD MEDIA THAT FOREIGN MINISTER YAZDI, DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER ENTEZAM AND RADIO/TV DIRECTOR GHOTBZADEH WERE NEXT ON THE HIT LIST. WE HAVE HEARD OTHER STORIES THAT GROUP HAS TOTAL OF 16 NAMES IT WISHES TO ELIMINATE TO QUOTE WIPE OUT THE UNHOLY CANCER OF THE MURDERING MULLAHS, UNQUOTE AS ONE PERSIAN SOURCE PUT IT. IDENTITY OF FARGAN GROUP IS SUBJECT OF INTENSE SPECULATION. THERE ARE NO LEADS, BUT BEST GUESS IS THAT IT IS SOMEONE CONNECTED TO OLD REGIME.
- 6. RESULT OF HEIGHTENED TENSIONS, ESPECIALLY IF FARGAN IDENTITY IS FINALLY ESTABLISHED OR ASSASSINS TURN OUT TO BE EXAMENDED SUSPICION OF U.S. SMALL INDICATOR OF THIS IS THAT MANY OF OUR RELIGIOUS CONTACTS HAVE BEEN VERY DIFFICULT TO FIND OVER PAST 36 HOURS (PART OF THIS IS NATURAL INVOLVEMENT WITH FUNERAL). LEFTISTS AND RADICAL MOSLEMS ARE LIKELY TO SEE THIS AS FURTHER EVIDENCE OF KHOMEINI THESIS ABOUT U.S. AND OTHERS ARE STILL MEDDLING IN IRAN. IF THIS VIEW GAINS WIDESPREAD CURRENCY (WHICH IT DOES NOT NOW HAVE), MISSION SECURITY SITUATION COULD AGAIN BE TIGHT. FOR MOMENT, HOWEVER, ATTENTION IS FOCUSED ON FINDING GROUP INVOLVED.
- 7. INCIDENT COMES AT A TIME WHEN PGOI IS CONCERNED ABOUT POSSIBLE PROBLEMS WITH GENERALS PALISBAND AND OVEISSI, BOTH OF WHOM ARE STILL AT LARGE. PALISBAND IS SUSPECTED OF BEING INVOLVED IN TURKOMAN MINI-REVOLT OF TWO WEEKS AGO. CROSS CURRENTS WITHIN ISLAMIC MOVEMENT ARE SUBSTANTIAL ENOUGH TO BOLSTER SUSPICIONS OF FOREIGN INTRIGUE WITH FACTIONS. ONE INTERESTING ACCOUNT INDICATES THAT THE REVOLUTIONARY GUARDIANS CORPS, FOUNDED BY YAZDI, IS NOW UNDER THE OPERATIONAL DIRECTION OF AYATOLLAH RAFSANJANI, AND IS BEING BROUGHT INTO THE ISLAMIC REPUBLICAN PARTY (KHOMEINI'S PARTY) AS THE PROTECTIVE ARM OF THE PARTY. SHARIAT-MADARI'S ISLAMIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLICAN PARTY HAS AS YET NO SIMILAR ARRANGEMENT WITH ANY GROUP TO OUR KNOWLEDGE. IF PARTIES PROCEED TO ORGANIZE IN COMPETITION THIS WILL UNDOUBTEDLY BRING MORE FORCE INTO PLAY IN ARMS-RICH IRAN. NAAS##

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NNNNVV ESA914BRN893 NOT RELEASABLE TO FOREIGN NATIONALS PP RUOMHR DE RUEKAAA #2650 1281440 SECRET ZNY SSSSS P Ø81437Z MAY 79 FM DIA WASHINGTON DC//DC// 8 May 79 | 5 | 8 z TO AIG 7008 RUEADWD/DA WASHINGTON DC//DAMI// RUENAAA/CNO WASHINGTON DC//DNI// RUEAHQA/CSAF WASHINGTON DC//IN// RUCBSAA/CINCLANT NORFOLK VA//CODE J2// RUSNAAA/USCINCEUR VAIHINGEN GE//ECJ2// RUHQHQA/CINCPAC HONOLULU HI//J2// RULPALJ/USCINCSO QUARRY HEIGHTS CZ//SCJ2// RUEALIA/CIA WASHINGTON DC//DDO//

BT SECRET NOFORN 8890

SECRET NOTORN 8890
CIA FOR MR. JOHN MCMAHON
SUBJECT: USE OF THE RODCA COMMUNICATIONS CHANNEL (U)
1. (S/NOFORN) DIRECTOR, DIA INTENDS TO CHANGE THE RODCA COMMUNICATIONS CHANNEL AS IT IS USED BY THE DEFENSE ATTACHE SYSTEM.
ATTACHE OFFICES WILL BE PERMITTED TO USE THE RODCA CHANNEL FOR THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES:

PAGE 2 RUEKAAA 2650 S E C R E T
A. CODING AND/OR REGISTRATION OF NON-U.S. SOURCES WITH THE DEFENSE SOURCE REGISTER (DC-4B/DSR).

SENSITIVE OR CLANDESTINE ATTACHE COLLECTION ACTIVITIES

INVOLVING NON-U.S. HUMAN SOURCES.

C. FOREIGN MATERIEL ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

2. (S/NOFORN) USE OF THE RODCA CHANNEL BY ATTACHE OFFICES FOR OTHER PURPOSES WILL BE PROHIBITED. ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE PROVIDED BY THE DIRECTOR INCLUDES:

COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO SOURCES WHO ARE U.S. PERSONS. AS DEFINED BY E.O. 12036, WILL BE TRANSMITTED VIA THE "EXCLUSIVE CHANNEL OR SENT THROUGH CIA OPERATIONAL CHANNELS

COMMUNICATIONS TO DIA CONCERNING ATTACHE SUPPORT TO CIA

WILL BE HANDLED THROUGH CIA OPERATIONAL CHANNELS.

COMMUNICATIONS TO DIA CONCERNING ATTACHE SUPPORT TO OTHER DOD COLLECTORS WILL BE SENT VIA THE OPERATIONAL CHANNELS OF THOSE COLLECTORS.

ALL RODCA TRAFFIC INCOMING TO ATTACHE OFFICES WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE AMBASSADOR AND DCM. ALL RODCA TRAFFIC BEING SENT BY AN ATTACHE OFFICE WILL BE REVIEWED BY THE AMBASSADOR OR THE DCM PRIOR TO DISPATCH TO ACTION ADDRESSEES.

PAGE 3 RUEKAAA 2650 S E C R E T 3. (U) COMMENTS BY ADDEES CONCERNING INTENDED CHANGES RESPONSE NLT 11 MAY WILL ARE REQUESTED. BE APPRECIATED. REVW 7 MAY 1999 REAS 2-301C.3 BT #2 65 0 MATIONALS

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STATE
CHG: CWNAAS
POL: JDSTEMPEL
POL: DMCGAFFEY, ECON: CTAYLOR
CHG POL(3) OR, ECON, ICA RF

AMEMBASSY TEHRAN SECSTATE WASHDC, IMMEDIATE

E.O.12065: RDS 5/8/89 (STEMPEL, J.D.) OR-P TAGS: PINR, PINS, PGOV, PINT, IR SUBJ: SELECTED POLITICAL ITEMS

REF: (A) STATE 106426 (B) TEHRAN

1. (C-ENTIRE TEXT)

- SUMMARY: BELOW ARE COMMENTS ON POLITICAL DYNAMICS WHICH DO NOT THEMSELVES JUSTIFY SEPARATE TREATMENT. END SUMMARY.
- 3. OVER PAST MONTH, EMBOFFS HAVE GATHERED NUMBER OF SMALL ITEMS WHICH DO NOT LEND THEMSELVES TO SEPARATE TREATMENT, BUT WHICH REPOND TO GENERAL REPORTING REQUESTS CONTAINED REFTEL. THESE ARE OFFERED AS ATMOSPHERICS ON LOCAL SITUATION, NOT FINELY HONED ANALYSIS THAT WE ARE HOPEFULLY RESERVING FOR OUR MORE FORMAL TWELVE VOLUME RESPONSE TO REFTEL. PREVIOUS REPORTING THAT REMAINS RELEVANT TO SUBJECTS AT HAND IS ALSO NOTED. REFTEL PARAGRAPHS ARE SHOWN IN PARENTHESIS AFTER RELATED PARAGRAPH IN TEXT.
- 4. POLITICAL RELATIONSHIPS. (PARA ONE). OF THE AYATOLLAHS CLEARLY KHOMEINI, SHARIAT-MADARI AND TALEGHANI DOMINATE ISLAMIC MOVEMENT FRONTLINE. IMPORTANT IN THEIR OWN RIGHT, BUT SECOND LEVEL LEADERS, ARE HASSAN TABATABAI, QOMI (MASHAD), HASHEM RAFSANJANI (DIRECTOR OF NEW REVOLUTIONARY GUARDIANS), MOHAMMAND MUSAVI GOLPAYGANI (QOM), AND MAHMOUD MONTAZERI. ISFAHAN'S MODERATE AYATOLLAH KHODOMI AND YOUNG FIRE-BREATHER TAHERI AS WELL AS ARAB LEADER AYATOLLAH KHAGANI HAVE REGIONAL IMPORTANCE WHICH COULD GROW. ENTEZAM'S POLITICAL STATURE WAS PARTITALLY COVERED IN TEHRAN'S 4679; HE CLEARLY DOMINATES SABAGHIAN, SINCE HE IS MUCH CLOSER TO BAZARGANA WHO

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ACCEPTED SABAGHIAN ONLY TO PLACATE THE LIBERATION MOVEMENT OF IRAN (LMI) LEFT WING. SABAGHIAN HAS A FULL-TIME JOB JUST KEEPING TABS ON THE REVOLUTIONARY TRANSFER OF ASSETS PROBLEM AND TO BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE HAS NOT BEEN ACTIVE ON POLITICAL SIDE EXCEPT PERIPHERALLY. YAZDI WAS DISCUSSED IN TEHRAN 4377; JURY STILL OUT ON WHETHER HE HAS ULTIMATELY GAINED OR LOST, BUT IT: DOES NOW SEEM THAT HE WILL LOOSE MUCH OF HIS INFLUENCE WITH REVOLUTIONARY GUARDIANS, WHO ARE FALLING INTO OTHER HANDS -- AYATOLLAH RAFSANJANI AND A SHIITE REVOLUTIONARY FROM LEBANON NAMED CHAMRAN. CHAMRAN'S ARRIVAL HAS SET OFF A WAVE OF CONCERN AMONG LEFT THAT KHOMEINI IS READYING NEW GUARDIANS FOR A PURGE OF THE LEFT. HAS THUS FAR MADE GENERALLY GOOD IMPRESSION ON SEVERAL MFA PROFESSIONALS WE HAVE TALKED TO, INCLUDING DIVISION CHIEF OF NORTH AMERICAN SECTION. FROM THEIR PERSPECTIVE, HE HAS BEHAVED WELL, SOUGHT ADVICE FROM HIS PROS AND OFTEN HEEDED IT.

- 5. BAZARGAN IS REGARDED WITH AFFECTION IF NOT WITH MUCH RESPECT (PARA TWO). RELIGIOUS TYPES APPRECIATE HIM BECAUSE HE IS KHOMEINI'S PRIME MINISTER, SECULARISTS BECAUSE THEY KNOW HE'S REALLY MORE OF A FRENCH-STYLE SOCIAL DEMOCRAT IN PERSONAL BELIEF. GENERAL PERCEPTION IS THAT THERE IS NO ONE ELSE AROUND WHO COULD DO THE JOB RIGHT NOW WITHOUT A MAJOR FIGHT FROM SOME SECTOR OR THE OTHER. MOST OF HIS SENIOR BUREAUCRATS WISH HE WOULDN'T TAKE THE PROVISIONALNATURE OF THE GOVERNMENT SO SERIOUSLY. BAZARGAN IS ALSO REPORTEDLY A CLOSE FRIEND OF TALEGHANI'S.
- 6. TEHRAN'S 4726 GIVES A THOROUGH VIEW OF PRESENT TALE-GHANI ORGANIZATION (PARA THREE).
- 7. SEE TEHRAN 4302 AND 4314, ESPECIALLY LATTER, FOR OUR VIEW OF KEY AREAS TO WATCH (PARA FOUR).
- 8. WILL DO AN UPDATE ON PERCEPTIONS OF U.S. (PARA FIVE) IN A WEEK'S TIME. SITUATION REMAINS ESSENTIALLY SAME AS IN TENRAN'S 4158 AND 4069. POINT TO REMEMBER HERE, IS THAT EACH FURTHER BREACH OF ISLAMIC MOVEMENT SECURITY INCREASES BELIEF THAT U.S. (AND PERHAPS SOVIETS TOO) IS MEDDLING.

- 9. ACTIVITIES AND PLANS OF VARIOUS GROUPS (PARA EIGHT) WERE COVERED TO DATE IN TEHRAN'S 4302 AND 4314. SUBSEQUENT ACTIVITIES OF GROUPS HAVE INVOLVED ORGANIZATION EFFORTS --SANJABI HAS HEADED FOR THE PROVINCES TO TRY AND GIT THE NATIONAL FRONT BACK IN THE BALLGAME. MINLABOR FOROUHAR HAS SAID MAJOR FRONT MOVES WILL OCCUR SOON. NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC FRONT (MATIN-DAFTARY) HAS BEEN RELATIVELY QUIET PAST TWO MEEKS. OTHERS HAVE BEEN SUBJECT OF SPOT REPORTS. WE HOPE TO TAKE MORE IN-DEPTH LOOK AT NDF AND NATIONAL FRONT IN COMING WEEKS.
- 10. RECENT AND PLANNED VISITS TO TABRIZ, SHIRAZ AND ISFAHAN (PARA 9) BY EX-CONSULATE OFFICERS (FOR TABRIZ, TEHRAN 4486) WILL GIVE BEST PICTURE OF PROVINCES. IN GENERAL, BOTH ECONOMIC LEVELS AND LEVELS OF VIOLENCE SEEM TO EXCEED TEHRAN SITUATION.
- OTHER EMBASSIES GENERALLY SHARE OUR ANALYSIS WITH TWO NOTABLE EXCEPTIONS. JAPANESE AMBASSADOR REMAINS OPTIMISTIC THAT CRISIS HAS PAST AND TEHRAN WILL SLOWLY RETURN TO NORMAL. NEITHER HIS DCM NOR HIS ROLCOUNS AGREE WITH HIM, HOWEVER. FRENCH EMBASSY HAS FOCUSED MORE ON FAR LEFT AND HAS CONCLUDED THAT WHILE FEDAYEN AND TUDEN HAVE MUCH BETTER TACTICAL ORGANIZATION THAN MUJAHIDDIN AND LMI, THEY HAVE NOT YET SHOWN THE CAPACITY TO GET EVERYONE IN THEIR IDEOLOGICAL BOAT TO PULL TOGETHER AND KNOCK OFF THE PGOI IN THE ABSENCE OF ANY MAJOR SELF-INFLICTED BREAKDOWN OF ISLAMIC MOVEMENT OR-PGOL. WE WOULD AGREE NOW, BUT SUSPECT THAT MAY NOT BE TRUE IN TWO TO THREE WEEK'S TIME. WE WOULD ALSO RATE CHANCES OF AN UNTOWARD INCIDENT AND SELF-DESTRUCTION HIGHER THAN THE FRENCH DO. ECON HAS SENT IN TWO MEMCONS ON FRENCH ECON TIES AND PERCEPTIONS, AND TEHRAN 4117 ON OECD ECONOMIC RELATIONS. AT NUANCE LEVEL, BRITISH FEEL THAT POTENTIAL FOR TROUBLE IS GROWING AND TEND TO BE JUST A BIT MORE PESSIMISTIC ABOUT PROVINCES THAN WE DO, BASED ON COMMENTS FROM MANY OF THEIR LONG-TIME RESIDENTS OUTSIDE TEHRAN. SOVIETS ARE UNDOUBTEDLY TRYING TO MEDDLE; OUR DIPLOMATIC COLLEAGUES FEEL SOVIETS ARE SHOWING INCREASED ACTIVITY AND INTEREST IN EVENTS, BUT NO ONE CAN PUT FINGER ON ANY SPECIFIC INTERNAL THEY ARE WORKING ON. SEVERAL OF OUR AFRICAN AND NORTH AFRICAN COLLEAGUES SUSCRIBE TO THE THESIS THAT SOVIETS HAVE BEEN PUSHING VISIT OF RADICAL LEADERS (JALLUD, ETC) TO TRY AND BREAK DOWN KHOMEINI RESISTANCE TO COMMUNIST IDEAS. SEEMS REASONABLE TO US. TOO.

- 12. FUTURE SEPTELS WILL COVER MEDIA AND UNIVERSITIES. (PARA TWELVE). CHAOS IS STILL THE ORDER OF THE DAY, PER TEHRAN'S 2748. SOME ADMINISTRATIVE STABILIZATION HAS OCCURRED. FACULTY STRIKES HAVE HIT SEVERAL UNIVERSITIES, BUT MAJOR WALKOUTS HAVE THUS FAR BEEN AVERTED. NIRT REMAINS CHAOTIC AND SUB-PROFESSIONAL; ITS PRINCIPAL ACHIEVEMENT AFTER TWO MONTHS OF REVOLUTIONARY FERVOR IS TO HAVE MADE DIRECTOR SADEQ GHOTBIADEH ONE OF IRAN'S MOST HATED FIGURES. RECENT USICA CABLES HAVE DEALTH IN DETAIL WITH SOME ASPECTS OF PRESS AND MEDIA.
- 13. MOST TIMELY INFO WE HAVE ON CONSTITUTION AND ELECTIONS (PARA THIRTEEN) IS CONTAINED IN TEHRAN'S 4679. SITUATION IS STILL CONFUSED AND SOMEWHAT DISORGANIZED, AND TIME FRAME FOR ESTABLISHING ISLAMIC INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK REMAINS TWO TO FOUR MONTHS.
- 14. CONCERNING ECONOMIC ITEMS OF INTEREST (PARA 7) -INFLATION, SHORTAGES, EMPLOYMENT, ETC., WE BELIEVE WE
 ARE FAIRLY CURRENT. SEE TEHRAN 3962 (UNEMPLOYMENT),
 2975 (WRAP UP INCLUDING INFLATION), 4300 (WHEAT AND ITS
 REFTEL ON FOOD WRAP UPP AND 4395 (ECONOMIC HIGHLIGHTS).
- 15. ARRANGEMENTS FOR PROJECTED FETE (PARA FIFTEEN) ARE WELL IN HAND, BUT WE HAVE GIVEN UP ON OLYMPIC STADUIM AS SITE. NO SHORTAGE OF VARIOUS CALIBER NOISE MAKERS IS ANTICIPATED. NAAS##

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TAGS: IR

SUBJECT: STATEMENT ON IRAN

1. MOLLOWING EXCERPT ON IRAN IS TAKEN FROM THE SECRETARY'S APPEARANCE BEFORE THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFRIRS COMMITTEE ON MAY 8:

"MR. WOLPE: COULD YOU, MR. SECKETARY, PROVIDE AN ASSESSMENT AS TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SITUATION IN IRAN AS OF THIS MOMENT?

WR. VANCE: YES, LET WE DO IT VLRY BRIEFLY. THE SITUATION IS A FRAGILE ONE AT THIS POINT AS IS EVIDENT FROM OUR DAILY NEWSPAPERS. THE NEW GOVERNMENT IS IN THE PROCESS OF ESTABLISHING ITSELF AND EXTENDING ITS AUTHORITY THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY. THIS IS A VERY DIFFICULT TASK AS IS TRUE WITH ANY REVOLUTIONARY SITUATION.

THERE ARE DIFFERENCES THAT ARE APPARENT. I WOULD SAY THE PRIME MINISTER AND HIS GOVERNMENT ARE MOVING IN WHAT I THINK IS A CONSTRUCTIVE WAY TO SEIZE HOLD AND GOVERN THE COUNTRY UNDER EXTREMELY DIFFICULT CIRCUMSTANCES. THE PRIME MINISTER IS AN EXTREMELY ABLE MAN. ALL OF US WISH HIW WELL IN WHAT HE IS DOING."

PSOI AND OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES. VANCE BT 6551

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AMEMBASSY TEHRAN SECSTATE WASHDC

E.O. 12065: GDS 5/14/85 (MCGAFFEY, D.C.) OR-P

TAGS: PINT, IR

SUBJ: SOCIAL NOTES FROM ISFAHAN

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT; THIS IS A REPORTING CABLE)

2. SUMMARY: STREET VIOLENCE HAS DISAPPEARED FROM ISFAHAN, BUT THE IRANIAN POPULATION REMAINS TENSE DUE TO RELIGIO-POLITICAL RIVALRIES, MASS ARRESTS, AND DISCRIMINATION AGAINST MINORITIES. THE SMALL FOREIGN POPULATION IS IGNORED. THE SCHOOLS AND UNIVERSITIES ARE OPEN, BUT FUNCTIONING ERRATICALLY. A NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS HAVE HAD MAJOR STATUS CHANGES. END SUMMARY.

SINCE MY RETURN TO IRAN, I HAVE BEEN IN DAILY TELE-PHONE CONTACT WITH FRIENDS AND CONTACTS IN ISFAHAN. THEY ALL AGREE THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO STREET VIOLENCE IN RECENT WEEKS, AND MOST BELIEVE THERE IS LITTLE CHANCE OF IT RESUMING. THERE ARE CONTINUED ARRESTS, OFTEN CLANDESTINE MIDDLE-OF-THE-NIGHT ACTS, AND DISAPPEAR-ANCES WHICH ARE PRESUMED TO BE ARRESTS. ESTIMATES VARY, UP TO A MAXIMUM OF 700 ARRESTS IN THE PAST MONTH. MANY OF THE ARRESTS AND/OR DISAPPEARANCES ARE OF JEWS AND BAHA'IS, BUT MORE THAN HALF ARE, IN THE WORDS OF ONE CONTACT "SAVAKIS--THAT IS ANYONE WHO WAS RICH, WAS DIS-RESPECTFUL TO OR SUPPORTED THE WRONG PERSON, OR HAD ENEMIES, PLUS A FEW WHO WORKED FOR THE OLD REGIME." THE ECONOMY THUS THE GENERAL MOOD IN ISFAHAN IS SOMBER. IS AT A STANDSTILL. DESPITE PUBLIC REPORTS TO THE CON-TRARY, NONE OF THE MAJOR INDUSTRIES ARE WORKING--THE STEEL MILL, THE REFINERY, THE TEXTILE FACTORIES ---, THE BAZAAR IS OPEN BUT MERCHANTS REPORT NO BUSINESS, AND NO PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS ARE ACTIVE OR EVEN CURRENTLY PLANNED. MANY EMPLOYEES ARE RECEIVING SALARIES WITHOUT WORKING, BUT MOST EXPECT THAT TO STOP SHORTLY. ISFAHAN IS UNHAPPY.

- A MAJOR REASON FOR THE UNHAPPINESS IS CONTINUED RIVALRY BETWEEN THE ELDER, RESPECTED AYATOLLAH KHADAMI, TO WHOM PEOPLE TURN TO FOR INTERCESSION WITH THE AUTHORI-TIES, AND THE YOUNG, PADICAL, NEWLY-PROCLAIMED AYATOLLAH TAHERI, WHO IS THE CHAMPION OF DIRECT ACTION. TAHERI'S INFLUENCE APPEARS TO BE ON THE RISE, PRIMARILY BECAUSE OF HIS SUPPORT AMONG THE SECURITY FORCES-THE ARMY, THE AIR FORCE AND ARMY AVIATION 'HOMOFARS', AND HIS OWN ENFORCERS. HE HAS EFFECTIVE CONTROL OVER HALF THE CITY (SOUTH OF THE PIVER); HE IS REPORTED RESPONSIBLE FOR MOST OF THE ARRESTS; HE HAS REFUSED TO ALION POLICE TO BE ARMED; AND HE APPEARS TO HAVE GOOD CONNECTIONS WITH THE NEW GOVERNOR-REMERAL, WHILE THE OLD GOVERNOR-GENERAL WAS AN ALLY OF AYATOLLAH MHADAMI. REPORTEDLY, TAHERI'S RECENT THELLENCE STEMS LARGELY FROM AN ARREN MARCH TO OOM LEADING SOME 2,000 TROOPS, WHERE HE OBTAINED THE ENDORSEMENT OF AYATOLLAH KHOMEINI. BECAUSE HE IS SO YOUNG AND RADICAL, AND THEREFORE UNPREDICTABLE, HIS INCREASING INFLUENCE INCREASES THE LEVEL OF TENSION IN THE CITY.
- 5. FORETCHEPS ARE BEING LAPGELY IGNORED. THERE HAVE BEEN NO PEFENT INCIDENTS DIRECTED AGAINST FOREIGNERS, AND BAZAARYS ARE EAGER TO HAVE FOREIGNERS RETURN (OBVIOUSLY), BUT THEIR PRESENCE OR ABSENCE IS NO LONGER AN ISSUE. IN ISFAHAN, THE POLICE AND LABOR OFFICE SOME MONTHS AGO INFORMED ALL FMPLOYERS THAT ALL RESTDENCE AND WORK PERMITS FOR FOREIGNERS WOULD BE CANCELED AT THE END OF KHORDAD (JUNE 21) UNLESS SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS WERE OBTAINED INDIVIDUALLY FROM TEHRAN. WHILE MOST EMPLOYERS ACCEPT THIS, THE IRAN-AMERICA SOCIETY (IAS) HAS REQUESTED A NUMBER OF FXEMPTIONS, AND WERE TOLD THAT, FOR TEACHERS, THEIR CHANCES ARE GOOD.
- 6. THE TWO MAJOR UNIVERSITIES (ISFAMAN AND SENATE SHARIF (HOLY SCIENCE, FORMERLY ARVA MEHR)) ARE OPEN, WITH SOME FACULTIES HARD AT WORK PREPARING FOR EXAMS, BUT MOST STUDENTS DEVOTING THEIR TIME TO POLITICAL DISCUSSION. SENATE SHARIF HAS ANNOUNCED THAT ALL FOREIGN TEACHERS WILL LEAVE AT THE END OF THIS TERM, AND THAT THERE WOULD BE NO MORE INSTRUCTION IN ENGLISH, BUT HAS NOT DETERMINED HOW AND WHERE TO FIND FARSI TEXTS FOR ITS TECHNICAL CURRICULUM. MANY IN ISFAMAN FXPECT IT TO CLOSE. THE HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS ARE TAKING DOUBLE COURSE LOADS, ATTEMPTING TO MAKE UP TIME LOST IN THE REVOLUTION,

EXCEPT IN SOME SCHOOLS WHERE TAHERI HAS PROMISED TO POST "OBSERVERS TO EMSURE THE EXAMS ARE FAIR." IN THOSE SCHOOLS. THE STUDENTS ARE BUSY PROVING THEIR REVOLUTIONARY CREDENTIALS.

- 6. THE FOLLOWING ARE BIO NOTES ON INDIVIDUALS NOTED IN PREVIOUS REPORTING:
- --EX-GOVERNOR GENERAL HAGH-DAN, WAS REMOVED IN EARLY MARCH, MET WITH AYATOLLAM KHADAMI, AND WAS PUBLICLY EXONERATED OF WRONG-DOING IN ISFAHAN. RETIRED QUIETLY TO TEHRAN, BUT REPORTED ARRESTED IN TEHRAN ON MAY 3.
- --EX-GOVERNOR-GENERAL DR. MOHAMMAD ALI VAEZI, PERSONAL PHYSICIAN TO AYATOLLAH KHOMEINI, APPOINTED TO REPLACE DR. HAGH-DAN, AN ELDERLY MAN, REPUTED ISLAMIC SCHOLAR, GOOD FRIEND OF AYATOLLAH KHADAMI, RESPECTED BY ISFA-HANIS BUT IN POOR HEALTH. HE REQUESTED RETIREMENT FROM KHOMEINI, AND WAS REPLACED ON MAY 11 BY
- --GOVERNOR-GENERAL MONAMMAD KAZEM BOJNORDI, RELEASED FROM PRISON IN THE LAST MONTH BY THE ISLAMIC COURT AFTER THIRTEEN YEARS IN PRISON. HE WAS THE FOUNDER OF THE ISLAMIC NATIONS PARTY IN 1962, WHICH WAS BANNED AS A TERRORIST GROUP UNDER THE SHAH. BOJNORDI WAS ARRESTED IN '66, SENTENCED TO DEATH, AND THEN HAD HIS SENTENCE COMMUTED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT (ISFAHAN RUMOR STATES, AFTER HE PROVIDED THE NAMES OF HIS ASSOCIATES). HIS FATHER WAS A WELL-KNOWN AYATOLLAH, NOW DECEASED. ON ARRIVAL IN ISFAHAN, HE WAS INTRODUCED TO THE PEOPLE BY AYATOLLAH TAHERI. HE IS PRESUMED TO BE A RADICAL AND DISPOSED MORE TOWARD TAHERI THAN KHADAMI, SO IT IS EXPECTED THAT ARRESTS WILL CONTINUE AND INCREASE UNDER HIM.
- --ENGINEER MIR MOHAMMAD SADEGHI, WHO PROVIDED SANCTUARY TO ME AND THE BHI FUGITIVE IN JANUARY, AND LATER TO MARTIAL LAW ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL GHAFFARI FOLLOWING AN ASSASSINATION ATTEMPT, HAS REPORTEDLY LEFT THE COUNTRY. AT THE TIME OF THE REVOLUTION, HE WAS AYATOLLAH KHADAMI'S PRINCIPAL AIDE, FIRST PRESIDENT OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, AND THE LEADING NON-RELIGIOUS FIGURE IN ISFAHAN. HE WAS AN OPPONENT OF TAHERI, AND PUBLICLY OBJECTED TO HIS AS—SUMING THE TITLE 'AYATOLLAH.' REPORTEDLY, HE ALSO GAVE

SANCTUARY FROM A MOB TO ONE OF THE TWO SAVAK DEPUTIES IN ISFAHAN GOTH LATER KILLED BY THE MOB) AND TANERI BEGAN ACCUSING HIM OF SAVAK CONNECTIONS. HE BECAME AN EMBARRASS—MENT TO KHADAMI, AND RESIGNED HIS POSITIONS IN LATE MARCH, AND HAS SUBSEQUENTLY BEEN REPORTED TO BE LEAVING IRAN FOR THE U.S. IN EARLY MAY. (HE TRIED TO CONTACT. ME. AND WAS INCORRECTLY TOLD I WAS IN WASHINGTON, SO HE MAY CONTACT THE IRAN DESK.) HE IS A CIVIL ENGINEER, SPEAKS FAIR EMGLISH, AND IS (WAST) A DEDICATED REVOLUTIONARY. THOUGHT HE MILL ACCEPT EASILY A PERMANENT DIVORCE FROM IRANIAN POLITICS.

--MR. PARVARISH, A LOW-LEVEL AIDE TO KHADAMI AT THE TIME OF MY RESCUE BY KHADAMI, BECAME HEAD OF THE EDUCATION COMMITTEE OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, AND IS NOW A MEMBER OF THE COMMITTEE EXECUTIVE. HE WAS A HIGH SCHOOL TEACHER, AND WAS CENTRAL IN INFLUENCING THE STUDENT STRIKE AND MILITANCY.

--MR. MOSHARAF, ANOTHER TEACHER AND COMPANION OF PAR-VARISM IN KHADAM'S TRAIN, BECAME SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO GOVERNOR-GENERAL VAEZI--HIS PRINCIPAL LIAISON TO KHADAMI. HIS FUTURE UNDER GOVERNOR-GENERAL BAJNORDI IS UNCERTAIN.

--DR. SERAJ-UL WAIZI (NO RELATION TO THE GOV-GEN), A MULLAH, TEACHER OF RELIGION AND PHILOSOPHY IN THE ISFAHAN MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, A WELL-RESPECTED RELIGIOUS FIGURE WHO CHALLENGED TAHERI AND PREACHED AGAINST VIOLENCE, HAS BEEN ARRESTED, TRIED FOR "COLLABORATING WITH THE SHAH," SENTENCED TO FOUR YEARS IN PRISON, AND DEFROCKED. RUMOR HAS IT THAT FOURTEEN OTHER MULLAHS HAVE BEEN OR WILL BE SIMILARLY TREATED.

--AMIR AMANNULLAH DAREHSHUIE, MAJLES DEPUTY FROM SEMIRON, SON AND HEIR OF THE CHIEF OF THE DARESHUIE BRANCH OF THE QASHQAIE TRIBE, IS MISSING AND BEING SOUGHT, ALONG WITH ALL OTHER FORMER MAJLES DEPUTIES, BUT NOT VERY HARD. HE IS IN SEMIRON (ISFAHAN PROVINCE), AND WAS PRESENT LAST WEEK WHEN HIS FATHER HOSTED A FEAST FOR KHOSRU QASHQAIE, WHO WITH HIS BROTHER HEADS THE ENTIRE TRIBE, AND RETURNED FROM EXILE AT THE PEAK OF THE REVOLUTION.

--JAMSHID IRANPOUR, A FRIEND OF THE CONSULATE, CONTRACTOR AND IMPORTER, WHO HAD A FINGER IN EVERY PIE WITH GOOD REVOLUTIONARY AND SAVAK CONTACTS, WAS BEING SOUGHT AS A CIA AGENT. HE REMAINED IN THE U.S. UNTIL HE OBTAINED

A LETTER FROM AYATOLLAH KHADAMI, AND HAS NOW RETURNED TO ISFAHAN, WHERE HE IS A MEMBER OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

-- TINAT MILCHI, FORMER CONSULATE EMPLOYEE WHO LEFT TO WORK IN THE BHI SECURITY OFFICE, IS CURRENTLY BEING SOUGHT AS A CIA AGENT.

7. THE CONSULATE IN ISFAHAN, WITHOUT GUARDS SINCE I DE-PARTED, HAS BEEN ENTERED A NUMBER OF TIMES BY REVOLU-TIONARY POLICE. A NUMBER OF THINGS ARE DAMAGED OR MISSING, BUT NEITHER THE CONSULATE OR RESIDENCE HAVE BEEN RANSACKED. NAAS##

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US-IRAN

MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

PARTICIPANTS: Manfred Piechottka, Vice President,

J.A. Jones Construction Company

D. C. McGaffey, POL, Tehran

DATE & PLACE: May 16, 1979, American Embassy, Tehran

SUBJECT: Situation in Isfahan; J. A. Jones Commercial

Prospects; Shipping Problems

Mr. Piechottka, who knew me from Isfahan, requested an appointment to obtain advice on prospects in Isfahan. I had little new to offer him, but suggested he contact me on my return from Isfahan. J. A. Jones was the principal contractor for the helicopter co-production plant in Isfahan.

He stated that he had visited Isfahan three times, most recently last week. Each time, he had been held at gunpoint when visiting the plant site, and treated with extreme suspicion. He is attempting to obtain financial records to reach a final settlement with the PGOI, but states that all offices at the site were ransacked, making his search very difficult. The site is now guarded both by military and committee guards, with the committee having all authority. A Dr. Kohi (phon.) and an Eng. Nikoui are in charge of the plant site and the BHI housing compound in nearby Shahin Shahr. They are allowing him to remove all personal effects which had been packed and stored in the compound, but he states that everything left in homes or at the site has been taken. He also noted that J. A. Jones funds had been gathered into a single frozen account in Tehran, but were rapidly being depleted by Isfahan Court orders, on the instigation of the Isfahan Labor Office, in favor of individual workers' claims. Most of the claims are improper; according to Piechottka, and he has the documents to prove it, but he has never been notified of any court hearing.

Future Prospects

J. A. Jones had three projects in Iran-the Isfahan plant, a meat processing plant in Garmsar, near Tehran, and the Foreign Trade Bank Building (FTB) in Tehran,

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near the Embassy. Jones has been requested to resume work on the FTB, but both company and its employees are reluctant to return in any numbers until situation clarifies. The managers of the meat processing project are also eager to see work resume, but are unable to get any money from the Government. On the Isfahan plant, confusion reigns. Piechottka was asked by Deputy Prime Minister Amir Entezam if his company could help find some alternate use for the plant. He submitted two proposals, one for light industrial use (but ha saw this as unlikely) and one for another meat processing plant (which he saw as clearly feasible). After a long delay, Amir Entezam sent him to the Military Industrial Organization, where he submitted the proposals to the Director, Dr. Taherzadeh. Taherzadeh asked him to do further work, and bring them back. On his return, he found Dr. Taherzadeh (PGOI appointee) and an unknown mullah (supposedly a Khomeini appointee) fighting over which was supposed to be Director. Eventually he was informed that General Eftakhari had been appointed. He saw Eftakhari, who had no knowledge of any past discussions, and who asked him to submit more detailed proposals. He now hears that General Eftakhari is to be replaced. He states that Jones may not, now or ever, be willing to undertake this project, but he finds himself spending a great deal of time in the attitude of a supplicant on it.

Shipping Problems

Mr. Piechottka mentioned that, while he had gotten 95% of employees' household goods to Tehran, he was facing continuing difficulties in getting them shipped out. He stated that until April 15, he was paying 20 Rls. per kilo under the table to a Committee member at the airport, and his shipments were moving, but that it had now become difficult to find anyone to accept money. He states that the Iranian representative of another U.S. firm (which he declined to identify) had called his head office to request more money, citing this standard payoff to the Committee. The head office, who did not believe him, then called the Central Committee in Tehran, asking if this payoff was authorized. Immediately, the entire airport Committee was sacked, a number of charter cargo flights were cancelled, and the whole system snamled. He assumed it would straighten out as soon as a new payoff channel was established.

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Mr. Stompel

Excerpt from U.S. Department of State Press Briefing - May 21, 1979 Washington, D.C.

In response to a question, the Spokesman stated:

Since the Iranian Revolution we have been seeking to develop a sound relationship with the new Government. We will continue those efforts to the extent that the new Government wishes.

There was much in our past relationship with Iran that makes it difficult to establish new ties. We realize this and believe we should put the past behind us.

The basic friendship between the American and Iranian people is strong.

We share many important interests and we support the Revolution's objectives of freedom, justice and democratic institutions for the Iranian people. It will not be easy to achieve those objectives.

The country is still unsettled. But we wish the new Government well in its efforts to improve the lives of its citizens.

Observations on Contemporary Iran Prepared for Ambassador Walter L. Cutler and D.C.M. Allan Wendt

Marvin Zonis, University of Chicago May 25, 1979

The following is a list of observations of the current political situation in Iran which stresses apparently continuous themes in Iranian political life. While the present turmoil in Iran can be aptly characterized as revolutionary, it is a revolution which grows out of the peculiarities of Iranian history, politics, culture and personality.

- Ayatollah Khomeini and Shah Mohammad Reza Shah Pahlavi manifest much the same styles of political leadership. They can be characterized as banal, vapid, and authoritarian.
- 2. The Ayatollah insists on direct control of the same sectors of Iranian public life as did the Shah--security, mass media, foreign affairs, and oil revenues. The remainder of public life in Iran is left to the Government, e.g. economic development and planning, or to committees of clerics, e.g. new legislation.
- 3. During the entire period of intense revolutionary activities, say from the first riots in Qum on January 8, 1978, to the departure of the Shah on January 16, 1979, the Iranian revolutionaries used almost no violence to accomplish their ends. The last two hundred years of Iranian history manifest a similar pattern. Organized violence, widespread manifestations of violence, are shunned. Thus, for example, during the entire course of the 1905-1907 Constitutional Revolution almost no lives were lost. The Reza Khan coup of 1921 was similarly bloodless. The overthrow

of Mossadegh was accomplished with the use of force but with little violence.

The use of massive violence by the regime against the people first displayed in the June, 1963, riots and more harshly during 1978 were violations of this tradition. Several consequences follow:

- a) There is added impetus to the desire for vengeance on the part of Khomeini and his followers against the old regime. There certainly has been a tradition of individual cruelty in Iran. That tradition is fortified by the rage over the use of violence by the regime.
- b) The failure of the Revolution to achieve power through the use of violence has left the new regime without the physical means of confronting and defeating its internal opponents. No monopoly of physical force exists and the likelihood of its acquisition seems slight for the for the foreseeable future.
- c) On the other hand, the lessons of history (as tenuous as they may be) suggest that civil war is a distant possibility. The Iranian people are most reluctant to take to arms and with all the ensuing bloody consequences.
- 4. By no means, however, should it be assumed that the rage so manifest during the Revolution has been spent. To the contrary the anger which served to unite the people against the regime and its supporters, including the United States, is still prevalent and can be expected to be expressed in a variety of forms in coming months.
- 5. One form which the anger manifests is xenophobia. Iranians have always had an ambivalent relationship to foreigners--ready to borrow and imitate while, nonetheless, insisting on maintaining the "purity" of Iranian culture. The last years of Iranian development have been especially

hard on that "purity" and a renewed sense of the fragility of Iranian cultural authenticity has been experienced. In many ways, the Revolution can be usefully understood not primarily as a religious phenomenon but as a strident assertion of Iranian cultural identity.

- 6. While the Revolution may not have, in essentials, been religious, it has been captured, clearly, by the religious institutions and clerics loyal to Ayatollah Khomeini. These groups are pushing the country in a direction which they have identified as fundamentally Islamic, in the process repealing much of the progressive legislation enacted in the last decade. In the process these new rulers have alienated or offended virtually the entire middle and upper classes—the westernized, secularized, educated strata of Iran.
- 7. Included in these groups are the major entrepreneurs of Iran. Their alienation and the current instability of the political order have contributed to the prolonged decimation of the Iranian economy with little likelihood for a resumption in economic activity from the private sector. Massive unemployment and growing economic hardships are widespread with consequent possibilities for additional political unrest.
- 8. On the other hand, the likelihood that the Government itself will be successful in renewing economic activities is most limited given the bureaucratic and political chaos. In addition, the traditionally cumbersome, wasteful, venal, and incompetent bureaucracies present no comfortable fallback position for the resumption of economic activities.
- 9. As a result, Iran will be more dependent than ever on oil revenues to maintain political stability. Pressure to increase the international price of petroleum will be intense. To the extent that the prices rise steadily, production need not be increased but should the rate of price

increase slacken, greater pressures to increase output will be experienced. The result will be to increase political difficulties with the oil workers and confront the regime all the more quickly with the need for foreign technicians to service the fields.

10. Difficulties in reconstituting the armed forces as an effective security force will thus become all the more challenging. All signs point to the need to add increased application of force to the charisma of Ayatollah Khomeini in order to control what is likely to be greater political chaos.

O Montagori O Talighani O Shanat Madane (Jol lose soon a ethnic)

RELIGION AND PROGRESS IN IRAN

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Briefing Paper, Department of State Colloquium on Iran: May 25, 1979

- I. Introduction: Islamic Republic as Challenge to Modernization Theory.
- II. Iran, Model or Unique? -- Fundamentalism: Reaction and Redefinition.
- III. Revolutionary Process and the Roles of the Ulama.

3

INTRODUCTION: ISLAMIC REPUBLIC AS CHALLENGE TO MODERNIZATION THEORY Post Mortem on the 1960s and 1970s.

Iran has been a major test case for modernization theory throughout the 1960s and 1970s. It was the case where the constraint of capital was theoretically removed, and therefore the case where transformation from the third world into the first world was expected to be most feasible. Unlike most other oil producers, it had the population to absorb the oil revenues, to man an industrial economy, and to provide a domestic market. What went wrong can be divided into three general categories, of which this paper will focus on the third.

(1) Problems of Coordination. To produce a modern industrial society one needs to balance growth in agriculture and industry so that the industrial labor force provides a market for agriculture, and the rural population is sufficiently affluent to provide a market for industry. Secondly, for a modern technological society, one needs an educational system of both academic and vocational parts, which can supply managers, agronomists, skilled labor, as well as research development. Thirdly, the improvement of public sanitation and nutrition classically produces a population explosion, which requires both education and job development to absorb a young and volatile population. Iran did not score well on any of these problems, in part for reasons which have to do with the second and more basic set of problems.

To cite just a few rough indices: While population increased at 3.2% per year, and food consumption at something like 10% per year, agricultural productivity ran at about 2.5% or less in the mid-70s, and food had to be

imported at the rate of over \$1.5 billion per year. Imports in general ran at well over \$15 billion, while non-oil exports were only half a billion dollars worth. According to the 1966 census, high school graduates had a more severe unemployment rate than did the illiterates; and in 1976, some 300,000 persons competed for 30,000 places in the domestic universities.

(2) Problems of the nature of the state, exacerbated by oil revenues and military spending. A classic dilemma in directed social change is the balance between directing think from the top in order to speed change, and stimulating local level initiative so that change will be self-sustaining and deeply rooted. Not only did Iran err on the side of central control through the over-elaboration of bureaucracy and dictatorial controls, but the funnelling of oil revenues to the government helped separate the government from its citizenry; that is, the government was made independent of the interests of its citizenry, and relatively immune to pressure through financial contributions from below. The oil industry generated relatively little direct employment or multiplier effect for domestic industrial development. The revenues were spent in a way which generated a widening of class inequalities, especially through the agricultural and industrial strategies of supporting large-scale investors and not small scale ones. The Khuzistan development project is a major example: four agro-businesses were given enormous tracts of land which they proved incapable of developing properly, while 38,000 peasant families were thrown off the land. (Capitalist relations were thus introduced, but hardly in an efficient manner.) The military build up of the state, and the subordination of domestic development to the role of regional protector of oil for the industrial world exacerbated the separation of the state from its citizenry.

In addition there were two kinds of tactical mistakes. The increased revenues from the 1973 oil price increases were mismanaged, causing high rates of inflation, so that high labor costs priced Iranian industrial production out of international competition, and so that agricultural production experienced price disincentives (food was imported and sold at subsidized prices, while prices to domestic producers were not sufficiently raised), and the recessionary policies of the Amuzegar government (1977), which were intended to damp the inflation, caused unemployment and hardship among especially the urban migrants drawn to the city during the previous construction boom. Secondly, an opportunity was missed during the summer of 1978 to transform the monarchy into a constitutional monarchy, thereby finessing the "bourgeois revolution".

(3) Ideological Response. Concurrent with these severe socio-economic strains, the expansion of a volatile young population, and the tightening of the dictatorship between 1972 and 1977 (symbolized by the abortive and much resented Rastakhiz Party introduced in 1975), was the reinvigoration of Islam as a powerful anti-dictatorial and anti-imperialist ideology. It is this aspect which will be given attention in this paper.

Islamic Republic in the 1980s: Iran as Model

Iran in the 1980s will continue to be a major test case, this time for the ferment in the Islamic world from the Atlantic to the Philippines, and from Indonesia to the Soviet Union. The terms of the test case will be what happens under conditions of demographic explosion and economic strain of peoples feeling themselves oppressed by outside European (or world economy forces), and using Islamic ideologies as a vehicle of righting injustice. Part of what is at issue is the reconstruction and construction of a "meaningful world", a world in which

people do not feel themselves devalued by an alien culture, in which they can feel a sense of continuity with their past as a basis for building a future, and in which they can feel proud of their identity. It is not merely Islam which is at issue, but various ethnic and linguistic identities as well.

The Soviet Union is a possible parallel case, with its Islamic and non-Slavic populations increasing more rapidly than the Russian population, with the army being increasingly non-Slavic, with the decay of Russification attempts (less people in Central Asia speak Russian less well), and with the taking hold of nationalist ideologies, all under continued economic stress. Other examples more completely in the Islamic world come to mind readily: e.g., Turkey and Pakistan.

II

IRAN, MODEL OR UNIQUE -- FUNDAMENTALISM: REACTION AND REDEFINITION.

The press has floated the idea that the winds of fundamentalist reaction are blowing across the entire Islamic world. There are elements of truth in this, but three things must be distinguished and explored: the degree to which the events in Iran affect other countries; the context of current events within the national history of Iran; the degree to which Islam is a flexible idiom or language, that is, the degree to which it is not a reflexive fundamentalism or nativistic hearkening to the past, but rather a culturally sensitive vehicle for progressive ideas.

Regional and Global Factors

(1) Simultaneity of Islamic Movements. The revolution in Iran comes at a time when there is turmoil in Turkey containing Islamic elements, there appears to be somewhat of a resurgence of the Muslim Brotherhood in Egypt, General Zia in

Pakistan has introduced a new and more strict legal code, the Taraki regime in Afghanistan is being opposed by Qadariyya and other Islamic elements, and Kuwait has responded to the events in Iran and the wider Islamic call by attempting to set up Islamic banking facilities.

Furthermore, there is an interesting difference in ideological climate between the 1970s and the 1930s. It is no longer as feasible as it was in the 1930s to speak openly as an aetheist or to speak of Islam as keeping the Islamic world backwards. This is not the era of such figures as Attaturk in Turkey, Taha Husain in Egypt, or Kasravi in Iran. This shift in ideological climate has three roots: (a) sophistication: the recognition that it is not possible for men to live without meaningful connections to their traditions and past; (b) tactics: to mobilize the masses you need to use religion; (c) response to dictatorial forms: the suppression of open political discourse forces religious idiom to become an umbrella idiom for a variety of interest groups.

(2) <u>Demonstration Effects vs Actual Contact and Influence</u>. Simultaneity does not prove that currents in different countries, are connected. There are, however. clear demonstration effects. Just as Attaturk provided a model for Reza Shah in Iran and Amanullahi in Afghanistan in the 1920s, so today Iran has the potential if it succeeds in establishing a humane and modern Islamic republic in reenergizing Islamic movements elsewhere, in a way which Pakistan, Saudi Arabia and Libya have failed to do. The old ideological split between Shiite Muslims and Sunni Muslims is downplayed by segments of the Iranian revolution, especially the followers of the late Dr. Ali Shariati. Shariati studied in Paris and seems to have absorbed ideas from liberal Sunni Muslims, and certainly from the Algerian writer Fanon. Despite the contacts with Libya and the breaking of diplomatic relations with Egypt, the old Shiite-Sunni split seems to provide a strong

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a continuing contradiction within ostensive cooperation with Sunni Muslim groups. There is a similar contradiction in the tactical cooperation with the PLO: on the Iranian side there is traditionally little interest or sympathy for Arab causes or affairs; on the PLO side there is concern with the reactionary step of alliance with a religious force by a movement that aspires to be secular socialist.

More obvious places to look for direct effects are in Shiite populations living outside Iran: in southern Iraq, in eastern Saudi Arabia, in Kuwait, in Bahrain, and in Lebanon. The renewed Syria-Iraq alliance and the exclusion of communists from the Baathist coalition in Iraq would seem to be a defensive move (both because Shiites are represented among Iraqi communists, and perhaps as a Syrian move to strengthen positioning vis-a-vis any PLO leverage from Iran). Since the Aramco employees are heavily Shiite, stirrings for more say in the Saudi system may well be a cause for concern in that country. Musa Sadr, the son of one of the supreme mojtaheds of Qum in the 1930s, went from southern Iraq to rally the poor Shiites of southern Lebanon during the civil war; his disappearance after a visit to Libya (presumably to account for funds supplied him) is a continuing source of friction between Iran and Libya. Despite complaints by the Afghan government, there appears to be no direct Iranian aid to Shiite rebels around Herat; however, there is interest and concern in Iran for their fate, expressed publically by Ayatullah Shariatmadari. In Kuwait there were apparently disturbances at the time of Khomeini's return to Iran; and Khomeini apparently received a delegation from Kuwait coldly, reminding them that they had refused him sanctuary when Iraq deported him.

Iran-Specific Factors.

(1) Shiism. Part of the traditional self-definition of Shiism has been through contrasts with Sunni Islam. This has partially been a nationalist process of Iranian identity, but it has rich and multifaceted symbolic implications. When Dr. Ali Shariati first returned from France and wished to play up Islam's progressive potentials, he tried to play down the Sunni-Shiite split and tried to argue that Islam had democratic traditions citing the election of the first four caliphs; he was immediately contradicted by the religious scholars, who insisted that election of the first four caliphs was illegitimate, and that Sunnis had caused the death of many Shiite martyrs. In the revolutionary process of 1977-79, after the victory over the Shah, ethnic divisions finally began to surface: Kurds, most vocally, followed by Arabs, Turkomen and Baluch began to demand not only linguistic and administrative semi-autonomy, but voiced strong concern about their position as Sunnis within a Shiite state. Quite interestingly, the largest ethnic minority, and the minority most vocal under the Pahlavis against the suppression of non-Persian languages in schools and as a literary medium-the Azaris--have remained relatively quiet: they are Shiite.

Shiism has differed somewhat institutionally from Sunni Islam. The Shiite clergy are proud of having remained the only body of ulama in the Islamic world independent of the state. Their seats of power tended not to be in the state capitals, and often were outside the state (in southern Iraq). They not only administered religious trusts, but collected religious tithes, giving them a financial base independent of the state. There was, however, a price for this independence, pointed out in 1962 by the recently assasinated Morteza Motaheri: there was often a conservative drag exerted upon their leadership by their constituency. Motaheri pointed to efforts in the 1930s by the religious leadership to send students to Europe to learn European languages so as to better defend

Islam; these efforts were blocked by delegations of merchants who threatened to cut off their financial contributions, should these students be so carelessly sent out into the corrupting world of the unbelievers.

This influence by interest groups on what the spokesmen for Islam say on various issues needs exploration (see Pt. III).

(2) The Unfinished Bourgeois Revolution. The events of 1977-79 cannot be understood unless seen as a continuation of the 1905 constitutional revolution, the 1952 nationalist movement, and the 1963 insurrection against the dictatorially imposed White Revolution. All of these previous attempts to replace authoritarian monarchy included an alliance between the secular liberals and religious leaders. In 1905 and 1952 the secular reformers provided the intellectual leadership; the reason in 1977-79 the clergy seized the leadership is traceable to the success of the Pahlavi monarchy in suppressing open political discourse. Islam became the language of underground politics, and served as an umbrella for many different interests.

One of the potential tragedies of 1978 is that instead of nudging the Shah into abdication or the declaration of a constitutional monarchy, thereby effecting a peaceful transfer of power to the professional and bourgeois classes seeking political participation, the revolutionary process may cause the flight of these classes, and force Iran into a more regimented, and party-organized regime, of perhaps an East European organizational form, if not communist in ideology.

It is the placing of Islam in the context of this long political and revolutionary process which is the most revealing of the sociological dynamics at work. While there may well be similar sociological processes at work in other Islamic countries, the Iranian revolution defines itself in terms of its peculiar national history.

REVOLUTIONARY PROCESS AND THE ROLES OF THE ULAMA

Revolution as Process

In comparative terms, the Iranian revolution of 1977-79, fits the classic pattern outlined by Crane Brinton (Anatomy of Revolution) for the English, French, American, and Russian revolutions. In all these cases the economic and political causes were not those of absolute suffering (as the Confederation of Iranian Student literature throughout the 1960s proclaimed), but rather of societies which had enjoyed a period of prosperity and rising standards of living, followed by a depression, and in which governments in financial difficulties (the overcommitment of the oil revenues so that Iran became a capital borrower by 1975; and more importantly the inflation and imbalance between military spending and managing the domestic economy) attempted to extract revenue or contributions from leading sectors of the society who refused (the attempts at lowering bazaar prices, the exactions from entrepreneurs, the squeezing of the peasantry off the land). Secondly, equally important to the economic cramping, was an ideological stance of being morally outraged by the demands of the government, which mobilized the population and demoralized government forces. In Iran Shiism provided this moral force. In all these cases, the first phase of the revolution proceeded easily suprising even the revolutionaries (getting rid of the shah). There then followed a Terror, dual sovereignty (public government and a behind-the-scenes government), and a difficult period of economic recovery (Thermidor). The Iranian revolution is in its phase of terror and dual sovereignty.

In more Iran-specific terms, the causes and form of the 1977-79 revolution are analysed in the attached appendix. I will simply add here some additional notes.

Class-Linked Divisions within Islam.

Three styles of religious discourse are identified and discussed in the appendix:

- (a) village and working class communities: communal activity oriented, less intellectual. Use of rauzeh (preachment) as a means of articulation with the discourse of the clergy.
- (b) traditionally educated, urban middle class: merchants, old style landowners, and the ulama themselves. Use of religious discussion meetings (hey'at-e mazhabi) and in the case of the ulama an elaborate scholastic system of debate.
- (c) new middle and upper classes with modern secular education: more individualistic, internalized and privatized religion. Reformers such as the late Dr. Ali Shariati and Engineer Mehdi Bazargan provided the articulation with the discourse of the ulama.

It was pointed out that during the course of the revolution, the tools of the popular religion were effective mobilization devices, but that in the current phase of the revolution the articulation between the discourse of (b) and (c) is critical.

Indeed, it is possible that by focussing on this articulation and its difficulties, one can see an emerging shift in the relative political strength of the class constituencies of the clergy from the landowners of the 1950s and the bazaar bourgeoisie in the 1960s to the modern middle classes in the 1970s.

One can argue that at least until 1978, the ulama's claims that Islam had rules for all aspects of life was but an expressive, generalized stance providing few positive alternative programs to those of the government. The ulama saw themselves as guardians of social morality, as social critics, not as

planners. Nonetheless, on occasion the ulama took specific stands, for instance, against land reform in the early 1960s on the grounds that it would hurt small landowners (Ayatullah Milani), religious endowments (Ayatullah Behbehani), or the bazaar through competition with the proposed agricultural cooperative societies (Ayatuallah Khomeini). In his study of the 1963 opposition to the White Revolution, Ahmad Ashraf (1971) divides the ulama into spokesmen for the landowners and spokesmen for the bazaar bourgeoisie. In the former group, he lists Borujerdi, Behbehani, Khonsari, Tonekabuni, and Amuli; in the latter group, Khomeini, Milani, and Shariatmadari. The second group, Ashraf argues, "never attacked the government on the issue of land reform" but only on the dictatorial methods of the shah; he cites in support the call in the clandestine tract of the Council of United Muslims: "The estates and wealth of the majority of the ruling class have been acquired through illegitimate means. Thus, after vigorous investigation their wealth should be confiscated and the shares of public factories should not be transferred to the landowners /as compensation for land reform 7."

The complaints against dictatorship, the feelings against forced changes in male-female relationships, the slogans of right to private property and right to earn an honest living in trade transcended particular land- or bazaar-linked interests. The middle class' desire for political participation and a stable commercial environment not subject to capricious shifts in policy and bribery requirements found expression through these same complaints voiced by the ulama.

If today, Khomeini still seems to represent an older terminology and constellation of interests -- his position on women might be an index here -- other leaders such as Shariatmadari and Taleghani seem to speak out more clearly for interests of the bazaar bourgeoisie, the modern commercial classes, and the white collar professionals. The latter two have their own spokesmen, both secular

and religious: Mehdi Bazargan, the late Dr. Ali Shariati, a large group of younger men, as well as the secular National Front. It is in this ideological space that the revolution is being worked out.

The key figure perhaps is Shariati, for it is he who seems to have set the terms of the idea that Islam and modernity can go together. It is thanks to him, for instance, that Ayatullah Khomeini is accorded the title "Imam". This is perhaps an illustrative, if minor, example. According to the followers of Shariati, an Imam is a charismatic figure who arises out of the people and expresses the general will. For Shariati himself, this was in the 1960s and early 1970s merely a translation of the traditional theological term, Imam, into the Weberian sociological category "charismatic leader". For the revolutionaries of 1977-79, however, a problematic logic allows them to apply the title Imam to Khomeini: he arose out of the people and expresses their will. How far infallible knowledge, an attribute of the theological Imam, is to be accorded Khomeini remains to be seen. Khomeini, himself, while never denying the title Imam has his official portraits carefully captioned, "Nayeb-e Imam" (aide to the Imam, a title which was used in the 19th century as well). Not all Iranians are happy with this revolutionary translation: to many calling Khomeini "Imam" is close to blasphemy: he is not the twelfth Imam.

Khomeini's authority is thus in dispute, and the authority of other ulama currently manning the revolutionary committees is equally or more so: thus the oil workers or the Forghan guerilla group who explicitly tag the ulama with Shariati's denigrating tag "bearers of Safavid / i.e. corrupt / Islam". Until and even during the revolutionary year of 1978, secular middle class or free-thinking Muslims could ally themselves with Shariati by stressing his emphasis on thinking for oneself in contrast to the notion of taglid. But the ulama also claim that every Muslim should think for-himself (and that if he does so he will

find himself in agreement with what the clergy say), and there are some clearly non liberal strands in Shariati as well:

Does man naturally turn towards justice? No. Man is fifts an animal and then a person . . . The verse I cited /We send our Prophets with signs and miracles, a book and scales of justice/is followed by "and we created iron", that is, the sword. Justice without the sword is impossible. Justice and freedom must be forced on people. Islam eased this by basing itself 90% on belief and 10% on force" / 1971 /.

Indeed the Shariati of the 1960s and early 1970s was a study in attempting to talk to two constituencies at the same time and constantly falling between them. the traditional clergy and the youth with secular educations. Over time his formulations were adjusted more and more to be in accord with formulations of the ulama, while still pressing for making Islam compatible with the modern world. There was little pressure from the secular side, and so Shariati did not perform as much of a bridge with the non-traditional world as would have been desirable. This is perhaps one of the sources of vagueness of the present revolutionaries about their program: few of them ever truly grappled with policy formulation.

Shariatmadari is a second kind of key leader. Newspapers have identified him as a "moderate" relative to Khomeini. Sociologically more accurate perhaps would be a view of him as a pragmatist who accommodates himself to the needs of his constituencies. After all, since 1963, while Khomeini took the strategy of speaking out stridently and going into exile for his statements, Shariatmadari pursued the strategy of playing the good shepherd within the country. He thus has said that women who have never veiled in their lives should not be forced to start doing so no, that banks are necessary to Iran and that international banking interest rates are acceptable, that various interests should be allowed political participation and that there should not be a single party in support of Khomeini, that trials should be public and the accused should have rights to an open defence.

Taleghani is perhaps a figure of similar type as Shariatmadari, although neither of the same rank nor function. Taleghani has the reputation of being a liberal and of providing protection within the religious community for the left. The Shariatmadari style is presumably the style of most of the major provincial ayatullahs who were established in their communities and who maintained genuine support, e.g. the Mahallatis in Shiraz (father and son).

One would like to know more about the non-clergy actors who are trying to formulate policy options: e.g. Bani-Sadr, the director of the central bank, and a "radical" economist; the strategies available to Mehdi Bazargan; Matin-Daftari, whose faction of the National Front issued a twelve point program including calls for wealth redistribution and land reform.

There is a kind of contradiction perhaps in the programs of the National Front in that they can be impugned by competitors as the efforts of the upper class to maintain as much position as possible. In that ideological sense, people within the religious camp such as Bani-Sadr and Mehdi Bazargan have an edge as long as they can claim significant clerical backing. On the other hand, one wonders if the whole social development of Iran over the last sixty years has not seen a shift in the class basis of society towards one which is professional and middle class dominated, and therefore one that could well respond to National Front type leadership. Flight of the middle class from Iran, and the apparent (admirable) ability of at least parts of the industrial labor force (e.g. in the oil fields) to engage in union and cooperative style politics may well affect the kind of political structure which can be established.

All of these factions, it should be clear, can call on Islam. It is a rich language capable of many kinds of statements.

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1. (C - ENTIPE ITAT)

2. SUMMARY: AS OF 1130 LOCAL TIME LARGE CROWD OF DEMONSTRATORS WAS ENCAMPED IN STRETTS ONTWO SIDE OF EMBASSY COMPOUND. SPECHES, WELLE CONDEMNING PRESIDENT, USG AND SENATOR JAVITS, SAVE NOT BEEN PARTICULARLY INSTAMATORY. INDEED, SPEAKERS HAVE FRETRALLY MADE CLEAR DISTINCTION BETWEEN THE OBJECT OF THEIR PROPERTY (MAY 17 SENATE RESOLUTION) AND AMERICAN PEOPLE. MIXED STAFF HE SOLUTION SET SENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE SENT OF TH

S. DPMONSTRATCRS BUGAN FORMING UP IN FRONT OF THE

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45 MINUTES THE CRO'D HAD SWELLED TO ABOUT 3,000.

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AND SPEECES BEGAN. APPEALS WERE MADE TO DEMONSTRATORS

47 SPEAKERS NOT TO BURN ANYTHING AND POLICE ENDRATORED TO

48 THEM TO SIT DOWN IN STRET WHILETHEY EISTENED TO SPEECHES.

212 CROWD WAS STEADLLY AUGMENTED UNTIL BY 1635 BOTH ROOSEVELT

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21 WERE COMPLETELY FILLED FOR SEVERAL BLOCKS. EXACT

22 THAT OF CROWD'S SIZE DIFFICULT FROM OUR VANTAGE POINT,

BUT IT APPEARS TO BE CONSIDERABLY LARGER THEN YESTERDAY'S

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15 INCIDENT. SPEAKERS HAVE URGED DEMONSTRATORS NOTTO DO ANY—
17 INC PROVOCATIVE SINCE IRANIAN NATION HAS NOTHING AGAINST
18 AMERICAN PEOFLE. CHANTS HAVE INCLUDED SUCH THINGS AS
18 AH TO CARTER AND ISRAEL, VICTORI TO ISLAM AND PALESTINE,
AMD ISRAEL AND AMERICA ARE NOTHING. SEVERAL EFFICIES OF CARTER
AND BEGIN HAVE BEEN SPOTTED, AS WELL AS A PALESTINIAN PLAG
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TEE CROWD MAINTAINED A RESPECTFUL SILENCE. CHANTS HAVE SINCE
RESUMMED.

C. OUR SECURITY FORCES, WHILE TRATERNIZING WITH THE CROWD ON THE OUTSIDE, HAVE DON'S A CREDITABLE JOB SO FAR.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE MOJAHEDIN IRREGULARS, MASHALLAR AVERSIAMI, HAS WORKED HARD TO PREVENT RECURRANCE OF THE KIND OF THE COLUMN WHICH TOOK PLACE YESTERDAY WHEREIN SEVERAL MOJAMEDIA AVEREOF WHOM WERE FROM THE GROUP WHICH NORMALLY PROVIDES EMBASSY TRITY) LOWERED OUR FLAG AND PRESENTED TO THE DEMONSTRATORS.

SERRAL SEEMED TEMPTED ATO REPEAT THEIR PERFORMANCE, BUT MASHALLAR MOVED QUICKLY TO PREVENT ANY ATTEMPT TO BRING THE FLAG DOWN.

OUR MARINES ALSO TOOK THE PRECAUTION TO POT THE HALYARDS
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RUCHGU/AMEMBASSY ANKARA IMMEDIATE 6069

DUEBIA/USAMEMBASSY ANTERS IMMEDIATE 6069 RUERAD/USINT BAGEDAD IMMEDIATE 0005 RUFEOL/AMEMBASST BONS IMMEDIATE 0008 RUENEG/AMEMBASST CAIRO IMMEDIATE 0083 RUCMDH/AMCORSUL DRAHRAN IMMEDIATE 0008 RUCMOD/AMEMBASSY DORA IMMEDIATE 0078 RUFHFT/AMCONSUL FRANKFURT IMMEDIATE 0187 RUSBOD/AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD IMMEDIATE 9118 RUQMRA/AMEMBASST JIDDA IMMEDIATE 0101 RUSBLK/AMEMBASSY KABUL IMMEDIATE 0122 RUQMEM/AMEMBASSI KHARTOUN IMMEDIATE 0056 RUQMEW/AMEMBASSI KUVAIT IMMEDIATE 0083 BUDTC/AMEMBASSY LONDON IMMEDIATE 0144 RUQMAM/AMEMBASSY MANAMA IMMEDIATE 0070 RUEHMO/AMEMBASSY MOSCOW IMMEDIATE 0105 RUSBAR/AMEHRASSY NEW DELET IMMEDIATE 0088 RUFNPS/AMEMBASSI PARIS IMMEDIATE 0120 RUMMPG/AMEMBASSI BEIJING IMMEDIATE 0062 RUDKBT/AMEMBASSI RABAT IMMEDIATE 0072 RUQMYA/USLO RIYADH IMMEDIATE 0463 RUFERO/AMEMBASSY ROME EMMEDIATE 0099 RUEHKO/AMEMBASSY TOKYO IMMEDIATE 0072 RUSNAAA/USCINCEUR VAIHINGEN GE IMMEDIATE RUHQHQA/CINCPAC HONOLULU HI IMMEDIATE RUFESEH/USDOCOSQUTH NAPLES IT IMMEDIATE BT CONFIDENTIAL TERRAN Ø5448

TEHRAN 5448

CLASS: CONFIDENTIAL
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APPRV: CHG:NAAS
DRFTD: POL:TOMSETH
CLEAR: NONE
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E.O. 12865: GDS 5/25/85 (ZOMSTTH, VL) OR-P TAGS: PORS, ASEC, PINT, IR SUBJ. ANTI-U.S. DEMONSTRATION MAY 25: SITREP AS OF 1330 LOCAL TIME

1. LC - ENTIRE TEXT: REPORTING MESSAGE)

2. DEMONSTRATORS BEGAN TO DISPERSE FOLLOWING FINAL HALF HOUR OF HARANGUING AND SLOGAMERING DURING WHICH TENSIONS AMONG PARTICIPANTS APPEARED TO INCREASE MARKEDLY. AS DEMONSTRATORS BEGAN SLOWLY TO DRIFT AWAY, AT LEAST ONE GROUP, WHICH WAS DESCRIBED BY OUR MOJAMEDIN SECURITY FORCE AS COMMUNIST WAS DESCRIBED BY OUR MOJAMEDIN SECURITY FORCE AS COMMUNIST AND WHICH MAY HAVE FERN MADE UP. OF MARKIST PEDAYIN-E-KHALQ AND THEIR SUPPORTERS, ATTEMPTED TO MARCH EAST ALONG TAKHTE JANGUID AVENUE AGAINST THE FLOW OF THE DISPERSING DEMONSTRATORED, BEGINNING ABOUT 1230 THIS GROUP AND PRHAPS OTHERS STATTED SCUFFLING WITH ONE ANOTHER. AFTER SEVERAL MINUTES OF TOING AND FROIRG ALONG THE STREET AND CONSIDERABLE SHOUTING OUR MOJAHEDIN FORCE FIRED APPROXIMATELY SEVEN SHOTS IN THE AIR AND SOON THEREAFTER THE CROWD MELTED AWAY. FYI: WE HAD

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TEHRAN 5443

HEARD EARLIER IN THE MORNING THAT A GROUP OF LEFTISTS AT THE THRANLUNIVERSITY CAMPUS WAS BEING PREVENTED FROM MARCHING ON THE EMBASSY, BUT WE CANNOT CONFIRM THE ACCURACY OF THIS REPORT. END FIL. OUR UNOFFICIAL ESTIMATE OF THE CHOWD SIZE IS WELL OVER 1509,090. PRAILLY, WE HAVE HEARD REPORTS THAT WE MAY HAVE YET ANOTHER DEMONSTRATION TOMORROW, THIS TIME BY THE AIR FORCE HOMOFARS.

3. AREA AROUND EMBASSY IS NOW QUIET. NAAS

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TEHRAN 5448

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-.U. 18266: 335 5/28/85 (TOMSETE, V.L.: 33-P

TAGS: POIS. ADEC. PINT. IR

SIBJ: AMPI-J..S. DEMONSTRATIONS MAYOS AND TO: SITTED AS OF 1188 LOCAL TIME MAY 26

· F: CEFRIA 5448

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1. C - SMTIRE TEXT: AMPORT MESSAGE.

. FULLOTING DISPERSAL OF THERM CARRIES COURTED RABBES VIOLENCE OF DEMONSOR OF THE COURTER COURTED STRUCTURE OF THE COURTED STRUCTURE OF THE COURTED SOME OF THE COURTE PROBLEM CAN TAKE THE PROPERTY 1,028 CARRIES OFFICE ACCREVELT TO SATE AT THEIR FLORE TOP AGENT TO ALBUTE THEIR FLORE FOR A SOUTH TO ALBUTE THEY STORED.

THE WAS A MISTISE OF MFS, NOWN AND YOUNG CHILDREN. SZYEBAL CARRIES POSSESS OF SECONDARY AND ARREST.

*. MARKIST FRUTIN-K-KHALO, POTEPOS VOM DROING 15,000 STRONG.

LID AGED WALLY YESTERDAY AND ATTURETURE TO MAKER ON EMPLICATION OF THE COMPRESSIONS OF ISTAIN A FUNK WERE PROTECTED FROM REQUESTED THE COMPRESSION BY ISTAIN CONCRET.

A. TEMPOSTRATION OF AIR FORDS HOMOFARD TREDSTRULT SCREQUES: FOR 1400 THIS AFTERNION NOW LODGE HOSTAGE.

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RUSRO/AMEMBASST ISIA-ARBAD IMMSDIATE 0112
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RUSBLK/AMEMBASST KEARTOUM IMMSDIATE 0024
RUGMKW/AMEMBASST KEARTOUM IMMSDIATE 0065
BUGMKW/AMEMBASST KUWATT IMMEDIATE 0065 BUGMEN/AMEMBASSY KURAIT IMMEDIATE 0085
RUDTO/AMEMBASSY LONDON IMMEDIATE 0146
RUGMA/AMEMBASSY MANAMA IMMEDIATE 0072
BUBMO/AMEMBASSY MOSCOW IMMEDIATE 0107
RUSBAE/AMEMBASSY NEW DELHI IMMEDIATE 0090
RUTMBS/AMEMBASSY FARIS IMMEDIATE 0012
BUMJPG/AMEMBASSY BEIJING IMMEDIATE 0064
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RUFERO/AMEMBASSI TOKYO IMMEDIATE 0074
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RUFEROA/CINCPAC BONOLULU HI IMMEDIATE

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E.O 12868: ODS TOWSTH, V.L.) OR-P TAGS: PORS, ASEC: JENT, IR SUBJECT: ANTI-ULE DEMONSTRATION MAY 26: SITREP AS OF 1788 LOCAL TIME

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT; REPORTING MESSAGE)

2. CROWD ESTIMATED AT APPROXIMATELY 1,000 STRONG, PROMINENT AMONG WHOM WERE AIR FORCEHOMOFARS INCLUDING A NUMBER WHO PRIVIOUSLY HAD BEEN PART OF RHBASSY SECURITY FORCY, GATHERED AT ROSEVELY AVENUE GATE OF EMBASSY COMPOUNT. CHAPT WAS DESCIPLINED AND SAT QUIETLY LISTENING TO
ARTI-MERICAN, ANTI-SEMATE, AND ANTI-SIONIST SPEECHES.
"AT APPROXIMATELY 1836 CROWD BEGAN TO BREAK UP WHEN A
SIME, SHOT WAS HEARD. THRES APPARATILY WAS AN ACCIDEPAL DISCHARGE FROM A WEASON OF A MEMBER OF OUR OWN SECURITY
FORCE, BUT THINKING THAT IT MIGHT HAVE COME FROM OUTSIDE,
SELECT AND THE SAMONE OFF PROTECTORS FIRED OFF. ROUT A
DOZEN SHOTS TO DIFFERE THE BEHAINING DEMONSTRATORS..
THEY ALSO TOOK SIX "COMMUNISTS" INTO CUSTODY FOR QUESTIONING.

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TREPAN 5458

PPRIMPTER AROUND COMPOUND HOW QUIET AND TRAFFICE IF FLOWING NORMALLY ALONG TAKETE JAMSHID AND ROOSEVELT AVENUPS. MAAS

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TERRAN 5458

BE RUQMER #5492/#1 147 *** 8 271258Z MAY 79 IM AMEMBASSY TEHRAN TO RUEEC/SECSTATE WASHED IMMEDIATE 1676 INFO RUMMBI/AMEMBASSY ABU DHABI PRIORITY 6688 RUMMGU/AMEMBASSY ANKARA PRIORITY 6695 RUEHAD/USINT BAGHDAD PRIORITY 6109 RUMJEC/AMEMBASST BEIJING PRIORITY 4665 RUFHOL/AMEMBASST BONN PRIORITY 4161 RUEHEG/AMEMBASST CAIRO PRIORITY 4987 RUGMDE/AMCONSUL DHAHRAN IMMEDIATE 8873 RUGMOD/AMEMBASSY DOHA PRIORITY 8675 RUTHPT /AMCONSUL PRANKFURT PRIORITY #19# RUSHED/AMEMBASSY ISLAMBAD PRIORITY #115 RUGMRA/AMEMBASSY ISLAMBAD PRIORITY #115 RUGMRA/AMEMBASSY KABUL PRIORITY #125 RUGMEN/AMEMBASSY KABUL PRIORITY #125 RUGMEN/AMEMBASSY KUNAIT PRIORITY ##59 RUGMEN/AMEMBASSY KUNAIT PRIORITY ##59 RUBTC/AMEMBASSY LONDON PRIORITY #151 RUGMAM/AMEMBASST MANAMA PRIORITY #973 RUEHMG/AMEMBASST MOSCOV PRIORITY #110 RUSBAE/AMEMBASSY NEW DELHI PRIORITY 9091 RUTHPS/AMEMBASST PARIS PRIORITY 0126 RUDKBT/AMEMBASST RABAT PRIORITY 0075 RUOMTA/USLO RIVADE IMMEDIATE 8866 RUFARO/AMEMBASST ROME PRIORITY 6891 RUBAKO/AMEMBASST TOKYO PRIORITY 6875 RUSNAAA/USCINCEUR VAIHINGEN GE PRIORITY RUMQMQA/CINCPAC HONOLULU HI PRIORITY RUFRSHE/US DOCOSOUTH NAPLES IT PRIORITY BT CONFIDENTIAL SECTION 01 OF

CLASS: CONFIDENTIAL CHRGE: STATE 5/27/79 APPRV: CHG:CWNAAS DRFTD: POL:JDSTEMPEL:M CLEAR: POL:VLTOMSETE

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E.O. 12865: GDS 5/27/89 (STEMPEL, JOHN D.) OR-P

TAGS: PINT, PGOV. IR SUBJECT: BETERIORATION OF POLITICAL CLIMATE

REF: (A) TREBAN 5428 (NOTAL), (B) TERRAN 5442 (NOTAL), (C) TERRAN 5447

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT: REPORTING CABLE.)

2. SUMMART: KROMBINI ATTACKS OTHER POLITICAL GROUPS, CALLS FOR CONSTITUTION SOON. CONSTITUTIONAL RATIFICATION MAY NOT INTOLYE ELECTION. GROUPS' REACTION TO KROMBINI INITIATIVES HAS BEEN NEGATIVE OF MIXED. KHALKHALI TO HEAD ISLAMIC FEDAJEEN. END SUMMARY.
3. CONSTITUTIONAL PROCESS HAS BEEN BUBBLING ALONG ON LOW

INITIALITY HAS HAS SERVICED IN THAMES. READERED TO HEAD INITIALITY HAS BEEN BUBBLING ALONG ON LOW EURNER FOR SOME TIME NOW (REFS AND B), BUT PROCESS HAS BEEN BUBBLING ALONG ON LOW EURNER FOR SOME TIME NOW (REFS AND B), BUT PROCESS HAS QUICKENED RECENTLY WITH KNOMEINI CALL FOR A REFREENBUM ON THE NEW CONSTITUTION COUPLED WITH A CHALLENGE TO THE POOI TO MOVE FASTER IN GETTING CONSTITUTION REFORE THE FUBLIC. RICKOFF FOR PRESENT FOCUS ON CONSTITUTIONAL PROCESS KHOMEINI SPEECH MAY 23 (FBIS LONDON 241836Z NOTAL) ATTACKING/WIRTUALLY ALL OTER GROUPS IN IRANIAN SOCIETY FOR NOT SUPPORTING IDEA OF ISLAMIC REPUBLIC. HE STRUCK OUT AT LEFTESTS, NATIONAL FRONT, NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC FRONT, AND

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TERRAN 5492

RIGHTIST ISLAMIC GROUPS. ALL BUT LATTER WERE ACCUSED OF IGNORING ISLAM; RIGHTIST ISLAMIC GROUPS WERE CHASTIZED FOR THINKING THAT ISLAM COULD DO WITHOUT CLERGY.

- 4. MEDIA MAY 27 REPORT IHOMEINI CALL MAY 26 FOR REFERENDUM ON CONSTITUTION, IN MESSAGE TO PRIME MINISTER BAZARGAN WHICH ALSO SAID, BURING A LIMITED PERIOD SPECIFIED BY TOW (BAZARGAN) REFRESENTATIVES OF ALL SCIAL GROUPS AND RELIGIOUS MINORITIES SHOULD BE ALLOWED TO COMMENT ON THE CONSTITUTION BEFORE ITS FINAL APPROVAL BY THE REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL AND THE GOVERNMENT. PART OF MESSAGE WHICH WAS NOT PUBLICIZED WAS THAT WHICH INDICATED REPRESENTATIVES WOULD NOT RPT NOT BE ELECTED, BUT CALLED TO JOIN. WE HAVE HEARD COMMENT FROM SEVERAL DIFFERENT POINTS ON POLITICAL SPECTRUM, INCLUDING THOSE CLOSE TO KNOMENNI, THAT CONSTITUTIONAL PROCESS WOULD BE CONTROLED BY ISLAMIC MOVEMENT TO MINIMIZE DISSENT AND CHALLENGE TO ISLAMIC IDEAS. THIS HAS MADE SECULARISTS PROFOUNDLY UNEASY.
- 5. REACTION TO EMERGENCE OF THIS INFORMATION, EXCEPT FROM EROMEINI SUPPORTERS, HAS BEEN NEGATIVE. LEFTIST FEDATERN SEE IT AS EVIDENCE ISLAMIC MOVEMENT IS REALLY NOT DEMOCRATIC (KHOMEINI'S COMMENT IN MAY 23 SPEECE CASTIGATED DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC" AS FREEDOM WITHOUT ISLAM). NATIONAL FRONTERS AND NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC FRONT SUPPORTERS SEE EXCHEMEINI ATTACKS ON THEM AS EVIDENCE OF CLERICAL FASCISM AND DICTATORSHIP. KHOMEINI'S CALLS FOR UNITY FALL ON HOLLOW EARS AS HIS TOLERANCE FOR DEVIATIONS FROM HIS VIEW OF ISLAMIC MOVEMENT SHRINKS. NUMBER OF OUR BETTER SOURCES HAVE EVEN STRONGER FERLINGS NOW THAN IN RECENT PAST THAT HOMEINI IS GETTING SHRILL AND FEELING PRESSURE FROM HIS COLLEAGUES. EVEN THOSE AROUND HIM SENSE THE ISLAMIC REVOLUTION IS NOT GOING THE WAY ALL THOUGHT IT WOULD. THIS ATTITUDE EXHIBITS A GREAT DEAL OF NAIVETS, BUT ALSO MARKS SIGNIFICANT DISCONTENT WITH THE ISLAMIC FUNDAMENT—ALISM WHICH MOTIVATES KHOMEINI, BUT NOT THE OVERWEREMING MASS OF ARTICULATE IRANIANS, INCLUDING MANY OF HIS OWN SUPPORTERS.
- 6. MEDIA MAY 27 ANNOUNCED ELECTION OF ATATOLIAE KEALKEALI AS BEAD OF THE ISLAMIC FEDATEEN, AN UNDERGROUND EXTREMIST GROUP WITE ROOTS THAT GO BACK TO MOSSADEQ'S TIME. GROUP

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TEERAN 5492

CONFIDENTIAL SECTION 02 OF 02 TERRAN 65492

EAS NOW BECOME PUBLIC, HAS DEVELOPED A NEW CONSTITUTION, AND ITS NEW LEADER SAYS IT WILL CONCERN ITSELF WITH ISLAMIC PRINCIPLES. CREDIT IS GIVEN TO THIS GROUP FOR ASSASSINATION OF PRIME MINISTER RAZMARA YEARS AGO, PLUS ATTEMPTS ON SEVERAL OTHER INDIVIDUALS. PUBLIC CONTROVERSY OVER HEALKHALI HAS STILL NOT ABATED—ONE PAPER SAYS HE IS STILL A RELIGIOUS JUDGE, ONE SAYS HIS RESIGNATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED—AND HIS HARD—LINE ISLAMIC VIEWS ARE NOT RPT NOT COMPORTING TO OTHER GROUPS WHO ASPIRE TO ROLES IN IRAN'S NEW POLITICAL PROCESS.

7. ATTACKS ON U.S. DURING RECENT DEMONSTRATIONS (REFS C AND D) PLUS LATING OF BLAME FOR ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF RAFSANJANI ON U.S. HAVE HEIGHTENED UNCERTAINTY AMONG MANY AS TO WEIGH DIRECTION ISLAMIC REVOLUTION WILL TURN. NUMBER OF IRANIANS HAVE ASKED EMBOFFS WHY U.S. IS STILL HERE, GIVEN OUTRIGHT HOSTILITY OF KHOMEINI AND INABILITY OF FGOI TO HAVE ANY IMPACT ON SITUATION. IT IS NOT CLEAR WHETHER RECENT KHOMEINI MOVES, WHICH HAVE HAD EFFECT OF MARROWING HIS BASE, WILL PROVOKE OR ENERGIZE MORE MODERATE FORCES TO WORK TOJETHER AND PLAY ACTIVIST ROLE OR NOT; MOVES HAVE THOUSED TO DRIVE LEFT UNDERGROUND. POLITICAL UNCERTAINTY HAS SIGNIFICANTLY INCREASED OVER PAST FIVE DAYS WITH RESULTANT DETERIORATION IN POLITICAL SITUATION IN TERMS OF COOPERATION AMONG GROUPS ON POLITICAL SPECTRUM AND WILLINGNESS TO REMAIN NON-VIOLENT AND AVOID DIVISIVE—NESS. NAAS

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CONFIDENTIAL SECTION 82 OF 82 TERRAN 85492

OR RECK HP BE RUCYRA #4745 14711:3 ZNY CCCCC ZZH O E 271181Z MY 78 FM AMENDASSY JIDDA TO RUEHCY SECSTATE WASHDO IMMEDIATE 6172 TOTO RUPHREY AMETY AND A LIGHT SOP RETERM AMETA AND ISLANDED 452 RUPHREY AMETA AND THE AN 9716 37 CIONTIDENTIAL JIDDA 4848

E.O. 122654 355 5/27/P5 (BGVIS, H. EUGENE) OR -P TAGE: THUM, FINT, IR SUBJECT: (W EXECUTIONS IN IRAN

I. (C - UNTIRE TEXT)

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AS THE COURSE OF COMMERSATION ON AY 26, MFA DIRECTOR FOR ASIAL AFFAIRS AMAD SIRAJ TOLD POLITICAL COUNSELOR, HAT HE ASSOCIATED AFFAIRS AMAD SIRAJ TOLD POLITICALS, BOTH EXECUTIVA D LEGIL-TIVE, KEPT FUIET ABOUT EXECUTIONS IN IRAN, WE HAID THAT THERE WIPE THREE ACTIVE FORCES IN IRAN NOT; THE RELIGIOUS, THE BADICALS, AND THE MOB. THE RELIGIOUS AND THE PADICALS AND STRIGHLING FOR CONTROL OF THE MOB. THE YERS THE MOR. SITEMED UP. THE MORE OPPORTUNITY THE PADICAL MAUNE FOR LIFTUPNING, IT AND GAINING CONTROL. THAT WAS IN FOR THE WOLLOWS. SEPECIALLY PUBLIC STATEMENTS. AROUSES THE MOB. IT WOULD BE BETTER TO AVOID ANY ACTIVITY THAT AROUSED THE MOB AND TO LET THE RELIGIOUS FORCES AND THE POWER MENT PRODUCE STABILITY IN THE COUNTRY.

. POLITICAL COUNSELOR SAID HE CANDERSTOOD SAG REASONING. HOWEVER, D.C. ADD U.S. PUBLIC HAVE VERY STRONG FEELINGS AROUT HUMAN RIGHTS. IT WOULD BE DIFFICULT TO PREVENT CYPRESSIONS OF DISCPREDUL OF EXECUTIONS IN TRAN WITHOUT WATE TRIALS, ESPECIALLY WHEN THOSE EXPRESSIONS COME FROM THE LICEISLATIVE PRANCH OF CUP COVERNMENT OR FROM THE DESCRIPTION OF THAT PRESENTS OF THE CONTRACT OF THE CON PRESS. WE WOULD HOPE THAT PREINCEY GOVERNMENTS WHO SUP-THE THUMAN RIGHTS, LIKE SAUDI ARABIA, WOULD ASSIST US IN CEITILE ISAN TO OBSERVE INTERNATIONAL MORMS. AFTER OLL. THIS IS SIVING ISLAM A BAD NAME.

4. SIRAJI AID THAT SARTI ARABIA DEPLORES THE EXECUTIONS OF THAM. "GUTVER, IN THE INTEREST OF ALLOWING STABILITY TO DESTAIN ISHO, SARTI ARABIA IS TAKING THE ATTITUDE THAT THE EXACUTION AND AN IRANIAN INTERNAL MATTER AND IS THE INC. CONTROL BUT OF IRAGI THAT IT SUPPORTS SEFORTS TO ACCUSE OF THAT ARE PROSIDED TO EXCEPT OF ON THE GOVERNIANT OF IRAGIN FAVOR THAT IT IS TO CONTROL OF THAS ACCUSED OF CRIMIS.

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BT C O N F I D E N T I A L SECTION #1 OF #2 TERRAN #5555

B.O. 12865: GDS 5/29/89 (STEMPEL, JOHN D.) OR-P TAGS: PGOV, PINT, IR SUBJ: CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUE TO THE FORE

REF: A. TEHRAN 5492. B. TEHRAN 4514

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT; REPORTING CABLE)

- 2. SUMMARY; MOFATEE INDICATES THERE WILL BE NO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION, THEN MUDDLES REPORT. CONFUSION
 OVER PROCESS CREATES FEARS AND ANXIETIES AMONG MANY GROUPS.
 PARTICULARLY SECULARISTS AND LEFTISTS. PROMINENT PROVINCIAL GOVERNOR MOGHADDAM MARAGHEI RESIGNS. RUMORS OF
 CLASH/COUP GROWING. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUE APPEARS LIKELY
 TO PROVOKE WIDER CONFLICT IN IRAN. END SUMMARY.
- 3. PRESS COMMENTS OF PAST FEW BAYS SINCE REF A DRAFTED HAVE PAINTED EXTREMELY CONFUSED SCENE WITH RESPECT TO CONSTITUTIONAL PROCESS. ON MAY 28, REVOLUTIONARY COUNCIL MEMBER DR. MCHAMMAD MOPATEH AND MINISTER OF INTERIOR HAJ SEYED JAVADI EACH TOLD PRESS THERE WOULD BE NO CONSTITUTIONAL ASSEMBLY, AND FOLITICAL GROUPS WOULD BE BANNED FROM RATIFICATION PROCESS. MOFATEH LATER DENIED HE HAD SAID THERE WOULD BE NO ASSEMBLY, AND SAID THERE WOULD BE A

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TEHRAN 5555

LIMITED ONE OF FORTY MEMBERS, CONFIRMING REF A COMMENT THAT MEMBERS WOULD BE APPOINTED.

- 4. NUMBER OF POLITICIANS ASSERTED, SOME FOR PUBLICATION, THAT KHOMETNI HAD DROPPED PLANS FOR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY TO BE ELECTED FROM COUNTRY AT LARGE (AS VIRTUALLY ALL HAD THOUGHT WOULD BE CASE) BECAUSE ISLAMIC CONSTITUTION WOULD NOT GAIN A MAJORITY, OSTENSIBLY FOR ETHNIC REASONS, (I.E., BECAUSE MINORITIES WOULD OBJECT). POLITICAL GROUPS' SUSPICIONS OF KHOMEINI INTENTIONS HATE SHARPLY INCREASED IN PAST FEW DAYS. NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC FRONT'S MATIN-DAFTARI HAS CRITICIZED NARROWNESS OF CONSTITUTIONAL PROCESS. DEMOCRATIC PARTY LEADER ABDOL HUSSEIN BAGHAI TOLD PRESS CONFERENCE THAT PLACING POWER IN THE HANDS OF THE CLERGY WOULD "CAUSE ARGUMENT." IN ANOTHER SERIOUS DEFECTION FROM GOVERNMENT, RADICAL MOVEMENT LEADER RAHMATOLLAH MOGRADDAM MARAGHEI RESIGNED AS PROVINCIAL GOVERNOR OF EAST AZARBAIJAN, CHARGING THAT DUAL STRUCTURE OF GOVERNMENT MADE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO FUNCTION. PARS PROVINCIAL GOVERNOR HAS REPORTEDLYRESIGNED FOR SIMILAR REASONS AS WELL.
- 5. EVEN WITHIN KHOMEINI CAMP, OPINION IS SHARPLY DIVIDED ON PROPER ARRANGEMENTS TO PRODUCE A CONSTITUTION. MEMBER OF KHOMEINI COMMITTEE FOR NIAVARAN TOLD POLOFF AT DINNER WHICH INCLUDED TWO OTHER SENIOR FIGURES IN NORTHERN COMMITTEE STRUCTURE THAT MOST MODERNISTS IN MOVEMENT FEARED QOM GROUP WAS GETTING READY TO IMPOSE A TRUE SEVENTH CENTURY CONSTITUTION WHICH MIGHT NOT EVEN INCLUDE BASIC MODERN PARLIAMENTARY STRUCTURE. IT WAS CLEAR THAT SUCH A DEVELOPMENT WOULD POSE SEVERE INTERNAL STRESS FOR THE KHOMEINI COMMITTEMEN, AS WELL AS MANY OTHERS WHO HAVE SUPPORTED KHOMEINI UNTIL NOW. EVEN PM BAZARGAN IN AN INTERVIEW CARRIED ON NIRT MAY 28, IN WHICH HE SET OUT HIS VIEWS ON THE FORM THE CONSTITUTION SHOULD TAKE SEEMED TO EXPRESS

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A SENSE OF FOREBODING THAT KHOMEINI IS TRYING TO RAM A DOCUMENT THROUGH THAT WILL NOT CONTAIN THE KINDS OF PRO-VISIONS BAZARGAN SEES AS ESSENTIAL BOTH FOR THE PROTECTION OF BASIC FREEDOMS AND WORKABILITY. MOST VOCIFEROUS IN OPPOSING SUCH A DEVELOPMENT WOULD BE THE UNIVERSITY INTELLECTUALS, AND THE LETTIST PARTIES, WITH THE SECULAR POLITICIANS OF THE NATIONAL FRONT, NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC FRONT AND THE SMALLER SOCIALIST-STYLE PARTIES NOT FAR BEHIND. WE SUSPECT PRO-MONARCHIST ELEMENTS HAVE BEEN STIMULATING TALK OF CONFLICT AND WOULD SHARPLY INCREASE THEIR ORGANIZATIONAL EFFORTS. 6. BY-PRODUCT OF THE ABOVE IS INCREASING TALK OF POSSIBLE SHAKE-UP IN PGOI OR, ALTERNATIVELY, A COUP FOR JUNE 5, SIXTEENTE ANNIVERSARY OF THE SUPPRESSION OF THE 1963 RELIGIOUS RIOTS BY MILITARY FORCE (EVENT WHICH LED TO KHOMEINI'S EXILE). SO FAR AS WE CAN TELL, THESE ARE JUST RUMORS, BUT THEY ARE SPREADING AS PEOPLE PERCEIVE A PATTERN OF CONFLICT DEVELOPING OVER QUESTION OF NEW CONSTITUTION. EVEN SPEECH BY NIOC HEAD (AND PRESIDENT OF BAR ASSOCIATION) HASSAN NAZIH CHALLENGING PRIME MINISTER'S CLAIM THAT IRAN IS POOR AND CALLING FOR RULE OF LAW IS SEEN AS EVIDENCE OF CONFLICT WITHIN PGOI AND HAS LED TO RUMOR THAT NAZIH MAY BE ON THE WAY OUT. (EMBOFFS HAVE HEARD SAME THING FROM NIOC SOURCES FOR ABOUT TWO WEEKS.) COMMENT: POT IS BEGINNING TO BOIL HERE. IT IS BECOMING INCREASINGLY CLEAR THAT DEBATE OVER CONSTITUTION ITSELF AND ON WAY IT WILL BE RATIFIED AND APPROVED IS LIKELY TO BRING TO THE SURFACE THE POLITICAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN SUPPORTERS OF THE REVOLUTION WHICH HAVE THUS FAR REMAINED LATENT (REF B). IT IS UNLIKELY THAT THE U.S. WILL ESCAPE ATTENTION AS THIS PROCESS UNFOLDS, PARTICULAR-LY SINCE THE HARD-LINE ISLAMIC CAMP APPEARS BENT ON MAKING THE U.S. AT LEAST A SMALL PART OF THE ARGUMENT TEROUGH

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CHARGES OF INTERVENTION IN THE IRANIAN POLITICAL PROCESS.

00 000 (77) (etempol, John C.) 00-P

Subjects the American Posture in Iran I: Changing direcumstances

ref: A Tehran 5458, B) Tehran 4059, C) Tehran 5492, D) Tehran 5511, E) October
F) Tehran 5420, G) Tehran 5519, H) Tehran (MOG cia plot), I) Theran

- 1. S entire text; reporting cable
- 2. Summary: PROI and Charmeini differ on value of U.S. ties. Minomaini a open anti-Americanism has sparked increase in anti-Americanism has sparked increase in anti-American activity. Nedia and public context was hostile to U.S. Cur forebearance is seen as vertices by virtually all groups on Iranian political scene. In the commercial conflict offers prospect of challenge to chomeini by referous moderates. Unless perceptions of U.S. stagget and interest in Item changed, none of contestants in demostic political areas will the charge us. Her signals needed to resource the balance in U.S.-1-1.
- on options, while drafted by an individual, stap

 3. This and subsequent cable/ whilenamilian described probabilities and subsequent cable/ whilenamilian described probabilities.

thoughts reflect names and wording provided by other emboffs over x several days as well as substantial discussion within mission on subject presence). There there are substantial deviations from positions taken, those seems of apparatchy.

I'm gist three and "& half wonths, that has opinated on facin of in ""'s stated intentions to work Apard a new beginning in U.S.-Indian relations which would lead to a new squares era in which our ties affilements and the same would not be as extensive to but hopefully would be as friendly and cooperative. Events of past ten days have called into serious questions assumptions on both sides on which this view of Francisco the evolution of Iranzian-American relations is based. While PGOI recognized desarrance importance of good relations with us, Ayatollah Khomeini and his entourage do not. Khomeini's views are almost totally dominated by a rejection of all things foreign, and especially American. He would probably welcome a complete break in diplomatic relations with U.S. and almost said as much in his May 22 reaction to the May 17 Firste U.S. Senate resolution on activities of Iranian courts, Mealmess of POOI in dealing with # Khomeini is amply demonstrated by its request that Ambassador Cultler not come to Erange and Foreign Minister Yazdi's May 31 remarks in to a Kuraici Merspaper (FBIS Continued and Amman 312129Z May 1979) that PGOI would sever ties with U.S. if it continued interfereing in & Iranian Internal different Ayur llah Talequant, a khomini Rival, eched same Thoughts There 2. 4. Khomeinispen hostility to U.S. and PGOI efforts have been accompanied by a sharp rise in Anti-American sension, particularly in the wake of anti-U.S. demonstrations of May 24-26 (ref A and previous). Acquestions of U.S. 'interference in Iranian affairs are becoming standard currency of both PGOT and the Knomeini movement. In addition to Foreign Cinister, 47774

the Clar Ministry, the head of Capturel Transen Redio and Universion, most niverpapers and the Tranian Lauyers arganization have criticized the U.S. and the CIA. Even Embassy's relatively unsppnisticated Mujahidin guards have expressed minimize increased open hostility over past few days. It is prohaps difficult for those not subjected to it to accurately assess the cumulative impact of hostile media 23 and public speeches on perceptions not only of Tranjans, but foreign diplomats and Americans as well, Example of this is prominent lawyer Chalil Azer, who told Per association conclave May 29, that werbal insult to U.S. it enough, "we have to break off our relations with them. As long as the CLA exasts, the was could fill not be fewer (as well as provide account (a safe place, "Dipoonsus Commont privately about the last of U.S. response in unfattering terms. Hore disturbing and indicative of increase in Anti-Americanism in potentially dangerous ways from levels indicated several weeks ago (ref 1) is Resolutionary Court charge that Forgham terrorist groups is endation of CTA. This and other allusions to "imperialism" frequently stop just short of suggesting action against official American presence in Iran. 5. Girmus Circumstances of U.S. mission have contributed to situation. From SEcurity point of view, Embassy has not been secure in normal sense of & the word since approximately 30:30 a.m. am Feb. 14. Nojahidin guard arrangement is highly unusual and is noticed by Iranian visitors, U.S. cirizens who come to Embassy, asxinational and foreign diplomatic visitors. We end entering the Lam har assed.) will be villified

and little response

for evanted that U.S. sa

The Amini remains in jail despitanters a U.S. insurance executive was obtain permission to leave Iran, though he has cooperate it with 1.322 investigation and no charges have been contemplated.

6. In absense of government which is able to carry out its helf of no wil diplomatic intercourse and in a culture which admires strength and despites the perceived of weak, weakness, result has been predictable. We frequently appear to be weak. Then are we shall A "Threat" only in the eyes of most Tranians, but in the eyes of many Americans. Our of extremely restrained forebearance notice/result in the appearance of acquiesence or acceptance of insults.

Think our Dept. Juleanth have then that ABJCCF and humiliation, ** The Most of all mathemalities are a are in plants PGOI-provided revolutionary guards the pulled down U.S. Flag May 24 and handed it to demonstrators for destruction. Our lack of response to this The INSUIT Was in respinse to the and to other ("insults,") such as request for Ambassador Cucler to delay is injult Against Jan ! mitoffs' mitoffs' rivel at seen as Grainess, not precise patience. I'm it offconsor authracia was in the contract of the contract for values it espouses. Our continued allance is seen a simulation of stories that we are in fact behind the Modelini revolution (for the bover reason) and have cast our own views on such subjects as in the fighter, democracy and treatment of minorities to the wind for what are Dent Statuent of Mar 21- South Res: Byrd essentially amoral geopolicited reasons. Face is an important abjust of persian political life, and circumstance of past two veeks lays occupied to reduce USG's to minimum. Fersians go even fancher, unday a mah

as "prome," and "supine" to describe b.G. position in real to 1

- V. . oul important of our go in Girman situation which affects assumming domestic of U.S. position is cars increasing/political conflict here which suggests that political field over near term future may and freebure other contenders (refs C thru 6 F and I) 2001, toward which we have been preprofe forebearance, may not be exceed when comment long enough for us to benefit from our restraint. PGOT has always considered itself temporary; its links to Mhomeini group are particularly strained at the marking and to Inter-Islamic Hovement struggled appear ready to break into open warfare--Ayatollah Sham - Jadari Aug exposed Rubison of dimest opposition to Khomsini | May 30 (apprel) thin his Delvish Proplets Depublican Deput opposing Monathis idea of a limited constitutional assumbly and a favoring a fully elected consitutional convention. Left and moderate secularists see their goals, if not existence, throatened by Whomeini tip' to marror constitutional purchase (ref F). Thoever emanges victorious what internal struggle will have licals Monomic ? incentive to improve its posture to and U.S. unless popular perception of U.S. can be changed to one of strength.
- 8. U.S. and Transan interests are observy tied; for better or words,

 Transains of all political stripes which us. Unless Evan dissolves into

 feedal principalities or iccomes a soviet satellite, any government in

 **Previall* wish access to U.S. technology, markets for its oil, probably

 some military help, and feedstuffs and other goods. Without respect for

 1. U.S., these should into sees will be discloped only marginally.

Aftivity end was adventage to the U.S. Moreover, an Iranian government

which approached the XII USG under the mistaken illusion that it would U.S. fokether Continuous Apace in New Countries than not tolerate as Vincential and insults and continuous for Social Assume

mod with less historical reason for safe house might wall provoke a U.S. domestic process to see in any to continue

Agreement because of manageble committee political prosumer.

For these reasons, we believe there is bone ungency in giving signal to Khomeini and PGOI as well as the moderate political groups that present Iranian interpretation of rapproachment is unacceptable and that satisfactory relations require a two-sided effort, not simply limitless tolerance on one side. We will believe this can be done in such a way to minimize backlash, strengthen our own position, and give some encouragement to forces within Iranian domestic scene who better mirror our own commitment to democratic values rather than Iranian.

Cause in the

6.0. .3-3 6/31/93 (Grampel, J.D.) On-P

TAGS: PGOV, PFOR, IR

Subject: The American Posture in Iman:IIIx-Unich asy to move raf: A) Thran (ist cable), D) Thran 5595

1. S- chira text; reporting cable

entropy: U.S. options range from continuing what we have been decling to successive (not break) of diplosatic relations. While break may be forced only us, there are ample reasons for not initiating it. Items we could adjust to reflect our understanding of shift in MOOI attitude to U.S. include consular operations, man military presence, commercial relations, ICA operations and our attitude to sending on Ambassafor. Size of U.S. mission should be adjusted according to functions beduced, and implicit premise of maintain maintaining full saw ice about these on should be about until there are more positive signals from MEM FIGOI or a succession.

5. Result described the shifting circumstances which could be according toward from Street Collaboration of the U.S. The threet policy toward from Street collaboration for Regime and the advent of the U.S. our posture has been that he would resume normal relations as the new POCI wishes and at the application of the conversations with senior PGOI officials, as the real leafur.

that is what the FGCI wished as well. Soth sides had son the arrival of Ambrasador Cutler as the respective of the resistion between the entensive comparative relationship we had in the many years with Iron and a many equally comparative and laid to loss are extend to but hopefully equally comparative and friendly ties. Events of the pastone weaks have be restrated the latts weakness vis-axis the main and his entension. Cutles and the receipt that independent of the pastone (reftal), as according the FGOIS request that independent Cutler not contribution posture.

4. Our choices rough frequential of what to have the second tried to do for the past times months—— Ve as gively as possible to a resumption of final diplomatic activities dustile constitute political chaos—to complete suspension of diplomatic coal times until such time as conditions permit their resumption without the kind of obstacles and horrespent we have put up with since

Military M4. Thile it is possible that the chaice cap be sekth both of the

This if Khomeini and the CDOI choose to break relactions, he do not apt to

Circumstances increased by The U.S.G. Complete break in relations 11.3.G. Complete in the control of the con

derage/American introducte because it rould be seen fix a recommendation of the property of th

. The design of the same of the street of th

constitution is the precince would serve as a restraining facts the constitution of th

the PGOI remains unwilling or or mable to array out it's the solid as the PGOI remains unwilling or or mable to array out it's the remains of the proper of the solid and the proper of the solid and the consequences this for our influence in Iran-ue to are loosing collisiaty in the solid and the

al menal regulation of the content of the content of

moderstanding that the PROI has constant from its confirm desire to contact the moderate and appropriately.

Introduced the moderate and also provide healthy signals to the demand:

policical groups that the normalisation of relations is a tro-way office;

and there are most things to can offer or withhold; the Turks is any my

prepared to accept and hing as the price of doing business in Iran. The latter view is antipoly too prevalent for our first own good as the present accept.

as a political tool. The have continued to try and keep at the line of the U.S. and oddered to try and keep at the line of the

to justify a hard look at the following areas and some concernitude pedactions;

a) Consular operations. Mission now provides and American services, notarial services, immigrant visas, student visas, and other limited MLV services. We believe this could be cut back to American formation or vices for who reduction in order to position. This WHY? Wha's UST AMSURE? Would be the analysis of highly visible. Breake Transfer to Transans that the star side of the what they want. Vica to bould said.

cectual, (1:150 whose a to Vicciprocity, ciny PGOI missions and Collabora . . in many cases not iscuing visas to Americans without considerable form 10 mm mys is not allegely true difficulty related vises as could be issued, but only on the approval of the Conge for a mensionated performance on incristance. For extending it might be communicated quietly to the PGOI that no rpt no in-country views will be issued until the matter of ICA cuployee Fera Amini's incapeeration Roduction 14) is resolved Notica assuance could be handled gradually; in fact, all the grass stops we forsee would have to be മലാതുടർ with deft ടൂൽ TTO VOO EVOID secret garanosan. Conaduction will reduce the like hand of a shap ere chenge. 4.5. b) Fithdraval of wil military pinconnul, the military The are aware of the 2001's and the ammed form at disire to continue a military relationship. It is doubtful, however, that at least in the near term, and probably as long as Khomeini exercises subjecttial infucece, that wises the PGOI will we with most obtain the southerity with TRUS to conclude any military agreement in the face of public opinion. "when used at soin down mynny? thase circumstances, we leaving structure in place gives the appearance of begging on our part, and finals the suspicions of hiter that . igginning now to reduce our military as fomenters of a countrevolution. the IDAC to its statutory six U.S.-funded positions would be a clear on The Inamian side. signal that advistments have to be made of an eventual deal vorks out with

the military/700%, more could be to brought in; if conditions deterioriste,

the CAAC/TAO could be combined under one officer and an enlisted specialist.

A control of the cont

and with the same of a great 1. 0.21.77 The above in Laterscales until is the country of . ಕೆಲ್ನ ಮುಂದಾಯ ಮೊದಲಾಹಿಕಾಗಿ ಕಾರ್ಗಾರ ನಿನೇಕರು ಅವಿ ្រាស់ (ការគេ) ប្រសាធិកដល់ សាងនៅក្នុងបានី (ការកើត្រីសំនៅកំពង់ (ការងារ) កាន់ បា history from transact files to come continues of timestal maps and There maked to some These time made and to a two-way strong Thisasp chiave a a transfer glade to apartic transfer of the grapher, light can trought that a Cod se the control of political or three for this is will frequently to for those the makes region. The transport of the Battle state. - Some in a street funday. 40

John Graves

Sensitive

John Graves

Jennifer G

Policy Discussion

Present U.S. policy toward Iran is one of low profile, strict non-involvement, defending our interests in military supply and business contacts in a firm but low-key way, while taking a generally sympathetic stance toward efforts of the present cast of characters in the PGOI leadership to put their house in oxide.

Questions

 What are the prospects for the PGOI successfully to arry out its constitutional timetable and plans?

can we assume that Khomeini's influence will be sufficient and last long enough to put into place something reasonably akin to what we know of his present plans and constitution?

- 5. If he does, how durable will it be? Are we talking of six to twelve months or two to three years?
- 4. Is a large clerical role in Iranian politics here to stay awhile?
- . ., 5. From where will the main challenge come? From another clerical force (Shariatmadori) or from secular forces?
- ?? 6. Is that challenge generally non-violent and legal?
 - 7. What are the viable alternatives to Khomeini? Is there any real threat? What of Bakhtiar?
 - 8. What opportunities are there for the Tudeh and others on the far left?
 - . 9. Can we expect the military to play a very decisive role?
 - 10. How much of a threat is the autonomy issue?



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- 2 -

Where is the economy headed? What impact will this have on the political evolution; e.g., will the current industrial/construction mess contribute to any particular direction in politics or the nature of PGOI leadership?

U.S. Policy Objectives

- Assuming the prospect is for a general muddling through in the short term (i.e., at least the next six to twelve months), with no serious threat to the putting into place of something like Khomeini's constitution, what does that suggest for USG policy?

 - -- more supportive than we are now?
 -- take some policy initiatives?
 -- special emissary?

 - -- Congressional visit?
 - -- or should we hold to present low-profile posture, waiting to see how things develop and in effect waiting for PGOI to come to us?
- If butlook is for something much less stable; e.g., 2 increasing political party maneuvering and in-fighting and a graual undermining and discrediting of the present leadership figures, what would that suggest for U.S. policy?
 - -- Should our profile be even lower?
 - -- Should we expand our range of contacts, possibly even begin to show some degree of preference?
 - -- Should we use the arms supply leverage?

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GDS 6/3/85 (BASH, RICHARD M.) OR-E ENRG, IR (C) CALL ON PRIME MINISTER TO DISCUSS IRANIAN OIL POLICY

- 1. (C ENTIRE TEXT; ACTION CABLE)
- 2. SUMMARY: I BELIEVE THAT IT WOULD BE APPROPRIATE

 AND PRUDENT FOR ME TO RAISE WITH PRIME MINISTER BAZARGAN

 THE ISSUE OF IRAN'S POLICY ON CRUDE OIL EXPORT LEVELS

 AND PRICES AND TO EXPRESS USG CONCERNS OVER PRESENT

 TREND OF DEVELOPMENTS IN THE INTERNATIONAL OIL MARKET;

 AND I REQUEST THE DEPARTMENT'S CONCURRENCE AND GUIDANCE.

 END SUMMARY.
- 3. GIVEN THE EXTREME TIGHTNESS OF THE INTERNATIONAL OIL MARKET, WHERE CURRENT PRODUCTION IS APPROXIMATELY EQUAL TO CURRENT CONSUMPTION LEAVING NOTHING LEFT OVER TO REPLENISH SERIOUSLY DEPLETED STOCKS, AND CONSIDERING THE POSSIBILITY THAT IRAN COULD WELL DECIDE TO LOWER PRODUCTION AND THUS EXPORTS, I BELIEVE THAT THE ISSUE OF IRAN'S POLICY ON PETROLEUM PRICING, PRODUCTION, AND EXPORTS SHOULD BE RAISED AT THE HIGHEST LEVEL OF THE PGOI. THE PURPOSE OF THE APPROACH WOULD BE TO: 1) ELICIT AN ELABORATION OF THE PGOI'S POLICY, 2) IMPRESS UPON THE PM THE VERY SERIOUS CONSEQUENCES ON THE ECONOMIES

OF IMPORTING COUNTRIES, BOTH DEVELOPED AND LESS DEVELOPED,

OF A CONTINUATION OF THE CURRENT PRODUCTION SHORTFALL

AND THE SPIRAL IN PRICES, 3) POINT OUT THAT A FURTHER

REDUCTION OF IRANIAN EXPORT LEVELS WOULD HAVE AN IMMEDI
ATE AND SEVERE IMPACT ON THE PRICE OF THE MARGINAL

BARREL AND WOULD INEVITABLY LEAD TO A NEW RATCHETING

ROUND OF OPEC-WIDE PRICE RISES, 4) POINT OUT THAT OIL

PRODUCERS SUCH AS IRAN WOULD NOT BE IMMUNE FROM THE

EFFECTS OF A SERIOUS AND POTENTIALLY LONG-LASTING RECES
SION WHICH COULD BE TRIGGERED BY A SHORT-SIGHTED DESIRE

BY PRODUCERS/EXPORTERS TO REAP MAXIMUM BENEFITS FROM

AN EXERCISE OF THEIR DOMINANCE OVER THE MARKET, AND 5)

SUGGEST THAT IT MIGHT WELL BE IN THE INTERESTS OF BOTH

IRAN AND THE OIL IMPORTING WORLD FOR IRAN TO INCREASE,

AT LEAST TEMPORARILY, ITS CRUDE EXPORTS.

4. I MIGHT ALSO POINT OUT TO BAZARGAN THAT THE SUCCESS OF THE INVIGORATED RESOLVE OF THE MAJOR CONSUMERS/
IMPORTERS, MOST NOTABLY THE U.S., TO MOVE AHEAD RAPIDLY ON CONSERVATION, DEVELOPMENT OF ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES, ETC. IS DEPENDENT IN LARGE MEASURE ON THE EXISTENCE OF AN ORDERLY CRUDE MARKET. HOWEVER, ALMOST ALL OF THE IRANIAN EDUCATED ELITE RECOGNIZE THAT OUR SUCCESS TO DATE HAS BEEN LESS THAN OVERWHAEMING, THAT A MAJORITY OF THE AMERICAN PUBLIC AND CONGRESS IS STILL NOT CONVINCED OF THE NEED TO TAKE FORCEFUL ACTION; AND BAZARGAN MAY RESPOND THAT THE CURRENT TIGHTNESS OF THE MARKET AND THE ATTENDANT PRICE INCREASES ARE THE UNITED STATES' AND THE INDUSTRIALIZED WORLDS' BEST HOPE OF

BRINGING ABOUT THE NECESSARY AND LONG OVERDUE SHIFT IN THE BASIC BALANCE OF ENERGY SOURCES AND TOWARDS CONSERATION.

5. I AM NOT CONCERNED ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF IRAN LOWERING EXPORTS BECAUSE OF ANY INFORMATION OR EVEN HINTS I OR MY STAFF HAVE GOTTEN FROM IRANIAN CONTACTS. BUT RATHER BECAUSE IT SEEMS A NOT UNLIKELY DEVELOPMENT. IF THE PGOI WERE TO INSTRUCT NICC TO LOWER PRODUCTION FROM THE PRESENT LEVEL OF 3.9-4.0 MMBD TO, LET'S SAY, 3.5 MMBD (AND SUCH A DECISION WOULD ONLY BE MADE BY THE PM OR A "HIGHER AUTHORITY"), IT WOULD PROBABLY BE JUSTIFIED ON THE BASIS THAT: 1) OIL IS UNDERPRICED RELATIVE TO ALTERNATES, RAVAGES OF INFLATION, ETC., ETC., 2) SINCE SAUDI ARABIA HAS AGREED TO RAISE PRODUCTION FROM 8.5 TO 9.0 MMBD AND SINCE THE MARKET WAS ALREADY IN APPROXIMATE BALANCE (DISREGARDING THE NEED TO REBUILD INVENTORIES IN ADVANCE OF THIS WINTER), A REDUCTION BY IRAN OF 0.5 MMBD WOULD NOT UPSET THE EQUILIBRIUM, AND 3) IRAN DOES NOT NEED AND CANNOT READILY ABSORB THE INCOME FROM OIL EXPORTS OF 3.4 MMBD (3.2 MMBD OF CRUDE AND 0.2. MMBD OF REFINED PRODUCTS) ASSOCIATED WITH PRODUCTION OF 4.0 MMBD. IN REGARD TO THE LAST POINT, IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT IRAN'S PETROLEUM EXPORTS HAVE FALLEN BY ABOUT ONE-THIRD FROM PRE-REVOLUTION "NORMAL" LEVELS WHILE OFFICIAL CRUDE PRICES HAVE INCREASED BY 43.1 PERCENT SINCE DECEMBER 31, 1978; AND THE EFFECTIVE INCREASE IS

CONSIDERABLY GREATER SINCE THE DISCOUNTS PREVIOUSLY
AVAILABLE TO THE CONSORTIUM AND TO JOINT VENTURE SECOND
PARTIES HAVE BEEN ELIMINATED AND SINCE NIOC IS SELLING
MUCH MORE THAN "NORMAL" QUANTITIES ON THE SPOT MARKET
AT PRICES FAR IN EXCESS OF TERM (I.E., OFFICIAL) PRICES.

- SERIOUS IMPLICATIONS OF A CONSCIOUS PGOI POLICY
 DECISION TO LOWER EXPORTS, THERE IS ALMOST CERTAINLY A
 FAR GREATER LIKELIHOOD THAT PRODUCTION/EXPORTS WOULD BE
 REDUCED BECAUSE OF, IN THE SHORT-RUN, A WORSENING OF
 THE ETHNIC ARAB PROBLEM IN KHUZESTAN, A POLITICALLY
 INSPIRED STRIKE, ETC., OR, IN THE MEDIUM-TERM, BY ANY
 OF THE DANGERS FACING IRAN IN THE SHORT-TERM PLUS
 TECHNICAL PROBLEMS. HOWEVER, THOSE SORTS OF PROBLEMS
 ARE NOT AMENABLE TO USG INITIATIVES OR SUGGESTIONS
 AND I SUGGEST THAT THE PROSPECT OF A VOLUNTARY,
 INTENTIONAL REDUCTION IS REAL ENOUGH THAT WE SHOULD
 ADDRESS IT HEAD-ON.
- 7. ALTHOUGH, AS NOTED EARLIER, I HAVE NO SOLID EVIDENCE ON WHICH TO BASE MY CONCERNS (OTHER THAN AN ATTEMPT TO ANTICIPATE THE PERSIAN MIND). I HAVE NOTED THE GRADUAL DECLINE IN PRODUCTION FROM 4.15 MMBD DURING ORDIBEHESHT (APRIL 21-MAY 21) TO 3.9 MMBD OR A BIT LOWER DURING THE 12 DAYS ENDING JUNE 3 (REF B). THE DECLINE MAY OR MAY NOT REFLECT A SHIFT IN POLICY BUT THE TREND IS CERTAINLY IN THE WRONG DIRECTION AND 250 MBD IS NOT AN INCONSEQUENTIAL AMOUNT.

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DE RUQMER #5932/01 158 **

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R 071325Z JUN 79

FM AMEMBASST TEHRAN

TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC 1885

INFO RUQMEJ/AMEMBASSY ABU DHABI 2121

RUQMCU/AMEMBASSY ANXARA 2128

RUEHAD/USINT BAGHDAD 0130

RUQMDH/AMEMBASSY DOHA 0105

RUQMDD/AMEMBASSY DOHA 0104

RUSBQD/AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD 0150

RUQMDA/AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD 0150

RUQMRA/AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD 0150

RUQMRA/AMEMBASSY JIDDA 0145

RUSBLK/AMEMFASSY KABUL 0161

RUQMKW/AMEMBASSY KABUL 0161

RUQMKW/AMEMBASSY LONDON 0189

RUCHMO/AMEMBASSY MONDON 0199

RUEHMO/AMEMBASSY MONGOW 0141

RUQMMT/AMEMBASSY MOSCOW 0141

RUQMMT/AMEMBASSY MUSCAT 0044

RUFNPS/AMEMBASSY PARIS 0158

BT

TETRAN 5932

CLASS: CONFIDENTIAL
CHRGE: STATE 6/7/79
APPRV: CHARGE:CWNAAS
DRFTD: POL:VLTOMSETH:MA.
CLEAR: POL:NGARRETT
DISTR: CHG POL-3 OR

DISTR: CHG POL-3 OR ECON DAO ICA MAAG RF

CONFIDENTIAL TEHRAN 05932/1

E.O. 12065: GDS 6/7/85 (TOMSETH, V.L.) OR-P TAGS: PINS, PINT, SCUL, IR SUBJECT: WAITING FOR GODOT--IRANIAN STYLE

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT; REPORTING CABLE.)

2. SUMMARY: THERE IS GROWING UNHAPPINESS IN IRAN WITH KHOMEINI'S REVOLUTION. MANY OF THE DISENCHANTED LOOK TO THE U.S. FOP A "SIGN" OF APPROVAL FOR THEIR PLOTTING ACAINST KHOMEINI WRICH, THEY MAINTAIN, WILL GALVANIZE THEM INTO ACTION. BUT THEY, AND ALMOST ALL OTHER POLITICAL GROUPINGS POTENTIALLY OPPOSED TO KHOMEINI, ARE SO MES-MERIZED BY THE MYTH OF EXTERNAL MANIPULATION OF INTERNAL IRANIAN AFFAIRS, SO POLITICALLY BANKRUPT IN TERMS OF ALTERNATIVE PROGRAMS WHICH MIGHT ATTRACT A MASS FOLLOWING, THAT THEY WILL CONTINUE TO LEAVE THE FIELD TO KHOMEINI BY, DEFAULT. KHOMEINI'S MOVEMENT SUCCEEDED PRECISELY BECAUSE HE WAS ABLE TO MOBILIZE AN INTERNAL IRANIAN RESOURCE—THE CONTINUING HOLD OF ISLAM ON MUCH OF THE POPULATION—AND BECAUSE KHOMEINI WAS PREPARED TO TAKE THE INITIATIVE WHEN OPPORTUNITIES AROSE. NONETHELESS, HIS COMMITMENT TO AN IDEALIZED AND UNWORKABLE POLITICAL MODEL, AS WELL AS THE LACK OF HIERARCHICAL DISCIPLINE WITHIN HIS MOVEMENT AND THE SHIA CLERGY, STRONGLY SUGGESTS THAT HE WILL NOT BE SUCCESSFUL IN CREATING THE KIND OF ISLAMIC REPUBLIC HE ENVISIONS. ONLY THE EMERGENCE OF A POLITICAL FORCE WHICH, LIKE KHOMEINI'S MOVEMENT, CAN ATTRACT A MASS FOLLOWING BUT WHICH ALSO HAS AN ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE UP TO THE DEMANDS OF ADMINISTERING A COUNTRY AS COMPLEX AS 20TH CEMTURY IRAN CAN CHECK THE CURRENT SLOW BUT STRADY SLIDE TOWARD CHAOS. THERE IS, UNFORTUNATELY, NO CANDIDATE FOR THIS ROLE IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE. END SUMMARY.

3. WE ARE FREQUENTLY APPROACHED THESE DAYS BY INDIVIDUALS REPRESENTING A VARIETY OF POLITICAL GROUPS, SPECIAL INTERESTS AND CABALS, ALL OF WHOM ASSURE US THAT THEY ARE

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TOTALLY OPPOSED TO AYATOLLAH KHOMEINI AND THE EXCESSES OF HIS ISLAMIC REVOLUTION. THEY ALSO ASSURE US THAT THEY UNDERSTAND THE NEED FOR IRAN TO HAVE GOOD RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES, AND, FURTHER, THAT THEY AND THEIR FOLLOWERS ARE DETERMINED TO PREVENT KHOMEINI AND THE ISLAMIC REACTIONARIES FROM DRIVING A WEDGE BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES. AFTER THESE STATEMENTS OF PRINCIPLES HAVE BEEN MADE, THE CONVERSATIONS INEVITABLY MOVE ON TO THE REAL POINT. OCCASIONALLY, IT IS FOR MATERIAL OR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE OR FOR SPECIALIZED TRAINING, BUT MORE PREQUENTLY IT IS FOR NO MORE THAN A SIGNAL OF APPROVAL FOR THEIR PLOTTING. WE ARE READY TO MOVE, THEY SAY, "AS SOON AS TOU GIVE US THE WORD."

- 4. PROTESTATIONS THAT IT IS U.S. POLICY NOT TO INTERPERE IN IRAN'S INTERNAL AFFAIRS, THAT THE LEGACY OF THE WAR IN VIETNAM AND WATERGATE WOULD PROVOKE AN IMMEDIATE AND VIOLENT REACTION AGAINST AMERICAN ADVENTURISM IN IRAN EVEN IF OFFICIAL POLICY DID NOT ALREADY PRECLUDE IT, ARE GREETED WITH PROFOUND SCEPTICISM. EVERYONE KNOWS, THEY COUNTER, THAT THE U.S. IS BEHIND EVERYTHING THAT HAPPENS IN IRAN. WITH THAT AS A GIVEN, THEY CANNOT UNDERSTAND OUR RELUCTANCE TO SUPPORT THEM, OUR REAL FRIENDS IN THIS COUNTRY.
- 5. THIS MIND-SET IS THE FUNDAMENTAL REASON WHY THESE CONSPIRATORS, AND EVEN THE LIBERAL MODERNISTS WHO ATTACHED THEMSELVES TO KHOMEIN! S MOVEMENT BUT ARE BECOMING INCREASINGLY DISILLUSIONED WITH HIS LEADERSHIP AND VISION OF AN ISLAMIC REPUBLIC, ARE NOT LIKELY TO DISPLACE HIM. AS ONE CLOSET ROTALIST RECENTLY LAMENTED, "MY FRIENDS AND I TALK AND TALK AND TALK, BUT WE CANNOT SEEM TO BREAK OUT OF THIS PATTERN AND TAKE ACTION." FOR YEARS MUCH OF THE IRANIAN POLITICAL SPECTRUM, WHETHER CONSERVATIVE BUT WESTERN-ORIENTED INTELLECTUALS, SOCIAL DEMOCRATS OF THE NATIONAL FRONT SORT OR THE TUDEN COMMUNIST PARTY, HAS BEEN CONDITIONED TO APPROACH IRANIAN INTERNAL POLITICS IN TERMS OF STRATEGIES INVOLVING THE EXTERNAL PORCES (THE BRITISM, THE AMERICANS, THE RUSSIANS) PERCEIVED TO BE CAPABLE OF ACTUALLY MANIPULATING EVENTS IN IRAN. OVERWHELMINGLY PREBT

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OCCUPIED WITH EFFORTS TO INFLUENCE THESE EXTERNAL FORCES TOWARD EFFECTING THE CHANGES IN IRAN THEY DESIRED, THESE POLITICAL GROUPINGS STARRED A SINGULAR INABILITY TO AGHIEVE-MAITHING OF SIGNIFICANCE.

- G. IT REMAINED FOR KROMEINI, WHO ADAMANTLY REJECTED THE NOTION OF BRINGING ABOUT INTERNAL POLITICAL CHANCE THROUGH AN EXTERNAL SURROGATE, TO SUCCEED IN BREAKING THE ABSOLUTE POWER OF THE SHAM WHERE ALL OTHERS HAD FAILED. THE KET TO HIS SUCCESS WAS HIS RELIANCE ON AN INTERNAL IRANIAN RESOURCE, THE CONTINUING HOLD OF ISLAM ON MUCH OF THE POPULATION, AS THE BASIS OF HIS POLITICAL STRUGGLE WITH THE PAHLAVI REGIME. DURING THE LONG COURSE OF THAT STRUGGLE KHOMEINI SUFFERED SETBACKS, BUT AT ALL TIMES HE WAS PREPARED TO TAKE THE INITIATIVE AS OPPORTUNITIES MIGHT ARISE AND WITHOUT WAITING FOR A SIGN FROM AN EXTERNAL POWER.
- 7. IT WAS ISLAM, SPECIFICALLY THE SHIA CONCEPT OF THE CONFLICT OF GOOD AND EVIL, THAT GAVE KHOMENNI BOTH A STRUCTURAL CONTEXT IN WHICH TO CARRY OUT HIS OPPOSITION TO THE REGIME AND A SYMBOLIC IDIOM OF REVOLUTIONARY RHETORIC IMMEDIATELY COMPREHENSIBLE TO THE MUSLIM FAITHFUL. THE SHAH WAS YAZID AND BACH CASUALTY OF THE BATTLES FOUGHT IN THE STREETS OF IRAN'S CITIES A HOSSEIN TO BE REPLACED BY TENS, HUNDREDS, EVEN THOUSANDS OF OTHERS READY TO SUFFER MARTYRDOM FOR THEIR CREED. THE NON- OR NOMINALLY RELIGIOUS COULD OFFER NO CREDIBLE ALTERNATIVE TO EITHER THE FAHLAYI SYSTEM OR KHOMEINI'S ISLAMIC REVIVAL.
- 8. WITH THE POSSIBLE EXCEPTION OF THE MARKIST BUT FIERCELY MATIONALISTIC FEDATIN-E-KHALQ AND THE TRUE FOLLOWERS OF ALI SHARKATI'S THEORY OF RADICAL ISLAMIC SOCIALISM, THERE IS STILL NO POLITICAL MOVEMENT IN IRAN THAT POSSESSES A CAPABILITY--ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL--TO CHALLENGE KHOMEINI AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL. AS THE REVOLUTION PROCEEDED, MOST MEMBERS OF THE EDUCATED ELITE, THE TECHNOCRATS AND THE INTELLECTUALS, THE PEOPLE COMMONLY REGARDED AS THE VANGUARD OF POLITICAL AWARENESS AND SOPHISTICATION IN IRAN, EITHER DITHERED IN THE HOPE THAT THE OUTSIDE FORCES THEY KNEW WERE IN ACTUAL CONTROL OF EVENTS WOULD CALL A HALT TO POLITICAL DESTABILIZATION OR JOINED KROMEINI IN THE CONCEIT THAT THEI COULD CAPTURE CONTROL OF THE MOVEMENT BECAUSE ONLY THEY POSSESSED THE SKILLS NECESSARY TO RUN A MODERN NATION STATE. IN BOTH INSTANCES THE BEHAVIOR OF THESE PEOPLE WAS TELLING EVIDENCE OF THEIR POLITICAL BANKEUPTCY. THE DITHERERS, ETERNALLY EXPECTING THE INTERVENTION OF THE DEUS EX MACHINA THAT WILL RESTORE THE IRAN THEY WANT, ARE NOW PLOTTING. THEY ARE BEING JOINED BY THEIR DISILLUSIONED FELLOWS WHO DISCOVERED THAT IT WAS KHOMEINI'S MOVEMENT WHICH MANIPULATED THEM RATHER THAN VICE VERSA. BUT ALL, IT SEEMS, REMAIN INCAPACITATED BY A FAILURE OF WILL AND LACK OF VIABLE ALTERNATIVE PROGRAMS OF THEIR OWN.
- 9. MONETHELESS, KHOMEINI'S ISLAMIC MOVEMENT TOO WILL ULTIMATELY FAIL, OR AT LEAST NOT SUCCEED. BUT THIS WILL OCCUR IN THE FIRST INSTANCE BECAUSE OF ITS OWN INTERNAL

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DEFICIENCIES RATHER THAN BECAUSE OF CHALLENGES MOUNTED AGAINST IT BY ANY OR ALL OF THE GROUPS WHICH ALSO WERE UNHAPPY WITH THE PAHLAYI SYSTEM BUT PROVED TOTALLY INEFFECTIVE IN DOING ANYTHING ABOUT 17. FIRST, KHOMEINI'S VISION OF AN IRANIAN ISLAMIC REPUBLIC BASED ON AN IDEALIZED MODEL 1396 YEARS OLD CONTRADICTS THE REALITIES OF 26 TH CENTURY IRAN. THE DUALISTIC SYSTEM OF ABSOLUTE AUTRORITY OF THE LEADER IN THE MIDST OF OTHERWISE TOTAL DECENTRALIZATION AND EGALITARIANISM IS MORE APPROPRIATE TO A BEDOUIN TRIBE THAN TO AN ETHNICALLY POLYGLOT NATION OF 35,600,000 IN WHICH THERE ARE VAST DISCREPANCIES OF EDUCATION, WEALTH AND CULTURAL IDENTIFICATION. THE LATTER, ALMOST BY DEFINITION, REQUIRES HIRRARCHY TO PREVENT COLLAPSE INTO CHAOS.

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HHOMEINI'S MOVEMENT. TRUE TO THE SPIRIT OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC HE WOULD HAVE, POWER OUTSIDE THE PERSON OF KHOMEINI HIMSELF HAS UNDERGONE A RADICAL DECENTRALIZATION IN POST-REVOLUTIONARY IRAN, TO THE EXTENT THAT LOCAL COMMITTEES ARE LITERALLY THE LAW UNTO TREMSELVES. IT IS ONLY THE BUREAUCRATIC STRUCTURE INHERITED FROM THE PAHLAYI SYSTEM, ITSELF RAVAGED BY PURGES AND COMMITTEE POLITICS, THAT CONTINUES TO GIVE FRAGILE DEFINITION TO THE NATION OF IRAN. KHOMEINI HAS TOLERATED HIS STRUCTURE, EVEN MANIPULATED IT FOR HIS OWN ENDS BY APPOINTING A PRIME MINISTER TO HEAD IT, BUT IT IS ESSENTIALLY ALIEN TO WHAT HE WOULD CREATE. TO THE EXTENT THAT IT IS ALLOWED TO CONTINUE TO EXIST IT WILL CONSTITUTE A COMPROMISE TO THE IDEAL OF AN ISLAMIC REPUBLIC A LA KHOMEINI. BUT A TRULY THEOCRATIC ALTERNATIVE DOES NOT APPEAR TO BE A VIABLE PROPOSITION. INDEED, THE LACK OF A FORMALIZED HIERARCHY WITHIN THE SHIA CLERCY IS ALREADY PRODUCING STRAINS THAT WILL PROVE FAR MORE DEADLY TO KEOMEINI'S MOVEMENT THAN WILL BAZAR—GAN'S PERIODIC THREATS TO RESIGN, THAN WILL SPEECHES BY HASSAN NAZIH AND OPEN LETTERS FROM HEDAYATOLLAR MATIN—DAFTARI, THAN WILL THE MACHINATIONS OF THE ESLAMINIAS, EQBALS AND SHARIFIS WHO KEEP COMING TO US FOR A "SIGN."

- 11. PERHAPS COLLAPSE INTO CHAOS AND DISINTEGRATION SHOULD NOT BE ENTIRELY RULED OUT AMONG THE PROGNOSES FOR IRAN'S FOLICAL FUTURE. AFTER ALL, MORE OFTEN THAN NOT DURING THE PERIOD SINCE THE ARAB INVASIONS OF THE 7TH CENTURY IRAN WAS FRAGMENTED INTO SMALLER UNITS THAN WHAT HAS COME TO BE REGARDED AS THE IRANIAN NATION DURING THIS CENTURY. IT HARDLY SEEMS CONCEIVABLE, HOWEVER, THAT IRAN, WITH ITS STRATEGIC LOCATION AND MINERAL RESOURCES, WOULD BE ALLOWED THE PRIVILEGE OF DOING TODAY WHAT IT FREQUENTLY DID IN THE PAST. GIVEN THE PROSPECT OF ACTUAL DISINTEGRATION, THE TEMPTATION TO INTERVENE IN THE IRANIAN POLITICAL PROCESS WOULD ALMOST SURELY PROVE IRRESISTIBLE TO NATIONS WITH IMPORTANT INTERESTS IN THE AREA (THEREY, INCIDENTALLY, CONFIRMING THE WIDESPREAD BELIEF AMONG IRANIANS THAT THEIR COUNTRY IS INDEED NOT FREE TO DETERMINE ITS OWN DESTINY).
- 12. ONLY THE EMERGENCE OF A NEW POLITICAL FORCE CAPABLE OF COMMANDING WIDESPREAD ALLECIANCE (OR AT LEAST ACCULESCENCE) AMONG THE IRANIAN PEOPLE AND POSSESSING AN ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE UP TO THE DEMANDS OF ADMINISTERING A NATION AS COMPLEX AS IRAN WILL CHECK THE CURRENT SLOW BUT STEADY SLIDE TOWARD ANARCHY WHICH OTHERWISE MIGHT ULTIMATELY LEAD TO OUTSIDE INTERVENTION. THE ARMY, WHICH ONCE MIGHT HAVE PROVIDED THE BASIS FOR SUCH A FORCE, HAS BEEN SHATTERD AND SHOWS NO SIGNS OF EARLY RECOVERY. AN ASSORMENT OF MODERNIST GROUPINGS RANGING FROM THE NATIONAL FRONT TO THE TUDEH PARTY, ARE CRIPPLED BY DISSENTION WITHIN THEIR OWN RANKS AND LACK EITHER AN IDECLOGY OR THE INDEPENDENCE (OR BOTH) NECESSARI TO ATTRACT A MASS FOLLOWING. THE FEDATIN ARE AT LEAST AS NATIONALISTIC AS THEY ARE MARXIST, AND THUS HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO BECOME A SIGNIFICANT POLITICAL FORCE, BUT FOR THE MOMENT ARE PREOCCUPIED WITH ORGANIZA-

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TIONAL EFFORTS. AMONG THE POLLOWERS OF SHARIATI, THE INTELLECTUAL WING OF THE MOJAHEDIN-E-KHALO VACILLATES PETWEEN ACQUIESCENCE IN THE LEADERSHIP OF THE CLERGY AND FLIRTATION WITH THE FEDATIN, WHILE POORLY ORGANIZED ELEMENTS OF THE SAME ORGANIZATION HAILING FROM THE MUSLIN INDERCLASS PROBABLY DO NOT UNDERSTAND HIM: FORCHAN, WHICH MAT UNDERSTAND HIM, HAS CHOSEN THE ULTIMATELY SELF-DEFEATING PATH OF POLITICAL TERRORISM.

13. THUS DEVELOPMENTS OF RECENT DAYS-THE GROWING DISIL-LUSIONMENT OF IRANIAN SECULARISTS AND EVEN THE TENTATIVE POUPTS OF SOME OF KHOMEINI'S FELLOW CLERGYMEN-HAVE DONE NO MORE THAN TO CLARIFY TO A CERTAIN DEGREE THE NATURE OF TEE CONTINUING POLITICAL PROCESS IN THIS COUNTRY. THERE IS NOT LIKELY TO BE A DECISIVE SHOWDOWN BETWEEN KHOMEINI'S MULTITUDES AND THE MODERNISTS OR THE ROYALISTS OR THE MILITARISTS OR THE LETTISTS OR ANY OTHER GROUP (INCLUDING THOSE AMONG THE CLERGY WHO QUESTION A CENTRAL PT

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POLITICAL ROLE FOR THEIR PROFESSION) IN THE NEAR FUTURE FOR THE SIMPLE BEASON THAT MONE OF THESE GROUPINGS NOW POSSESSES THE WHEREWITHAL TO MOUNT AN EFFECTIVE CHALLENGE TO KHOMEINI. A PROBABLE RESULT OF THIS STANDOFF WILL BE MOUNTING TERRORISM, OFTEN DIRECTED AGAINST THE RADICAL ULEMA; IN THE FASHION OF FORGHAN'S ATTACKS ON SEVERAL OF KHOMEINI'S CLOSEST AIDES IN RECENT WEEKS. IF KHOMEINI HIMSELF WERE TO BECOME A CASUALTY OF SUCH ACTS, OR EVEN IF HE WERE TO DEPART THE SCENE THROUGH NATURAL CAUSES, IT IS NOT BETOND THE REALM OF POSSIBILITY THAT HIS MOVEMENT WOULD BE CAPTURED BY MORE AN ALLIANCE WITH THE MODERATE SECULARISTS WHO HAVE THE SKILLS NECESSARY TO ADMINISTER IRAN. SUCH A SCENARIO IS DEPENDENT ON MANY IFS, HOWEVER, AND THE ODDS ON IT COMING TO PASS SHOULD THEREFORE NOT BE OVERESTIMATED. IN THE HEANIME, KHOMEINI IS APT TO EXPREIBNCE A CONTINUING EROSION OF HIS POWER AS MORE AND MORE OF THOSE WEO CANNOT ACCEPT HIS NARROW VISION OF ISLAM ARE DRIVEN FROM HIS RANKS AND AS THE LACK OF HIERARCHICAL DISCIPLINE WITHIN THE ISLAMIC MOVEMENT TAKES A GROWING TOLL. NAAS

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APPOC 1: US DIA

CLASS: CONFIDENTIAL

CHRGE: STATE 6/14/79

APPRV: CHARGE: CWNAAS

DRETD: POL: JDSTEMPEL: CLEAR: POL: VLTOMSETH

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E.O. 12065: XDS-3 5/14/99 (STEMPEL, JOHN D.) OR-P TAJS: PGOV, PINS, IR SUBJECT: THE IRANIAN POLITICAL LABYRINTH AND THE U.S.

REF: (A) TEHRAN 4302, (B) TEHRAN 4314, (C) TEHRAN 5932, (D) TEHRAN 5555, (E) TEHRAN 5993, (F) TEHRAN 6168

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT; REPORTING CABLE.)

2. SUMMARY: DISORGANIZATION REMAINS HALLMARK OF IRANIAN, POLITICAL SCENE FROM LEFT TO RIGHT. TENDENCIES TOWARD FOLLY FASCISM BECOMING MORE MARKED IN ISLAMIC MOVEMENT, LUT ARE BEING TEMPERED SOMEWAY BY SPLITS. ANTI-AMERICANISM REMAINS ANIMCREASING FEATURE OF POLITICAL SCENE, KEPT PLUBBLING BY QOM RELIGIOUS AUTHORITIES THOUGH MITIGATED SOMEWHAT BY WEAK ATTEMPTS BY PGOI TO REDUCE ITS IMPACT. U.S. PUBLIC PROFILE SCOULD BE REDUCED AND OUR DIPLOMATIC EXCHANGES SHOULD REFLECT EXISTING FACTS AND CONDITIONS MOBBL THAN WORDS. MODESTLY CORRECT U.S. PROFILE IS BEST WAY TO GIVE MODERATE REVOLUTIONARIES BEST CHANCE FOR SUCCESS. END SUMMARY.

TOLLOWING ARE BRIEF END-OW-TOUR OBSERVATIONS BY POLOFF STEMBEL, AND HAS SERVED HERE SINCE MIDSUMMER 1975.
COMMANTS HERE ARE BASED ON ANALYSIS DEVELOPED AT LENGTH IN REFE A AND B, WHICH GENERALLY REMAINS VALID; EXCEPT WHERE MODIFIED BELOW. REFS C AND D ARE CURRENT UPDATES OF GENERAL CONDITIONS HERE WHICH FORM PART OF FACTUAL EMBERPHINNING FOR REMARKS BELOW.

4. FROBABLY MOST DISTINCTIVE FEATURE OF EVOLVING SISTEM TO FAILURE OF ANY GROUP IN IRANIAN POLITICAL FIRMMENT TO DEGANIZE SETTER THAN ITS RIVALS TO ANY SIGNIFICANT DEGREE. LEFT HAS AS IET FAILED TO COME TOGETHER TO PRESENT SERIOUS CHALLENGE TO PGOI, THOUGH ITS MILITARY TRAINING CONTINUES AT A DISTUBBING RATE. RIGHTISTS REMAIN COLLECTION OF SMALL, INDIVIDUALISTIC GROUPS MHO POSE MUISANCE VALUE, BUT NO STRIOUS THREAT IN ABSENCE OF ABILITY TO SUSTAIN CONTINUED CAMPAIGN OF VIOLENCE. PGOI AND OTHERS REMAIN HEAVILY FRAFFUL OF COUNTSP-REVOLUTION, HOWEVER.

S. ISLAMIC MOVEMENT IS STILL WALLOWING IN PROBLEMS CREATED BY SUAL STRUCTURE OF GOVERNMENT, WITH NO REAL END IN SIGHT. FRUSTRATIONS IN POLITICAL SCHERE ARE BEING REFLECTED IN LARRESTS ANTI-FOREIGN, AND SPECIFICALLY ANTI-AMERICAN, OUTSORSTS BY RELIGIOUS WING OF INSLAMIC MOVEMENT IN COM.

THESE ARE TEMPERED SOMEWHAT BY PRIVATE WORDS AND EXPRESSIONS OF INTENT BY PROFITCH FINDS ITSLIF INCAPABLE OF SIADING UP TO FHOMEINI OR OTHER RELIGIOUS LEADERS HO EXPRESSIONS STATEMENTS AT VARIANCE WITH PGOI POLICY. WHILE IT

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6. REF B PROJECTED A SITUATION WHERE CHADS WOULD BE FOLLOWED BY RESTORATION OF ORDER BY "MAN ON HORSEPACK." AFTER SOME TIME THIS NOW SETME SLIGHTLY LESS CIKELY THAT POSSIBLITY THAT ISLAMIC MOVEMENT WILL THER MODE ACCURATE WISHPUL THIVEING IN ALL OURSETRS, INCLUSING MODERAL ITSER, SPOULD NOT PLIND US TO BELLIFIES OF POSER FLAY MODE WISHING WITEIN PGOL AND RETWEEN FOOL AND DOM-PACUE RELIGIOUS AUTHORITIES.

7. THIS CHIPPETAN TENDRED IN OFFICE TO SOME DEMARK BY SETTED FOR THE PROPERTY OF STREET SOME DEMARK BY SETTED FOR THE PROPERTY OF CHICAL PROPERTY OF CHICAL PARTICIPAL FOR THE PROPERTY OF A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

E. FOR NOW, SITUATION TUBPITS ALOND SITUATIONS, BUT NO SPRIOUS CHILDRASS. ISLAND MOVEMENT AUST. HOWEVER, MOVE TO FSTAILLSE CONSTITUTIONAL FRANCOZO, OF SLIDE INTO IMPOTENCE AND CONFLICT. AS IT CORS SC. IT RISKS PROVIDING OTERS IN POLITICAL SCENE INTO TO FACTO OPPOSITION ALLIANCE AT POTENTIAL SHOWDOWN OF CRAOS. MITICALING FACTOR FREE ACTOR FREE WEEZERS

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WILL BE IRAMIAN PENCHANT FOR MANEUVER AT EXPENSE OF VICLENGE AND POPULAR, DESIRE TO BE ON WINNING SIDE. POLITICALLY, IRANIANS STILL PREFER FOREPLAY TO CLIMAX. OPPOSITION IS LIKELY TO TRY AND AVOID OPEN CLASE UNTIL KHOMEINI'S VIEWS HAVE HAD A CHANCE TO MAKE THEMSELVES EVEN MORE UNPOPULAR WITH THOSE WHO MIGHT BE INDUCED TO OPPOSE HIM. WHILE KHOMEINI'S LOSS OF POPULARITY/PRESTIGE TO DATE HAS NOT YET SERIOUSLY UNDERCUT HIS DOMINANT POLITICAL POSITION, MANY WEO USED TO SUPPORT HIM NOW OPPOSE HIM, AND THIS DETERIORATION IS CONTINUING. WE IGNORE IT AT OUR PERIL.

O. TRIGGERING TACTOR FOR POLITICAL CHAOS IS TIKELY TO BE ECONOMIC SITUATION. CURRENT SUBFACE PICTURE IS STILL PASSABLE, BUT UNDERLYING ECONOMIC FACTORS IN IRAN APE A DISASTER—PRODUCTION IS OFF, THE BANKING SYSTEM IS IN DESARRAY, UNEMPLOYMENT HAS BEEN AND IS CONTINUING TO BE A STRIOUS PROBLEM, AND THE MANAGERIAL SECTOR OF THE ECONOMY IS IN DEEP DISARRAY. BUSINESS EXPECTATIONS CONTINUE TO BE NEGATIVE. WHILE THE PERSIAN POPULACE CAN STAND A LOT OF HARDSHIP, IT WILL NOT DO SO WILLINGLY, AND ESPECIALLY UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF EXACEPBATING POLITICAL CHALLENGE FROM THE RIGHT AND THE LEFT. UNLESS CONDITIONS TURN BETTER PRIOR TO MOSLEM FASTING HOLY MONTH OF RAMIZAN (JULY 26 — AUGUST 23), SITUATION IN THE STREETS COULD TURN VERY UGLY. AN INCIDENT, SUCH AS AN ASSASSINATION, COULD SET IT OFF AT ANY TIME.

10. ESCALATING ANTI-AMBBICANISM REMAINS IMPORTANT FACT OF LIFE HERE FOR NUMBER OF REASONS. RELIGIOUS LEADERSHIP STILL SEES U.S. AS ANTI-REVOLUTIONARY, AND PERSIAN PENCHANT FOR SEEING FOREIGN HAND BEHIND ALL TROUVELES MEANS THERE IS VERY LITTLE WE CAN DO TO CHANGE THIS. UNFORTUNATELY, OUR FOREBEARING ATTITUDE TOWARD THE ISLAMIC REVOLUTION HAS, THROUGH UNFORTUNATE HISTORICAL INTERPLAY, COME TO PE SEYN AS THROUGH UNFORTUNATE HISTORICAL INTERPLAY, COME TO PE SEYN AS THROUGH UNFORTUNATE HISTORICAL INTERPLAY, COME TO PE SEYN AS THROUGH UNFORTUNATE HISTORICAL INTERPLAY, COME TO PE SEYN AS THROUGH UNFORTUNATE HISTORICAL INTERPLAY, COME TO PES SEYN AS THROUGH OF KHOMEINI. WEAKNESS OF PGOI BOR PURPOSE, OF MODERATING KHOMEINI. WEAKNESS OF PGOI HOR PURPOSE, OF U.S. INTERFERENCE IN IRAN ARE BECOMING STANDARD CURRENCY OF ROTH PGOI AND KHOMEINI MOVEMENT. NOT EVEN PGOI MINISTERS ARGUE THAT THERE IS ANYTHING SHORT OF UNREMITTING HOSTILITY OUT OF QOM (REF E AND F). WE HAD UNREMITTING HOSTILITY OUT OF QOM (REF E AND F). WE HAD TION. AT THE MOMENT WE HAVE NEITHER.

11. BEST CHANCE FOR ANY OUTCOME ACCEPTABLE TO US LIES IN RESTORING MINIMUM AMOUNT OF RECIPROCITY AND RESPECT IN DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS. FROM PERSPECTIVE OF ABOVE, THIS SUGGESTS THAT FOR THE NEAR TERM FUTURE—AT LEAST THREE TO FOUR MONTHS—WE REDUCE OUR PRESENCE HERE TO REFLECT A MODEST, BUT CORRECT POSTURE TOWARD PGOI. ABOUT THE ONLY CHANCE THE MODERATES HAVE IS TO CONVINCE KHOMEINI AND OTHERS THAT U.S. TIES ARE WORTHWHILE AND NECESSARY TO OBTAIN NECESSARY FOODSTUPES AND MILITARY SUPPLIES AND THEN TO BE ABLE TO SHOW THAT U.S. IS WILLING TO DO THIS ONLY ON THE BASES OF FAIR PIPLOMATIC TREATMENT. RESPASE OF REZA AMINI SHOW DECOME AN IMPORTANT ELEMENT OF OUR ASSESSMENT OF

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WHETHER PGOT EITHER WANTS TO, OR HAS ABILITY TO, DELIVER ON ISSUE IMPORTANT TO US. PGOI'S ABILITY, OR WILLINGNESS, TO MAKE FMS PAYMENT COULD BE ANOTHER TOUCHSTONE. REPLACEMENT OF MUJAHIDIN GUARDS BY MORE REGULARIZED FORCE SHOULD BE PRIORITY ITEM FOR NEW CHARGE. THE DANGER WOULD BE VERY MINIMAL AND THE GAIN IN. FACE (EXTREMELY IMPORTANT TO PERSIANS) WOULD BE HMMENSE.

12. MISSION SERVICES SHOULD BE REDUCED. UNTIL AMINI IS RELEASED, THERE SHOULD BE GRADUAL REDUCTION IN CONSULAR SERVICES AND NO RPT NO ISSUANCE OF VISAS OF ANY KIND IN TEHRAN, EXCEPT PERHAPS DIPLOMATIC VISAS FOR SPECIFIC MISSIONS. IMPLICIT PREMISE OF MAINTAINING A PULL SERVICE MISSION SHOULD BE ABANDONED AND CHARGE GIVEN SIGNIFICANT LATITUDE TO REGULATE JUST HOW MUCH EMBASSY WILL DO IN RESPONSE TO SIGNALS FROM PGOI OR A SUCCESSOR GOVERNMENT. IDEA OF SPECIAL EMISSARY, TO KHOMEINI IN PACE OF HIS UNREMITTING INTRANSIGNACE MAKES NO SENSE AND INDEED WOULD PROBABLY EXACERBATS SITUATION. BETTER TO WAIT UNTIL BE IS MORE AMENA-LT TO LISTENING, RATHER THAN RECEIVE PECTORING, SUCH AS USER AMBRASADOR GETS.

13. IN TIME, IF ANTI-AMERICAN PHETORIC CAN BE REDUCED AND SOME FORM OF STABLE ADMINISTRATION EVOLVES, WE COULD BEGIN TO DO MORE. IN MFANTIME, LOW PROFILE ALSO WOULD LESSEN EFFECTIVENERS OF CHARGES U.S. MAY BE TRYING TO MAINTAIN SUPPORT STRUCTURE FOR COUNTERSVOLUTION. WE NEED NOT EXHIPIT HOSTILITY TOWARD ISLAMIC REVOLUTION AND WE SHOULD SHOW SOME SYMPATHY FOR POSITIVE THINGS POOI IS TRYING TO BO. BEFORE WE CAN BE EFFECTIVE, HOWEVER, WE MUST SIGNAL CARMEINI AND POOI AS WELL AS OTHER MODERATE POLITICAL SHOUPS THAT PRESENT IRANIAN INTERPRETATION OF RAPPROCHEMENT BY

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GIVE FACOLIST THE TOTAL STAND FAIRNESS WELL "ILL ALSO GIVE FACOLIST TO TOTALS WHEN THE IRANIAN POMESTIC SCENE WHICH FITTH MIEROR OUR OWN COMMITMENT TO DEMOCRATIC FARUES BATHER THAN AUTHORITARIAN EXTREMISM. NAAS ET #6208.

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SECRET

DE RUQMEN #6234/Ø1 165 **
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IM AMEMBASSY TEHRAN
FOR RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC 2043
RUFOR RUMBL/AMEMBASSY ABU DHABI 0133
RUQMGU/AMEMBASSY ANKARA 0139
RUEHAD/USINT BAGEDAD 0135
RUQMED/AMEMBASSY DOHA 0113
RUSBOD/AMEMBASSY DOHA 0113
RUSBOD/AMEMBASSY JUDDA 0157
RUGHAD/AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD 0165
RUGHAD/AMEMBASSY JUDDA 0157
RUGHAW/AMEMBASSY KABUL 0172
RUGHAW/AMEMBASSY KABUL 0172
RUGHAW/AMEMBASSY KUWAIT 0137
RUGHAW/AMEMBASSY KUWAIT 0137
RUGHAW/AMEMBASSY MOSCOW 0149
RUGHMI/AMEMBASSY MUSCAT 00449
RUGHMI/AMEMBASSY MUSCAT 00449
RUGHMI/AMEMBASSY MUSCAT 00449
RUGHMI/AMEMBASSY PARIS 0169

DEHRAN 6234

CLASS: SECRET

CHRGE: STATE 6/14/79
APPV: CHARGE: CWNAAS
LRFTD: POL:DCMGC AFFEY:
CLEAR: POL:VLTOMSETH
DISTR: CHG POL-3 OR
ECON ICA RF

1-0

F C R E T TEHRAN 06234

E.O. 12065: RDS-3 6/14/89 (MC GAPTET, D.C.) OR-P TAGS: PINT, PINS, PEPR, IR, US SUBJECT: A FAREWELL TO ALARMS

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT; REPORTING CABLE.)

2. SUMMARY: THERE IS LITTLE CHANCE FOR A NEAR TERM IMPROVEMENT IN THE IRANIAN SITUATION. MOST LIKELY PROSPECT IS CONTINUED LACK OF GOVERNMENT WITH INCREASING VIOLENCE, FOLLOWED BY THEOCRATIC AUTOCRACY OVER A DIMINISHED IRAN OR A LEFTIST TAKE-OVER WITH RESISTANCE: ALL THREE INDICATE ECONOMIC COLLAPSE. VIOLENCE WILL BE INCREASINGLY ALONG CLASS LINES. U.S. HAS CHOICE OF RETREAT OR INTER-VENTION. THIS CABLE REPRESENTS A PERSONAL ASSESSMENT BY FORMER ISFAHAN PO MCGAFFEY AT END OF THREE YEARS IN IRAN, MOSTLY IN THE PROVINCES. END SUMMARY.

THE OVERRIDING CHARACTERISTIC OF IRANIANS IN THE POLITICAL PROCESS IS SUBLIME SELF-INTEREST, ACCOMPANIED BY A REFUSAL TO ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY. THE DISASTROUSLY SKEWED "DEVELOPMENT" OF IRAN IN THE LAST TEN YEARS WAS CAUSED TO A CONSIDERABLE EXTENT BY POOR CENTRAL PLANNING AND VENALITY AT THE TOP, BUT WAS PRIMARILY THE RESULT OF DELIBERATE CHOICES BY THE MASSES OF IRANIANS FOR PERSONAL AGGRANDIZEMENT OVER NATIONAL INTEREST. CONVERSATIONS WITH INDUSTRIALISTS, LANDOWNERS, MERCHANTS, GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, WORKERS, AND PROFESSIONS OVER THE YEARS ELICITED THE COMMON ADMISSION THAT THEY KNEW THEIR ACTIONS SPELLED FUTURE TROUBLE FOR IRAN, "BUT, AS LONG AS EVERYONE ELSE IS DOING IT..." THIS CHARACTERISTIC CARRIED OVER INTO POLITICAL ACTION AND THE REVOLUTION. CYNICAL SUPPORT FOR CONTRADICTORY POLICIES (E.G., CONSTITUTIONALISTS SUPPORTING ANTICONSTITUTION KHOMEINI), IRRELIGIOUS WAVING OF THE BANNER OF RELIGION, ETC., WAS ACCOMPANIED BY THE STATEMENT. "WHEN I, THROUGH THIS PROCESS, OBTAIN POWER, I WILL CORRECT THESE INCONSISTENCIES." MOST IRANIANS KEPT THEIR EYE ON

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THE MAIN CHANCE, WITH ONE FOOT IN THE REVOLUTIONARY CAMP. ONE IN SAVAY, AND BOTH HANDS CLUTCHING A U.S. VISA OR "GREEN CARD," JUST IN CASE."

- 4. KHOMEINI, THE PGOI, AND THE PROTO-OPPOSITION FIGURES (SHARIAT-MADARI, TALEGHANI, NAZIH, MATINE-DAFTARY, ETC.)
 HAVE YET TO SHOW A WILLINGNESS TO STAND ON PRINCIPLE.
 WHETHER REOMEINI EVER MEANT HIS STATEMENT THAT HE DID
 NOT INTEND TO RULE IS QUESTIONABLE; CERTAINLY HE IS
 EXERCISING ALL THE POWER HE CAN GET, WHILE COMPROMISING
 ON ANY PRINCIPLE WHICH ROUSES OPPOSITION (VEILS FOR WOMEN,
 FROZEN MEAT, EFECUTIONS, CONSTITUTION ELECTIONS) IN SPEECHES
 IF NOT IN FACT. THE PGOI'S ACCEPTANCE OF ITS EMASCULATION
 CAN BEST BE EXPLAINED BY THE DESIRE TO HANG ONTO PRESTIGIOUS POSITIONS AT ANY COST. TALEGHANI AND SHARIATMADARI BACK OFF FROM CONTRONTATION UNTIL THEY ARE SURE
- 5. GIVEN THIS SITUATION, PHOSPECTS FOR IMPROVEMENT IN THE CURRENT SITUATION IN IRAN ARE DIM, AT BEST. MHOMEINI AND THE POOL WILL CONTINUE TO RRIGH FOR AS LONG AS THE? CAN, WHILE THE REST OF THE COUNTRY ACCEPTS OR REJECTS THEIR STATEMENTS AS IT SERVES THEM. OPPOSITION GROUPS WILL CONTINUE TO SEIZE OPPORTUNITIES AS THEY SEE PROSPECTS FOR INCREASED POWER. THERE IS LIKELY TO BE ONE OR MORE COUP D'ETATS, CATAPULTING DIFFERENT GROUPS INTO POSITIONS OF PROMINENCE, BUT THEY, LIKE THE CURRENT LEADERS, WILL CONTINUE TO LACK EFFECTIVE POWER, AND FILL PACE THEIR OWN COUP WHEN ANOTHER GROUP SEIZES ON A REAL OR PERCEIVED INCREASINGLY UNDER THE CONTROL OF REGIONAL POWER-SEEKERS, BUT THESE WILL FACE THE SAME SITUATION IN MICROCOSM (WHO SPEARS FOR THE KURDS?). SUCH COUPS ARE LIKELY TO BE VIOLENT, AND SPORADIC VIOLENCE RANGING FROM RIOTS TO ASSASSINATION WILL MARK THE PERIODS BETWEEN GOUPS.
 - 6. THIS IS ONLY THE MOST LIKELY FUTURE. SECOND MOST LIKELY IS THE CONSOLIDATION OF A RELIGIOUS AUTOCRACY, WITH KHOMEINI AT THE APEL, BUT CHARACTERIZED BY SEMI-INDEPENDENT "DEPUTY-IMANS" AMONG THE RELIGIOUS, COOPERATING BUT JEALOUS OF PERSONAL FIEFDOMS. AS SUCH A THEOGRACY WILL REJECT "SECULAR" ALTIANCES, IT WILL BE MARKEDLY SHORT, OF ADMINISTRATIVE TALENT, FACING IRAN WITH A SLOW DESCENT BT

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INTO A FEUDAL ECONOMI. TECHNOCRATS, PROFESSIONALS, AND THE MIDDLE CLASS WILL LEAVE IN PROVES, LEAVING IRAN TO THE MULLAHS AND THE "MOSTAZ'AF" (LITERALLY THE MEEK—DEFINED BY KHOMEINI AS IN "..SHALL INHERIT THE EARTH," BY THE OPPOSITION AS "POOR AND WEAK (MINDED)"). THE NEXT MOST LIKELY EVENT IS A MIDDLE—CLASS REJECTION OF THE RELIGIOUS RIGHT, LEADING TO A LEFTIST TAXE—OVER. AS THE LEFT DEMONSTRATE NO GREATER ADMINISTRATIVE ABILITY OR WILLING—NESS TO COOPERATE ON PRINCIPLES THAN ANY OTHER GROUP, SUCH A LEFTIST GOVERNMENT IS LIKELY TO COME UNDER THE PROTECTION AND GUIDANCE" OF IRAN'S NORTHERN NEIGHBOR. LEADING TO AN AFGHANISTAL-LIKE SITUATION, WITH WIDESPREAD LEADING TO AN AFGHANISTAL-LIKE SITUATION, WITH WIDESPREAD RESOURCES IN PROTECTING A CLIENT IRANIAN GOVERNMENT THAN AN ARGHAN GOVERNMENT, BUT THE VAST POTENTIAL FOR SABOTAGE OF IRAN'S PETROLEUM, POWER, AND INDUSTRIAL ASSETS MAY MAKE THE COUNTRY LESS THAN A GRAND PRIZE.

- 7. ANY OF THE ALTERNATIVES POINT TO A CONTINUATION AND ACCELERATION OF IRAN'S CURRENT ECONOMIC DISRUPTION. WE CAN EXPECT A GRADUAL OR SULDEN DEGRADATION OF IRAN'S PETROLEUM PRODUCTION CAPACITY, INDUSTRIAL OUTPUT, AND PROBABLY AGRICULTURAL OUTPUT (WITH INCREASED OPIUM PRODUCTION AS A FAST CASH CROP). THIS ECONOMIC WEARNESS WILL ENTAIL MILITARY WEAKNESS, WITH IRAN UNABLE TO DEFEND ITS BORDERS (WHICH COULD THEN MEAN SOMEONE ELSE IS PRODUCING THE OIL), AND A LOSS OF ANY REGIONAL POWER.
- S. ANOTHER DISTURBING ELEMENT IS THE INCREASING CLASS ANTAGONISM WITHIN IRAN. THE MIDDLE CLASS DESPISE THE COMMITTEE STRUCTURE, PEASANTS ARE FIGHTING WITH LANDLORDS, EMPHASIS ON PERSONAL RANK AND PRESTIGE IS INCREASING, CAPITALISTS AND WORKERS ARE BECOMING IRRECONCILABLE. THE DRAFTING OFFICER SEES POLITICAL PARTIES INCREASINGLY DECOMING CLASS-ORIENTED, WHICH INCREASES THE CHANCES FOR TOPICALS.
- O. U.S. INTERESTS IN IRAN-A STRONG, INDEPENDENT,
 ECONOMICALLY DEVELOPING IRAN BEING A STABLE PRODUCER OF
 PETROLEUM, A MARKET FOR WESTERN GOODS IN BALANCE WITH ITS
 SALES, AND ABLE TO EXERCISE, A MODERATING INFLUENCE IN
 REGIONAL AFFAIRS-ARE COMPATIBLE, AND IN SOME CASES
 IDENTICAL WITH IRANIAN INTERESTS, HOWEVER, GIVEN THE COSTS
 OF THE REVOLUTION, THEIR ATTAINMENT BY IRANIANS ACTING
 ALONE WILL REQUIRE MAJOR SACRIFICES BY THE MAJORITY OF
 IRANIANS. GIVEN THE IRANIAN CHARACTER AS I SEE IT, THIS IS
 TOO REMOTE A POSSIBILITY TO WAIT FOR. THE DEVOLUTION OF
 IRANIAN SOCIETY MAKES IT UNLIKELY THAT IRAN WILL BE ABLE
 TO ACT SIGNIFICANTLI AGAINST U.S. INTERESTS, EXCEPT IN THE
 REDUCTION OF OIL PRODUCTION, SO IT IS LIKELY TO BECOME,
 NOT AN OPPONENT OF U.S. INTERESTS, BUT A NULLITY. THE
 U.S. MUST DETERMINE WHETHER IT IS ABLE TO ACCEPT THIS
 (AND IN SUCH CASE SHOULD CONTINUE TO REDUCE ITS EXPOSURE
 HERE) OR TAKE STEPS TO ASSIST THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A
 GOVERNMENT STRONG ENOUGH TO RULE IRAN. THIS WILL REQUIRE
 GUARANTEEING, TO A LARGE ENOUGH GROUP, PERSONAL BENEFITS
 SUFFICIENT TO GET THESE LARGE NUMBERS TO COOPERATE. THIS
 WILL BLSO BE COSTLY, BUT GIVEN THE DEEP BELIEF AMONG

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TEHRAN 6234/2

IRANIANS IN THE OVERWHELMING POWER OF THE U.S. OVER IRANIAN AFFAIRS, IT IS POSSIBLE. WE WILL BE ASSUMED TO BE ACTING WHETHER WE DO OR NOT, AND IF THE COUNTRY CRUMBLES IT WILL BE BELIEVED THAT WE ARE RITHER CAUSING IT, OR ARE INCOMPETENT IN OUR ACTIONS. WE WILL NOT, HOWEVER, SAFE—GUARD U.S. INTERESTS BY WAITING FOR IRANIANS TO SETTLE THEIR OWN AFFAIRS.

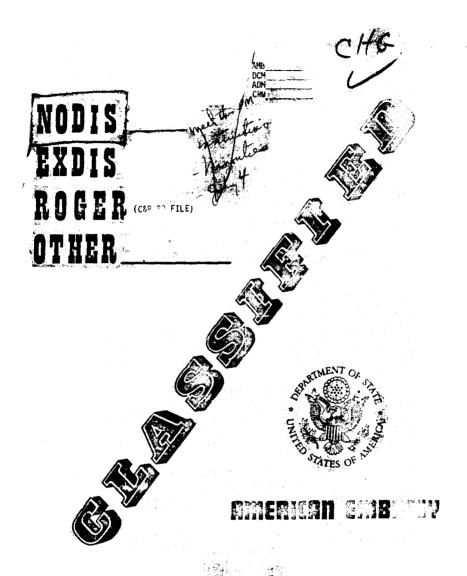
10. THIS CABLE IS ADMITTEDLY PESSIMISTIC, BUT THE DRAFT-ING OFFICER BELIEVES THAT IT ACCURATELY PRESENTS THE MOST LIKELY FUTURES. NONE OF THESE THINGS IS GOING TO HAPPEN OVERNIGHT. THE CASSES IN THE CORPSE OF DEVELOPING TRAN WILL GUARANTEE ENOUGH MOTION TO CARRY IRAN THROUGH MONTHS OR EVEN YEARS OF APPARENT LIFE. HOWEVER, THREE DAYS HAVE PASSED, AND WE SHOULD NOT EXPECT THIS CORPSE NO RISE FROM THE DEAD. NAAS

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E.O. 12065 GDS 6/15/85 (PRECHT, HENRY)

TAGS: H SUBJECT: GUIDANCE

- I. (S ENTIRE TEXT).
- 2. THE ACTING SECRETARY HAS APPROVED THE FOLLOWING POINTS FOR YOUR GENERAL GUIDANCE IN DIRECTING THE WORK OF THE EMBASSY DURING THE COMING WEEKS.
- -- WE ARE UNDER NO ILLUSIONS ABOUT THE DIFFICULTY OF DEVELOPING A RETER RELATIONSHIP WITH THE GOI. UNTIL THE PGOI HAS A BETTER GRIP ON THE POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC SYSTEMS. THERE IS LITTLE PROSPECTATIVAT WE GAN REAL EFFECTIVELY WITH THE LEADERSHIP ON THE MEAN PROBLEMS ON OUR AGENDA.
- -- IN THESE CIRCUMSTANCES, IT WOULD NOT BE PRODUCTIVE
 TO TRY TO PUSH THE IRANIANS FASTER THAN TREY WISH TO MOVE
 WITH US. OUR ATTITUDE OUGHT TO BE CORRECT AND READY TO
 RESPOND, INTERESTED AND FRIENDLY, BUT ALSO FIRM IN
 DEFENDING U.S. POSITIONS, E.G., ON HUMAN RIGHTS OR
 AMBASSADORIAL APPOINTMENT. IRANIAMS MUST CLEARLY UNDERSTAND THAT A BETTER RELATIONSHIP CAN COME ONLY THROUGH
 RECIPROCAL PROCESS IN WHICH BOTH SIDES DEMONSTRATE AN
 INTEREST IN COOPERATION AND IN WHICH THERE IS RESTECT ON
 BOTH SIDES.
- -- WHILE TAKING NO ACTION TO ENDANGER U.S. PERSONNEL, WE SHOULD NOT FEEL INHIBITED ABOUT SEEKING CONTACTS OR MAKING OUR VIEWS KNOWN. WE SHOULD TAKE CARE NOT TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROBLEMS THAT INTRODUCE NEW AGGRAVATIONS AND, WHERE POSSIBLE, WE SHOULD ATTEMPT TO RESOLVE DIFFICULT ISSUES BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES. TO THE EXTENT PRACTICAL, WE SHOULD ENCOURAGE STRENGTHENED COMMERCIAL AND OTHER PRIVATE CONTACTS.
- -- ALTHOUGH YOUR ASSIGNMENT IN IRAN WILL BE GUIT.
 LIMITED IN DURATION, YOU SHOULD VIEW IT AS A STAGE TOWARD
 OUR GOAL OF ACHIEVING A BETTER RELATIONSHIP. YOU SHOULD
 DIRECT THE EMBASSY'S WORK TO THAT END, TAKING ACTIONS
 OR MAKING RECOMMENDATIONS TO WASHINGTON THAT WILL ADVANCE
 THE CAUSE OF IMPROVED RELATIONS.
- 3. WITH RESPECT TO SPECIFIC MEASURES YOU SHOULD ADDRESS DURING YOUR STAY IN IRAN, WE HAVE THE FOLLOWING SUGGESTIONS:

- -- EMBASSY SECURITY. THE PRESENT ARRANGEMENT FOR PROTECTION OF THE EMBASSY IS CLEARLY THROLEFISLL ON A PROLONGED BASIS. AFTER CONSULTING WITH YOUR COLLEAGUES AND SURVEYING THE LOCAL SCENE, WE BELIEVE YOU SHOULD TAKE STEPS TO REGULARIZE THE PROTECTION FOR THE EMBASSY BY REPLACING THE PRESENT MUJAHEDIN GUARDS WITH A UNIFORMET FORCE.
- -- DIFFICULT PROBLEMS. WE SUGGEST YOU GIVE SOME THOUGHT TO A COMPREHENSIVE ATTEMPT TO REMOVE THE THORNY ISSUES THAT WE HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO RESOLVE, E.G., DETENTION OF ICA EMPLOYEE, CLOSING CUT OF MILITARY FACILITIES, OBTAINING PAYMENT FOR TEHRAN-AMERICAN SCHOOL, SECURING EXIT VISAS FOR CERTAIN U.S. CITTZENS PREVENTED FROM LEAVING IRAN.
- -- MILITARY SUPPLY: AFTER A SHORT TIME, WE WOULD WELCOME YOUR ASSESSMENT AS TO WHETHER WE SHOULD INITIATE A LIMITED SUPPLY OF SPARE PARTS FOR THE IRANIAN AIR FORCE, AND POSSIBLY OTHER SERVICES. WE WILL WELCOME YOUR ASSESSMENT OF THE STATUS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND WHETHER IT IS PRACTICAL TO ENCOURAGE THE DEVELOPMENT OF CLOSER MILITARY TIES.
- -- CONSULAR OPERATIONS. WE WILL WANT YOUR RECOMMEND AT IGNS FOR MOVING FORWARD WITH VISA OPERATIONS. IN OUR JUDGMENT, TO THE EXTENT ADEQUATE SECURITY CAN BE PROVIDED, WE SHOULD ATTEMPT TO RESUME NORMAL NIV OPERATIONS IN TEHRAN. SIMILARLY, YOU MAY WISH TO CONSIDER REGULAR PERIODICAL VISITS BY CONSULAR OFFICERS TO OUR THREE CONSULAR POSTS.
- -- PERSONNEL. WE WILL WANT YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE ASSIGNMENT OF DEPENDENTS AND ANY PERSONNEL CHANGES YOU THINK PRUDENT FOR THE EMBASSY.
- -- MINORITIES. PLEASE CONTINUE TO REPORT FREQUENTLY ON THE SITUATION OF JEWS AND OTHER MINORITIES.
- -- PUBLIC AFFAIRS. PLEASE GIVE US YOUR RECOMMENDA-TIONS FOR AN IMPROVED PUBLIC AFFAIRS PROGRAM, INCLUDING EXPANDED USE OF FARSI VOA BROADCASTS, WHICH MIGHT HELP TO STRENGTHEN THE U.S. POSITION.
- -- CONTACTS. IF A VISIT TO KHOMEINI IS SUGGESTED, YOU SHOULD SEEK INSTRUCTIONS. YOU AND OTHER EMBASSY OFFICERS, HOWEVER, SHOULD CONTINUE TO EXPAND THE EMBASSY'S CIRCLE OF CONTACTS IN SIGNIFICANT SECTORS OF IRANIAN SOCIETY.
- 4. WE WILL LOOK FORWARD TO YOUR REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ON WAYS IN WHICH WE CAN STRENGTHEN THE AMERICAN POSITION IN IRAN DURING THE WEEKS HAT THE EMBASSY IS UNDER YOUR DIRECTION. CHRISTOPHER BT #6833

1-7 E.M. MPF #5002721 -160 ** -THE COLOR OF THE C

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4. YAZDI SAID THAT IT IS PROI POLICY TO GAVE. SO THE MAXIMUM VITENT POSSIBLE, PREIMBLY RELATIONS HERE ALL IRAN'S NAIGHPOPS. THIS INCOURDS IRAI, AND IT HE HAD MAKE IRAN'S NAIGHPOPS. THIS INCOURDS IRAI, AND IT HE HAD MAKE IT RESPONSIBILITY POR THE POMITING ATTACLS ON ENVERAL IRANIAN VILLEGES FALLISE PHIS MORTH. BOUTER, IRAN STILL HAS SERIOUS COMPLAINT AGAINST IRAC, TAZDI SAIL INCIDDID HE IS CONTINUED IN AGAINST IRAC, TAZDI SLAMME THAT THIS SUPPORT DIAS BAC. THE PROID OF SOMFRONDATION BETWEEN HAD RET HE STATE AND HAD RESPONDED THE PROID OF SOMFRONDATION BETWEEN HAD RET HE STATE NATIONAL DIRECTION FRONT OF ARABESTAND A THE FLORIDATION OF ARABESTAND A THE PROID OF SOMFRONDATION BORNESS AND BARRED IN MAXIM STATES OFFICES IN BASER AND BARRED IN MAXIM THE TWO DEATHTONS COUTTURES AND THAT THE PLOT HAS THOSE OFFICES OF THAT THE PLUBTICES OF SAIL THAT THE PODITIONS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP

B. COMMINT: YAZDI IS PROBATLI RIGHT THOUS TAL ACCIVITITS IN HANNAN MEADESTAN HATING A SPILLOUR SEFECT IN
IRAC. BE AS TERCAINLY RIGHT ADOUT THE PROBIS LACE OF
ABILITY TO INFLUENCE OURSE ACTIVITIES ONE WAY BE ASTROMALIZED AND ALMOST INVANIABLE SUGGEST THESE.
OR NO CENTRAL CONTENDA SITUATION THE INFLUENCE OF THE SOURCE IN THE STORE AS THE ASTROMATION OF THE TRANSPORT OF THE SHAPE OF THE STORE OF THE STORE

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Lelira GEASS : CONFIDENTIAL CHAGE: PATE - 722 APPRV CHA CWAAAS APPRVE CHARCOWNAAS
TRITTE: POL: VITOMSETH, CLTAR: NONE CISTR: POL PET CLEAR: NONE

E.O. 12065; GDS 6/20/85 (TOMSETH, V.L.) OR-P
TAGS: PEPR, IR, RP
SUBJ: IDENTITIES OF FILIPINO MUSLIM DELEGATION MEMPERS

REF: A. TERRAN 4844, B. STATE 148101, C. MANITA 11917

(C - ENTIRE TEXT: REPORTING CABLE)

2. OTHER THAN DELEGATION LEADER NUR MISAURI, VE HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO IDENTIFY MEMBERS OF DELEGATION WHICH VISITED TERRAN. PER PARA 9 REF C, WE DO NOT BELIEVE THAT PGOI IS GAPABLE OF CONSCIOUS CYNICAL MANUDULARIO. PEGI IS GAPABLE OF CONSCIOUS CYNICAL MANIPULATION OF POLITICAL RHETORIC. RATHER, THE RECEPTION OF MISAURI'S DELEGATION AT THE SAME TIME RELATIONS, WITH GOP OTHERWISE APPEAR TO BE NORMAL IS, IN OUR VIEW, PRIMARILY A FUNCTION OF THE BUALLTY OF GOVERNMENT IN THIS COUNTRY. OR THE ONE HAND, THE PGGI IS ATTEMPTING TO ADMINISTER THE NATION'S HAND, THE POOL IS ATTEMPTING TO ADMINISTER THE NATION'S AFFAIRS—INCLUDING ITS FOREIGN AFFAIRS—IN A NORMAL MANNER WHILE, ON THE OTHER, THE REVOLUTIONARY ISLAMIC MOVEMENT UNDER ATATOLIAH KHOMEINI'S GUIDANGE OPERATES ON A DIFFERENT PLANK. THE LATTER FREQUENTLY INVOLVES AT LEAST LENDING MORAL SUPPORT TO OTHER ISLAMIC REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENTS. THE PGOI FREQUENTLY IS CAUGHT IN A POSITION OF PLAYING CATCH-UP TO KHOMEINES POLICY DIRECTIVES. IN THE PROCESS ITS BEHAVIOR CAN DE SCRIZOPHRENIC IN THE EXTINGE. MAAS CONTINUMTAT. TERRAN SAZA 39 #6426

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TRERAN 6423

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DE RUQMER #6563 175 **
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RUGHGU/AMEMBASSI ANKADARUEHAD/USINT BAGHDĀD
RUGHDH/AMCONSUL DHAHRAN
RUGHDD/AMEMBASSI DOHA
RUSDEK/AMEMBASSI ISLAMABAD
RUGMRA/AMEMBASSI KABUL
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RUDTC/AMEMBASSI KUWAIT
RUDTC/AMEMBASSI KONDON
RUGMAM/AMEMBASSI MANAMA
RUEHMO/AMEMBASSI MANAMA
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RUHEHMO/AMEMBASSI MUSCAT
FRUFNPS/AMEMBASSI PARIS

CONFIDENTIAL TERRAN 08563.

E.O. 12965: GDS 6/24/85 (TOMSETE, V.L.) OR-P TAGS: SHUM, IR SUBJ: WOMEN'S RIGHTS IN REVOLUTIONARY IRAN

REF: TEHRAN 5759

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT; REPORTING CABLE)

- 2. SUMMARY: THE POSITION OF WOMEN IN REVOLUTIONARY AND ISLAMIC IRAN CONTINUES TO ERODE. EFFORTS TO SQUEZZE WOMEN OUT OF GOVERNMENT AGENCIES PERSISTS. THE RECENTLY PUBLICIZED DRAFT CONSTITUTION CONTAINS SEVERAL PROVISIONS THAT IMPLY CONSIDERABLE CIRCUMSPECTION OF THE AREA OF ACTIVITY WHICH WILL BE LEGITIMATELL OPEN TO WOMEN. DESPITE THEIR RELATIVELY FEW NUMBERS, THE POLITICAL STRENGTH OF IRANIAN WOMEN WHO MAY BE PREPARED TO RESIST RESTRICTION OF THEIR RIGHTS SHOULD NOT BE UNDERESTIMATED. END
- THE POSITION OF WOMEN IN REVOLUTIONARY IRAN CONTINUES TO ERODE. RECENTLY, A GROUP OF FRALE TRAINESS FOR THE JUDICIARY WAS BARRED FROM A SWEARING-IN CEREMONY AT THE MINISTRY OF JUSTICE. THE WOMEN, ALONG WITH A NUMBER OF SUPPORTERS, IMMEDIATELY LAUNCRED A SIT-IN, A DEVELOPMENT WHICH APPEARS TO HAVE FIGURED IN JUSTICE MINISTER ASSADOLLAR MODASHERI'S RESIGNATION JUNE 20. BEFORE HE DEFARTED THE MINISTRY, HOWEVER, MODASHERI "UNOFFICIALLY" THYORMED THE WOMEN THAT THEIR SIT-IN WOULD BE IN VAIN, SINCE THE CIVIL JUDICIARY ITSELF WOULD SOON BE OUT OF JUSINESS. IN OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCIES, TOO, THERE APPEARS TO BE A CONCERTED CAMPAIGN AT LEAST TO REDUCE THE PROFILE OF WOMEN EMPLOYEES IF NOT FORCE THEM OUT COMPLETELY. AS REFORTED IN REFTEL, A FAVORITE TECHNIQUE IN THE SHIFT WOMEN INTO LESS IMPORTANT JOBS, PRESUMBLY IN SHIFT WOMEN INTO LESS IMPORTANT JOBS, PRESUMBLY IN SHIFT WOMEN INTO LESS IMPORTANT JOBS, PRESUMBLY TRANSPORT.

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TEHRAN 6563

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CLEAR: NONE

CLASS : CONFIDENTIAL

APPRV: CHG: LBLAINGEN BRTTD: POL: VLTOMSETH/F

DISTR: CH3 POL-3 ECON OR ICA RF

CHROE: STATE 5/24

4. THE NEW CONSTITUTION HAS ALSO CAUSED CONSIDERABLE CONSTRRACTION. SEVERAL PROVISIONS IMPLY A DRASTIC CIRCUMSPECTION OF THE AREA OF ACTIVITY WHICH WILL BE LEGITIMATELY OPEN TO WOMEN. ARTICLE 11 DEFINES THE FUNDAMENTAL UNIT OF IRAN'S REVOLUTIONARY ISLAMIC SOCIETY AS THE FAMILY AND STATES THAT THE RIGHTS OF THE FAMILY AS A UNIT WILL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER TROSE OF INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF IT. ARTICLE 12 GOES ON TO ENSHRINE THE PRIMACY OF THE MOTHER IN REARINS CHILDREN AND ENJOINS THAT FAMILY LAWS SHOULD PROVIDE MOTHERS WITH MATERIAL AND SPIRITUAL OPPORTUNITIES SO THAT THEY CAN CAN ATTENDS...TO THE HIGHLY FALUED MATERNAL DUTIES THAT ARE ENTRUSTED TO THEM..."

ARTICLE 28, WHICH STATES THAT "EVERY PERSON HAS THE STORY TO CHOOSE THE PROFESSION HE WISHES, PROVIDED IT IS NOT IN CONTRAVENTION OF ISLAM OR THE PUBLIC INTEREST, ALSO SEEMS AN OPEN—ENDED INVITATION TO LIMIT THE FREEDOM OF WOMEN TO CHOOSE CAREERS OTHER THAN THOSE OF MARRIAGE AND MOTHERROOD.

25. THE PRACTICAL EFFECTS OF THE ISLAMIC MOVEMENT'S DE-TERMINATION TO CONFINE IRANIAN WOMEN TO THE NURSERY AND THE KITCHEN WILL BE LIMITED IN SCOPE SINGE THE VAST EMAJORITY OF IRANIAN WOMEN HAD NEVER LEFT THOSE PLACES. ENOWSVER, A SIGNIFICANT MINORITY APPEARS DETERMINED TO TRESIST THE IMPOSPTION OF RESTRICTIONS ON ITS MEMBERS' TRESDOM, THEIR STRENGTH SHOULD NOT BE UNDERESTIMATED. SIT WAS, AFTERALL, WOMEN WHO FORCED KHOMEIN TO MAKE HIS SPIRST SIGNIFICANT POLITICAL CONCESSION BACK IN MARCH OVER THE ISSUE OF HEJAB OR THE WEARING OF THE VEIL. LAINGEN BT

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TO THE RESIDENCE OF TAINS FOUR ITEMS.
TO ARREST A CONTROL MORSE. (RESTRUCTED NO. 15.4); DUTTING MORSE. (CONFIDENTIAL)
TO CHER STOTETICAN DIVILOPMENTS. (RECRETIMOFORM)

PART O PURINALIZATE TO CHE THOFORM

4. THE STATE OF HO CHANGE. (U)

4. CERTIFOR HO CHANGE. (U)

4. CERTIFOR FOR A PALL PARASI AFRICAT SINCE THE MID-1910'S THERE.

HAVE BEEN VINE CONFIGURET KILITARY CONFICTS IN AFRICA. THESE BARS

ARE IMPORTANT INDICATORS OF MILITARY CON POLITICAL TRENDS OR THE

CONTINUE TO AND ILLUSTRATE THE FROLIFFRATION OF WARED CONFLICT AND

TILITARY EQUIPMENT IN AFRICA. THEY PROVIDE US WITH SOME LESSONS

TO BE LIBENDO, BOTH ON THE COVIET ROLE IN AFRICA, AND ON THE

CHANGEN MATURE OF AFRICAN MARFARS.

FIRST. THE ANGULAN CIVIL WAR (1975). AND THE COADEN WAR BETWEEN DESCRIPTION THE ANGOLAN CIVIL WAR (1975), AND THE OGADEN WAR BETWEEN CHILIPPIA AND SOMALIA (1977) WERE WATERSHEDS OF SOVIET POLICY IN.
AFRICA. THEY SET THE PRECEDENT OF INTERVENTION BY SOVIET SURROGATES,
IN THE THEM OF CURAY COMBAT TROOPS, INTO LOCAL COMPLICTS WITH THE
FILL LOCISTICAL SUPPORT OF THE SOVIET UNION. FILL LOGISTICAL SUPPORT OF THE SQUIET UNION.
MOSCOS AND MANACH HAVE BEEN OPPORTUNISTIC. PUT SELECTIVE IN IMMIN
MILITARY TOUCHMEMENTS. FOR EXAMPLE, IN ENTIREA, THEY PROVIDED.
LOCITICAL, ADVISORY, AND TRAINING SUPPORT TO THIOPIAN FORCES, BUT
DEMIED RACHESTS TO COMMIT CUBAN ERGUND INCOPS.
MISCORD AND HAVARA APPEARED PUZZLED BY THE TAXCANIA-UBANDA WAR. AND
SIGNO AND INCLINATION TO INTERVENE ON EITHER SIDE. THE SOVIETS WERE

THE THE POLITICAL CONSEQUENCES OF AN INTERVENTION AND PROTHE PARTY OF APPARENT STRAIGGIC ADVANTAGES. IN THE AFRICAN CONTEXT,
THE SELECT AND WAR WAS SIGNIFICANT, BECAUSE, FOR THE FIRST TIME
TO COMMAND THE POLITICAL STATE INVADED, DEFEATED, AND DEPOSED
THE LEST THE ANCIMENT IN ADDITION, IT SHOWED THE WEAKNESS OF
THE FACT, IN BEALTH WITE INTER-STATE CONFLICTS.
ASSISTED IN BEALTH WARS, THREE CANGOLA, OGADEN, TANZAMIA-UGANDADAM
COMPLES. OF THE BINZ WARS, THREE CANGOLA, OGADEN, TANZAMIA-UGANDADAM
COMPLES. OF THE BINZ WARS, THREE CANGOLA, OGADEN, TANZAMIA-UGANDADAM
COMPLES. OF THE BINZ WARS, THREE CANGOLA, OGADEN, TANZAMIA-UGANDADAM
COMPLES. OF THE BINZ WARS, THREE CANGOLA, OGADEN, TANZAMIA-UGANDADAM
COMPLES. OF THE BINZ WARS, THREE CANGOLA, ORDERN, TOUR OTHERS (SHABA
COMPLES OF THE BINZ WARS, THREE CONVENTIONAL, GROWING QUI OF
THE COMPLETE TO BECAME CONTENTS FOR CONTROL OF TERRITORY. THERE WARS
DISCUSSIONATION TO BECAME CONTENTS FOR CONTROL OF TERRITORY. THERE WARS
DISCUSSIONATION TO BECAME CONTENTS FOR CONTROL OF THE WARS REMAIN.
THE SHAPLING CATURE OF WARFART IN AFRICA CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO THE
CHOOSING CATURE OF WARFART IN AFRICA CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO THE
CHOOSING ASLATIVE SOPPISTICATION OF COME OF THE MILITARY ESTABLISHWENTER, A TO THE SEPARATION OF COME OF THE MILITARY ESTABLISH. TAGE 3 RUSNAMARRAA S E C R E T NOFORN

MANAGERS OF MANES OF CAM COURSE ISS ARE EMERGASING IN SIZE ARE MEMBERS

PROT 4 RUSHARA2044 S E C R R I NOFORN

WAR HODERN MEAPONS; HAVE IN SOME CASES, DEMONSTRATED A RAPID

MORILIZATION CAPASLITY, AND HAVE EVIDENCED BROWTH IN OVERALL SKILL

LOVELS, WHICH MAKES THE CONDUCT OF CONVENTIONAL WARFARE POSSIBLE.

DIS-SAHARAN APPICA'S LARGEST ARMIES ARE LISTED BELOW: NIGERIA

193.737: SIDAM 43.837; ETHIOPIA 210.2003 SOMALIA 35.803 IANZANIA

AM.303; SOUTH AFRICA 22.200 (PLUS 240.000 (READY RESERVED).

THIS TERM TOWARD MORE MODERN AND SUBSTANTIAL MILITARY FORCES

MOUNDED THE SOVIETS WITH A CONTINUING ROLE TO PLAY IN AFRICA. AS

THE SCHOPE SUBELIER OF MILITARY EQUIPMENT. THE VALUE OF BOVIET.

"LITARY ECMIPMENT DELIVERIES TO AFRICA. SOUTH OF THE SAHARA, HAS

"MESSED FROM 530 MILLION IN 1973, TO \$1.7 BILLION IN 1976.

THE EVALUING MILITARY SITUATION IN AFRICA. WITH EXPANDING MILITARY

10 TROVIDS FERTILE GROUND FOR SOVIET AND CUBAN INVOLVEMENT. THE

ICHTER TOWARD MILITARY SOLUTIONS TO AFRICAN PROBLEMS. AS IS EVIDENCED.

THE SERVICTY NIME AFRICAN WARC, WILL CONTINUE TO PROVIDE OPPORE

THESE FOR SOVIET EXPLOITATION. (SOURCE: DESUCOM 12, VARIOUS)

7. COMPIDENTIAL ALL PARAS) IRANI WE WERE CONCERNED THAT THE CONTINUE NAL INSUE WOULD ACCELERATE THE PROCESS OF GROWING DESTA-

PASS A RUSNABARBAY S C R E T NOFORN

SALIZATION THAT ME SEE DEVELOPING. DESPITE THE FACT THAT THE
GOVERNMENT LEE APPEARANTLY WEATHERD THE CONSTITUTIONAL CRISTS, A
STEADLY DETERIOR FIND SITUATION IS STILL EXPECTED FOR THE PORETORSON DATE HTS FOWER, SINCE THE REVOLUTION IN JANUARY, OPPOSITION
RESOURCE FUTURE, WHILE THE CURRENT BRANIAN LEADERSHIP HAS FAILED TO
FORMAL MADE ALSO FAILED TO GRANIZE OR SIGNIFICANTLY REPAID THEIR
POWER. THE PASSIC REASON HAS BEEN AYATOLLAH KHOMEINI'S MASS APPEAL.
DESTINATION OF COLD HIS CUPPOIT WHICH WILL NOT OMLY MEAKEN HIS OWN
TASTITION, ANT WILL FUEL THE OPONING DISTATISFACTION WITH HIS ISLABIC
MOUNTMENT, AT THE GAME TIME, THE OPPOSITION SROUPS ARE ALSO EXPERITHORNOOD DISSENSION WITHIN THEIR PRANKS. THERE IS, THUS, A FACTIONAL
TATION OF DESCRIPTION ORDINES BOTH IN AND OUT OF POWER, COUPLED WITH
A STORYING DISSENSION MEANT ARCHOST THE POPLE ACE WHO ARE COMING TO
REALIZE THAT THEIR LIVES ARE WORSE BOY THAN THEY WERE BEFORE.

LEWISTON OF THE HIMSON ASENOUS PROBLEM, WERCUITONS, BOY OVER 386.

Wilson IMIVATE AFRESTS REMAIN UNSETTLING FACTORS, AS DOES TO VIOLENCE IN THE CIRETE.

PROPORTY THE STRONGEST GROUPS IN THE COUNTRY ARE INTELLIBRIUM.

FARE . RUTE/A=A2644 S E C R E T BOFORM

MIMPRITIES. OF THESE GROUPS. THE MENDS ARE BEST ABLE TO PROTECT.

THEIR OWN INTERESTS. THE ARABS IN MUZESTAN, HOWEVER, COULD CAUSE

THE MOST SERIOUS PROBLEMS. THE GROWING DESTABLIZATION WILL

MOST OF THE WILL WEARNITHE CENTRAL AUTHORITY OF THE COVERNMENT.

HARTS SEEMINGLY IRRATIONAL BEHAVIOR TOWARDS OTHER COUNTRIES WAS

DESTLYTD IN EVEN FURTHER TROUBLES FOR THE ISLAMIC MOVERENT. THE

HARTS LEADERSHIP HAS LANCKED A STRIDENT CAMPAIGN AGAINST ALLEGBU
TRAIN TURBORT FOR THE MARKED HE AS SAILITY TO PROMOTE SEPARATIST

AND ORDERS IN THIS DISRUMBRECAUSE OF TRAPS ABILITY TO PROMOTE SEPARATIST

AND ORDERS IN THIS DISRUMBRECAUSE OF THE SOUTH ACCESS TO SHITE RELIGIOUS

ALTES IN THAC AND IN THE ABSENCE OF AN EFFECTIVE TRANSAN ARMY DEPLOY

A CUPPRISH MELITARY FORCE. MODEINI'S ATTITUDE TOWARD THE U.S. AND

THE SOUTET MICH IS ALSO COSTINE TRAN VITAL ASSISTANCE BOTH IN THE

PACKETER IN COUNTER SUPPORT FOR BALUCHI SEPARATISTS.

IN SUMMARY, WE EXPECT THE IRGNIAN SITUATION TO DETERIORATE OVER
THE COUNTRY MOVING, IC A POINT WHERE KNOMEINI WILL EVENTUALLY NO
POINT AS IN CONTROL. (SOURCE) USERCOM JO

PRESIDENT PROBLEM OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE PROBLEM OF

PAGE 2 RUSSASSIAS DE C.S.E.T. SOSSET

DETM MOD-1 MATIETTS. "DEFENDACE

C. (SAMBEORE) UNDER CONSTITUTE OF TAX DESCRIPTION OF THE STRUMPS

SOUTH TOCKESS THAT AS HAVING PROSPECTION OF THE MALE TEST FOR

TRANTY LIMITS. WIS PROVIDED BY RESPECTION OF THE MALE ADE

WITH 18 - FASKI WASSETANTLY PROVIDE THESE, SPACES WITH STRUMPS ADE

D. (8) HIST DESTROYAL VAN LANGER TOTAL TOTAL WITH STATE AND THE MALE ADE

D. (8) HIST DESTROYAL VAN LANGERS FOR THE STATE OF THE MARKET AND THE MALE ADE

OR WILLIAM TOTAL OFFICE ADD-4 TYCE THIS SOFT. "GOSFOLIO" MOUNTER WITH THE

A. (D) INDICATIONS ON WARRIOUS CIONS CTUBERS THERE SAI TO CHARGES IN THE THE STATUT ST

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INFO RUQMBI/AMTMBASSY ABU DHABI 3165

RUQMGU/AMEMBASSY ANYARA 0164

RUEBAD/USINT BACHDAD 0169

RUQMDH/AMCONSUL DHAHRAN 0139

RUQMOD/AMEMBASSY DOHA 0142

RUSBQD/AMEMBASSY ISLAMABAD 0198

RUGMRA/AMEMBASSY JIDDA 0191

RUSBLI/AMEMBASSY JIDDA 0191

RUSBLI/AMEMBASSY KUWAIT 0169

RUDTC/AMEMBASSY KUWAIT 0169

RUDTC/AMEMBASSY KUWAIT 0169

RUTEMO/AMEMBASSY MOSCOW 0181

RUQMMT/AMEMBASSY MOSCOW 0181

RUQMMT/AMEMBASSY MUSCAT 0074

RUTEMO/AMEMBASSY PARIS 0210

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CLASS: CONFIDENTIAL
CHRGE: STATE 7/8
APPRV: CHG:LBLAINGEN
DRIFTD: POL:VLTOMSETH/BJF;
CLEAR: PCL:CCLEMENT
DISTR: CHG POL-2 ECON
DAO MAAG ICA
RF CHRON

E.O. 12065: GDS 7/8/85 (TOMSETH, V.L.) OR-P TAGS: PGOV, IR SUBJ: IRANIAN CONSTITUTION

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT)

22. SUMMARY: DEPOFF CLEMENT AND POLCOUNS TALKED THIS PAST WEEK WITH MINISTER OF STATE FOR REVOLUTIONARY PROJECTS SARABI AND MINISTER OF NATIONAL GUIDANCE MINACHI ABOUT IRAN'S DRAFT CONSTITUTION AND PLANS FOR ITS PROMULGATION. END SUMMARY.

3. SAHABI SAID THAT IT HAD ORIGINALLY BEEN THE PGOI'S PLAN TO HAVE A FULL-PLEDGED CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY OF SEVERAL HUNDRED DELEGATES DEBATE THE CONSTITUTION, BUT THAT, AS WEETS DRAGGED INTO MONTHS DURING THE DRAPTING PROCESS, IT CAME TO BE RECOGNIZED THAT TIME WAS OF INCHEASING IMPORTANCE. THE SMALLER ASSEMBLY OF EXPERTS (SHORA-YE-KHEBRESAN) WAS CONSCOUENTLY HIT UPON AS THE BEST MEANS OF GETTING THE DRAFT QUICKLY REVIEWED AND TO THE PUBLIC FOR APPROVAL. MINACHI, WHO WAS A MEMBER OF THE COMMITTEE WHICH PREPARED THE INITIAL DRAFT, ESTIMATED THAT THE ASSEMBLY WOULD TAKE APPROXIMATELY A MONTH TO DO ITS WORK. ELECTIONS ARE TENTATIVELY SCHEDULED FOR THE END OF JULY WHICH, IF MINACHI'S SCHEDULE HOLDS, WOULD MEAN THAT THE DRAFT WOULD BE READY TO BE PUT TO A REFERNEND OF JULY WHICH, IS MINACHI'S SCHEDULE HOLDS, WOULD SEARCH THE MINACHI'S ESTIMATE OF BARLY AUTUM FOR COMPLETION OF THE ENTIRE PROCESS, I.E., APPROVAL AND PROMIL—GATION OF THE ENTITIED PROCESS, I.E., APPROVAL AND PROMIL—GATION OF THE CONSTITUTION, MAJLES AND PRESIDENTIAL BLECTIONS AND INSTALLATION OF A NEW GOVERNMENT.

4. WHEN ASKED IF THE DRAFT RECENTLY PUBLISHED WAS CLOSE TO THE INITIAL DRAFT HIS COMMITTEE HAD PREPARED, MINACHI SAID THAT KHOMEINI HAD MADE ONLY "A PEW MINOR CHANGES." SAHABI STRESSED THAT THE DRAFT IS JUST THAT, I.B., A

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WORKING DOCUMENT WHICH MAY BE AMENDED BY THE ASSEMBLY WHEN IT TAKES IT UP FOR DEBATE. ALL IRANIANS THEORETICALLY HAVE A RIGHT TO COMMENT UPON THE DRAFT AND THE ASSEMBLY IS SUPPOSED TO TAKE THEIR VIEWS INTO CONSIDERATION. MINACHI SAID THAT SAHABI'S OFFICE IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COLLATING THESE VIEWS AND PRESENTING THEM TO THE ASSEMBLY IN SOME FORM THAT WILL ALLOW IT TO MAKE APPROPRIATE AMENDMENTS.

5. WE HAVE GOTTEN THE IMPRESSION IN RECENT DAYS THAT
THE PGOI, IN THE FACE OF CONTINUING FRUSTRATIONS IN ITS
ATTEMPT TO BRING THE INFORMAL GOVERNMENT UNDER SOME DEGREE
OF CONTROL, HAS FIXED UPON PUTTING ITSELF OUT OF BUSINESS
AS THE BEST MEANS OF DEALING WITH THE MANIFOLD PROBLEMS
IRAN PRESENTLY CONFRONTS. IN OTHER WORDS, THE OVERRIDING
OPJECTIVE HAS BECOME GETTING A PROPERLY CONSTITUTED
GOVERNMENT IN PLACE AND THE MINOR TECHNICALITIES OF DOING

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COMPIDENTIAL TEHRAN 27127

E.O. 1265: UBS 7/9/85 (METRINGO, M.J.) OR-P TAGS: PEPR, PINS. IR BUBJ: NOTES ON OVENTS IN TABRIZ

BREF: TEERAN 07057

th. (C - ENTIRE TEXT)

THE POLLOWING TEXT CONSISTS OF NOTES WHICH THE FSN PROXINCIAL (DVISOR (PROTECT) FROM AMCONSULATE TABRIZ PROTE ON REJENT EVENTS IN TABRIZ.

3. "EICEPT FOR SOME SEVERE CLASHES BETWEEN THE KHOMEINI AND SHARIATMADARI GROUPS, TABRIZ HAS BEEN COMPARATIVELY QUIET FOR THE PAST MONTH. THE T.V. STATION WAS OCCUPIED TWO TIMES FOR A SHORT WHILE BY AN ARMED GROUP FOR THE PARTY OF "JOHUNT-E-KHALQ MOSALMAN-E-THAR" (SUPPORTERS OF SHARIATMADARI) WHO WERE PROTESTING THAT THE T.V. DOES NOT SHOW THEIR DEPONSTRATIONS PROPERLY (THE T.V. DOES NOT BOOW THEIR DEPONSTRATIONS PROPERLY (THE T.V. DOES NOT DO IT BECAUSE SEVERAL THOUSAND DEMONSTRATORS WOULD RAISE SHARIATMADARI PICTURES, BUT NONE FROM KHOMEINI). A BIG ELVALRY GOES ON BETWEEN ATATOLLAR GAZI AND MADANI (KHOMEINI'S SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE IN TABRIZ) ON ONE HAND AND MANY IMPORTANT LEADING MULLAHS ON THE OTHER. THERE WERE ARMED CLASHES BETWEEN SOME OF THEIR COMMITTIES. THE MORE PEOPLE GET FRUSTRATED THE BIGGER JUTS SHARIATMADARI AND LEFTIST GROUPS.

THEY SHOW MORE SENSITIVENESS TO ANY DISHESPECT OR LAGGLY TO SYNCHOLD AFTER THE OPPOSITIONS AND INSULTS ACULT TO EYELODE AFTER THE OPPOSITIONS AND INSULTS ACULT TO EYELODE AFTER THE OPPOSITIONS AND INSULTS OF SHARIATMADARI ABOUT THREE WEEKS AGO IN COM. PROPLE FROM MORAND ELCSED THATER SHOPS AND CAME TO JOIN TABRIZIA'S IN "DESTROYIM" HET ACRED FOR AN INSULT TO THEE MELIGIOUS LEADER" AS SOME OF THEM SHOUTED; BUT THEY EPICONFER AT SHARIATMADARI'S TELEPHONE ORDER.

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THE REW GOVERNOR GENERAL IS BELIEVED TO BE GOOD-TORNOTHING. FRUSTRATION PREVAILS EVERY WHERE: PROPLE LO NOT SHOW SAME EXPLUSIASM IN PARTICIPATING IN MACRIFURGE CROUPS AS BEFORE. THE SHOPKEPERS ON THE MAIN STREET LAUTHED WHEN THEY SAW GAZI WITH A GROUP OF LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED MARCHING IN SUPPORT OF ISLAMIC JUSTICAL STIBUNALS. ONLY SOME PARTIES COULD ORDANIZE A LARCHING OF ABOUT 12-02 THOUSAND PROPLE FOR THE PURPOSE.

B. THE TOP NEWS EGG TOR PUBLIC IN THE PAST TWO WER'S HAS SEEN THE UNIVERSITY PURGE. THE FIRST LIST OF TISSIESSALS INCLUEED 12 PROPESSORS, 10 SMPLCYEFS AND A POTENT STUDENTS; THE SECOND LIST WHICH CAME OUT HAST WITH LISTLUCES 11 PROPESSORS (THREE FROM ENGLISH LAFARTMENT), 40 STUDENTS AND A FEW EMPECIESS. THE LITTLE LIST WILL COME OUT THIS WEEK. THE UNIVERSITY IS MORPHARING FOR A STRIFE. THEY THINK THAT THE PURE ECOLUMN OF THE PURGE COMMITTEE WANT TO CASATE A REVACUUM IN THE UNIVERSITY ELUCATIONAL ORGANIZATION.

C. "RECENT ARRESTS INCLUDE THE REPRESENTATIVES OP.

TO ALTHOUGH A PEW PAPERS (BAILY OR WEEKLY) ARE PUBLISHED TORKISH (MOSTLT WITH COMMUNISTIC AND TURKISH NATION-LALISTIC IDEAS) AND THAT PARTIES LIKE AZARBAIJAN DEMONICATIC PARTY ARE REORGANIZING THEMSELVES. TURKISH SHATIONAL FEFLING IS NOT STRONG IN TABRIZ. LIFTIST GROUPS ARE WELL ORGANIZED EVERYWHERE; A CONSIDERABLE HUMBER OF INTELLECTUALS AND LABORERS SUPPORT THEM.

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EO 12065 GDS 5/5/85

SUBJECT: COUNTRY PLAN PROPOSAL REFERENCE: TEERAN 4806 CLASSIFIED BY: BICHARD B. CURTISS, DEPUTY DIR., CLASSIFIED BY: RICHARD H. CURTISS, DEPUTY DIR., NEA
1. (C) APPRECIATE TOUR BCR SUBMISSION AND BELIEVE A WORKING
DOCUMENT IMPORTANT AND USEFUL. TOWARD THAT END, AND BASED ON
YOUR THOUGHTS AND INPUT OF SNOW AND MCAFEE, WE OFFER THE FOLLOVING AS RECOMMEADED BCR, ISSUES AND PROGRAM PLANS. DO NOT
BELIEVE THAT PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES MAKE FEASIBLE PROJECT PROPOSALS AND SUGGEST THAT THIS PART OF CP BE HELD IN ABETANCE
UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THEY MIGHT BE FEASIBLE. IN THE MEANTIME,
BCR AND PROGRAM PLANS SHOULD OUTLINE EFFECTIVELY IOUR NEEDS AND PROBLEMS AS A BASIS FOR WHATEVER WASHINGTON SUPPORT SEEMS IN-DICATED AND WHATEVER POST ACTION SEEMS PRUDENT AND POSSIBLE. AT SUCE TIME AS YOU BELIEVE AN INSTITUTIONAL ANALYSIS CAN BE DRAWN WITE SOME VALIDITY, PLEASE FORWARD THAT TO NEA.

2. BCR IRAN CONTINUES TODAY IN THE AFTERSHOCK OF THE REVOLUTION A. IRAN CONTINUES TODAL IN THE AFTERSHOCK OF THE REVOLUTION WHICE EROUGHT DOWN THE GOVERNMENT OF SHAH MOHAMMAD REZA PARLATI. ARRESTS AND EXECUTIONS CONTINUE, UNEMPLOYMENT IS ESTIMATED AT OVER THREE MILLION, TRIBAL AND ETHNIC MINORITIES ARE AGITATING FOR AUTONOMY, MINORITY RELIGIONS ARE FEARFUL, AND OPPOSITION POLITICAL GROUPS WRESTLE WITH WAYS AND MEARS TO PROMOTE THEIR INTERESTS AND THWART THE POLITICAL ASCENDANCY OF ISBAMIC FUNDAMENTALISM.

B. AUTRORITY IN THE COUNTRY IS DIFFUSE WITH THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT OF PRIME MINISTER MENDI BAZARGAN STRUGGLING TO ESTABLISH CONTROL AND WREST EFFECTIVE POWER FROM A WELTER OF LOCAL KOMITERS WHICH SPRANG UP DURING THE REVOLUTION. REAL POWER IN IRAN CONTINUES IN THE HANDS OF RELIGIOUS LEADERS WITH THE CHARISMATIC HEAD OF THE REVOLUTION, AYATOLLAH KHOMEINI,

THE CENTRAL FIGURE.
C. ECONOMIC ACTIVITY WITHIN IRAN REMAINS LARGELY PARALYZED. APART FROM THE OIL INDUSTRY WHICH IS ONCE AGAIN PRODUCING AND REFINING SUFFICIENT QUANTITIES TO MEET DOMESTIC NEEDS AND RESUME EXPORTS ON A REDUCED SCALE, VIRTUALLY ALL INDUSTRIAL

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ACTIVITY REMAINS AT A STANDSTILL. THE SPEED AND VIGOR WITH WHICH IT WILL EVENTUALLY REVIVE REMAINS UNCERTAIN GIVEN POLITICAL VICISSITUDES, PUBLIC ATTITUDES, THE FLIGHT OF CAPITAL PRECEDING THE REVOLUTION, AND THE DEPARTURE OF LARGE NUMBERS OF ESSENTIAL MANAGERS AND TECHNOCRATS (BOTH IRANIAN AND FOREIGN). RESULTANT UNEMPLOYMENT, ESTIMATED AS HIGH AS 3.5 MILLION OF A TOTAL POPULATION OF ONLY ABOUT 35 MILLION, COULD EFFECTIVELY THWART THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT'S RESTABILIZATION EFFORTS AND SERIOUSLY UNDERMINE THE FRAGILE POLITICAL EQUATION COUNTRYWIDE.

D. THE PROMISED NEW CONSTITUTION AND REFORMS TO REDEESS HUMAN RICHTS ABUSES IN IRAN HAVE BEEN SLOW INCOMING. ALTHOUGH A DRAFT OF THE CONSTITUTION HAS BEEN PUBLISHED, ELECTIONS FOR A CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY TO CONSIDER IT HAVE BEEN POSTPONED. THE SAVAK PRISONS, WHICH WERE EMPTIED DURING THE REVOLUTION, HAVE BEEN REFILLED WITH PRISONERS ACCUSED OF A VARIETY OF CRIMES AGAINST THE PROPLE DURING THE SHAH'S REIGH, OFTEN TO BE SUMMARILY EXECUTED FOLLOWING CLOSED TRIALS CONDUCTED BY POPULAR SUPPORT FOR SUCH TRIALS IS SUBSTANTIAL AND THE VEHEMENT REACTION TO THE U.S. SENATE'S RESOLUTION CONDEMNING THEM SUCCESSTS THE DIFFICULTY WE WILL ENCOUNTER IN PRESSING U.S. HUMAN RIGHTS CONCERNS.

E. CULTURALLY IRAN IS IN FERMENT. PART AND PARRICULARLY AMERICAN, CULTURE. AYATOLLAR KHOMEINI HAS ANNOUNCED HIS INTENTION TO RESTRUCTURE THE EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM ALONG ISLAMIC LINES AND PURGE IT OF "DECADENT WESTERN, AND PARTICULARLY AMERICAN, CULTURE. AYATOLLAR KHOMEINI HAS ANNOUNCED HIS INTENTION TO RESTRUCTURE THE EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM ALONG ISLAMIC LINES AND PURGE IT OF "DECADENT WESTERN, INFLUENCES." IMPORTANT CULTURAL INSTITUTIONS HAVE BEEN CLOSED OR CONVERTED INTO SHOWEASES OF REVOLUTIONARY CULTURE. IRAN'S EARD—WON SUCCESSES IN ADVANCING WOMEN'S RIGHTS ARE BEING ERODED AS WOMEN ARE PRESSED

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TO RETURN TO THE TRADITIONAL VEIL OR "CHADOR" AND LEGAL PROTECTIONS AFFORDED THEM UNDER THE SHAH ARE THREATENED WITH RESCISSION. FOREIGNERS OF ALL SORTS ARE BEING EXPELLED FROM THE COUNTRY AS THE TIDE OF XENOPHOBIA RISES. AT THE SAME TIME, MANY IRANIANS CONTINUE TO RECOGNIZE THE INDISPENSABILITY OF SOME FORM OF FOREIGN CONTACT, AND MANY, PARTICULARLY THE WESTERN EDUCATED, OPPOSE THE MORE RIGID STRICTURES OF ISLAMIC FUNDAMENTALISM. INTEREST IN STUDYING FOREIGN LANGUAGES, PARTICULARLY ENGLISH, REMAINS HIGH AND LARGE NUMBERS OF IRANIAN STUDENTS CONTINUE TO ASPIRE TO WESTERN AND U.S. EDUCATIONS. IRAN'S FORMERLY CLOSE TIES TO THE UNITED STATES ARE CURRENTLY STRAINED ALMOST TO THE BREAKING POINT. EVEN THOSE TRADITIONALLY WESTWARD ORIENTED IN IRAN MUST, FOR THE PRESENT, ESCHEW VISIBLE CONTACT WITH US. IN A COUNTRY WHERE A "HIDDEN HAND" (GENERALLY THE U.S. THE SOVIETS, OR THE ISRAELIS) IS HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR EVERTHEING, THERE IS WIDESPREAD DISTRUST OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT. THE SUSPICION PREVAILS THAT THE U.S. ATTEMPTING TO FRUSTRATE THE GOALS OF THE REVOLUTION IN A VARIETY OF WAYS RANGING FROM EMPLOYING FORMER SAVAE AGENTS AS ASSASSINS AND EXPLOITERS OF DISCONTENT AND FOMENTERS OF INSURRECTION AMONG MINORITIES' TO THROTTLING IRAN'S ECONOMIC RECOVERY AND PUTURE DEVELOPMENT. DESPITE THIS AND EVEN IN THE FACE OF DENUNCIATIONS BY THE MOSLEM CLERCY, THINGS AMERICAN CONTINUE TO BE VALUED BY SECTORS OF THE IRANIAN POPULATION PARTICULARLY THE YOUTH AND MIDDLE CLASS. AMERICA, HAVING AMERICA, HAVING SPAWNED MANY OF THE LEADERS OF THE REVOLUTION, AND NOW HOME FOR MANY THOUSANDS OF IRANIAN STUDENTS IS VIEWED IN GENERAL TERMS SYMPATHETICALLY, BUT WITH THE DISTINCTION OFTEN DRAWN AS BETWEEN "THE PEOPLE" AND THE U.S. GOVERNMENT. G. DESPITE THE FEARS, DISAPPOINTMENTS AND FRUSTRATIONS ABOUT WHAT THEY SUSPECT OR MIGHT HAVE EXPECTED FROM THE U.S., LARGE NUMBERS OF IRANIANS CONTINUE TO BELIEVE THAT BOTH THEIR RECENT PAST AND THEIR DESTINY ARE INEXTRICABLY LINKED TO THE UNITED STATES. COMMUNICATION ON A ONE TO ONE BASIS IS STIT

SPONTANEOUS, CANDID AND OFTEN EVEN CORDIAL. BUT PUBLIC RHETORIC AS CONVEYED BY AN UNFORGIVING, OFTEN VITRIOLIC MEDIA, IS UNRELENTINGLY HOSTILE.

U.S. MISSION GOALS IN TRAN AT PRESENT ARE TO MAINTAIN AS Ħ OPEN AND COOPERATIVE A WORKING RELATIONSHIP WITH THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT AS POSSIBLE DESPITE INVECTIVE FROM THE ACHIEVING THIS GOAL MEDIA, RELIGIOUS LEADERS, AND EXTREMISTS. ACHIEVING THIS GOA IN A PSYCHOLOGICAL ATMOSPHERE WHEREIN THE USG (IN LEAGUE WITH THE U.S. MEDIA) IS ALLEGED TO BE AT THE ROOT OF ALL OF IRAN'S TROUBLES IS CONJECTURAL AT BEST, AND FURTHER COMPLICATED BY THE IMAGE IRAN PROJECTS INTERNATIONALLY. THE U.S. MEDIA'S COVERAGE OF THE IRANIAN REVOLUTION HAS TENDED TO BE NEWS AND NOT ANALYSIS-ORIENTED, FOCUSING UNSYMPATHETICALLY ON WHAT IS WRONG. CLOSELY MONITORING SUCH COVERAGE LEADS RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES IN IRAN TO CONCLUDE THAT AMERICA DOES NOT WISH THEM WELL, AND, CONTERSELY, TENDS TO CONFIRM IN AMERICAN MINDS THAT IRAN IS A DISASTER IN EVERY SPHERE. I. OUR CLOSE RELATIONSHIP WITH THE SHAH AND LONG-TERM SUPPORT OF HIS REGIME HAS NOT AND WILL NOT SOON BE FORGOTTEN. ITS LINGERING EFFECT IS TO CAST THE USG IN AN INTERVENTIONIST ROLE WHOSE PRACTICES BELIE ITS PRINCIPLES AND WHOSE PAST ACTIONS DENY IT THE MORAL AUTHORITY TO PASS JUDGMENT ON THE IRANIAN REVOLUTION .

J. WHILE INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS HAVE BEEN DWARFED BY IRAN'S DOMESTIC CONCERNS, ITS FOREIGN POLICY CAN BE EXPECTED TO REFILECT THE BIFURCATED STATE OF IRANIAN INTERNAL AFFAIRS. THAT IS TO SAY, THE OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT OF PRIME MINISTER BAZARGAN CAN BE EXPECTED TO MOVE AT A POLITICALLY FEASIBLE PACE TO NORMALIZE RELATIONS WITH THE U.S. AND WESTERN COUNTRIES AND, AT THE SAME TIME, TO REFLECT THE POLICIES OF THE AYATOLLAH AND BE SUBJECT TO HIS INTERFERENCE AT WILL. STATED AND EXPECTED POSITIONS INCLUDE:

-- DEEP ANTIPATHY FOR ISRAEL, CLOSE TIES WITH THE PLO, AND

 DEEP ANTIPATHY FOR ISRAEL, CLOSE TIES WITH THE PLO, AND SUNDERING OF IRAN'S TRADITIONAL SUPPORT FOR THE MODERATE ARAB STATES.

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                 SUPPORT FOR POLICIES FAVORED BY THE MORE RADICAL LDC'S IN
                 INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC PARTICIPATING IN THE NAM.
                                                               ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL FORA,
                                                                                                                                                                        INCLUDING
                HAWKISH POSITION IN OPEC
                 ANTIPATHY TOWARD THE PRO-SOVIET REGIME IN AFGHANISTAN
                 (SEEN TO
                                              BE ANTI-ISLAM).
 K. IRAN'S ECONOMIC POLICIES, ASIDE FROM RESPONDING TO IMMEDIATE SHORT TERM NEEDS, AND REJECTING THE GOALS AND EMPHASIS OF
THE SHAH'S GOVERNMENT, ARE NOT TET FULLY CLEAR. IT IS EX-
PECTED, HOWEVER, THAT IN ADDITION TO FAVORING THE POSITIONS OF
THE MORE RADICAL LDC'S AND BEING HAWKISH ON OIL PRICES, THAT
 THEY WILL BE PARTICULARLY SUSPICIOUS OF FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN
 FAN, THE ROLE OF MULTINATINAL CORPORATIONS AND THE RELEVANCE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY TO THEIR DEVELOPMENT NEEDS.
 DOMESTIC ECONOMIC POLICY IS LIKELY TO EMPHASIZE AGRICULTURE
 AND THE RURAL SECTORS WITH CONCENTRATED EFFORTS TO SHIFT
ELEMENTS OF THE UNEMPLOYED URBAN POPULATION TO RURAL AREAS.
                                                                                                                                                                            SHIFT
 INCREASE
 IRAN'S AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION AND DECREASE THEIR LARGE FOOD IMPORTS. HOW THIS WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED IS YET UNCLEAR.
            IRAN'S ACADEMIC INSTITUTIONS ONE YEAR AGO HAD SCORES OF
AMERICANS TEACHING, CONSULTING, ADVISING, RESEARCHING. NO MORE THAN A HANDFUL ARE LEFT AND THE UNIVERSITY CAMPUSES IN
THE AGGREGATE ARE FOR THE MOMENT ESCHEWING IMPORTED LECTURERS.
WITH THE LARGE SCALE EXODUS OF QUALIFIED PERSONNEL, BOTH IRAN IAN AND AMERICAN, THIS SITUATION MAY BE REVERSED, BUT CERTAINLY NOT UNTIL ANTI-FOREIGN, AND PARTICULARLY ANTI-AMERICAN
                                                                                                                                                                      BOTH IRAN-
TAINLY NOT UNTIL ANTI-FURBLEM, AND THE STREET OF THE STREE
PRIOR TO THE REVOLUTION WAS THE BINATIONAL CENTER (IRA
AMERICAN SOCIETY). BOTH THE ISFAHAN AND TEHRAN CENTERS EMERGED
FROM. THE REVOLUTIONARY VIOLENCE UNSCATHED (QUITE DE-
L'EFRATELY, ONE MUST PRESUME), AND HAVE RESUMED ENGLISH
TEACHING AND LIBRARY OPERATIONS (THE USICA LIBRARY IN TEHRAN
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IS LOCATED IN THE BNC). WHILE REVOLUTIONARY CADRES STILL OCCUPY THE SHIRAZ BUILDING, WE ARE HOPPFUL THAT THE GOVERNMENT CAN EFFECT ITS RETURN SOON AND THAT ENGLISH TEACHING CAN ALSO RESUME THERE. WE CONSIDER THE GONTINUANCE OF THESE INSTITUTIONS VERY IMPORTANT IN THIS EXTREMELY TENSE PERIOD OF U.S.-IRANIAN RELATIONS. THEY BECOME ALL THE MORE IMPORTANT WITH THE NECESSITY TO MOVE USICA OFFICES INTO THE HIGH SECURITY COMPINES OF THE CHANCERY GROUNDS. THE BNCS ARE NOW OUR ONLY WINDOWS TO IRANIAN AUDIENCES.

SISSUES AND CONCERNS
ISSUE ONE: IRANIANS HAVE A WIDESPREAD DISTRUST OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT. THE SUSPICION PREVAILS THAT THE U.S. IS ACTIVELY ATTEMPTING TO FRUSTRATE THE GOALS OF THE REVOLUTION, INTERVENING BOTH POLITICALLY AND ECCNOMICALLY. THE AMERICAN MEDIA, WITH THEIR UNSYMPATHETIC TREATMENT OF IRAN CONTRIBUTE TO AN IRANIAN PERCEPTION THAT AMERICA DOES NOT WISH IRAN WELL. FOR IRANIANS, LONG-TERM U.S. SUPPORT FOR THE SHAH HAS CAST THE U.S. IN AN INTERVENTIONIST ROLE WHOSE PRACTICES BELIE ITS PRINCIPLES AND DENY IT THE MORAL AUTHORITY TO PASS JUDGMENT ON THE IRANIAN REVOLUTION.

ISSUE TWO: WITH MANY IRANIANS, AND PARTICULARLY THE RELIGIOUS LEADERSHIP, THERE IS A REJECTION OF THE "MATERIALISM" AND DECADENCE" OF THE WEST INCLUDING AMERICAN SOCIETY, CULTURE, THOUGHTS AND VALUES. PARTICULARLY SUSPECT IN VIEW OF OUR SUPPORT OF THE SHAH IS U.S. HUMAN RIGHTS POLICY.

ISSUE THREE: THE PGOI IS SHARPLY CRITICAL OF THE SHAH S

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ECONOMIC POLICIES AND PRIORITIES, WHICH EMPHASIZED URBAN INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT, CONSUMER GOODS, ARMS PURCHASES, FOREIGN INVESTMENT AND FOREIGN EXPERTISE. THE U.S. AS A MAJOR SUPPLIER IN THESE SECTORS WILL ENCOUNTER SERIOUS DIFFICULTIES IN ATTEMPTING TO NORMALIZE ECONOMIC AND COMMERCIAL RELATIONS WITH IRAN. THE ROLE OF MULTINATIONALS AND FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN DEVELOPMENT, IF CONFUSED BEFORE, WILL BE FURTHER CLOUDED BY THEIR ASSOCIATION WITH THE ECONOMIC EXCESSES OF THE SHAR'S REGIME. IRANIAN HAWKISHNESS ON OIL PRICES AND REFUSAL TO CONSIDER THE IMPACT OF OIL PRICING ON AN INTERDEPENDENT WORLD ECONOMIC STRUCTURE ARE SERIOUS ISSUES FOR THE U.S. ISSUE FOUR: WHILE DOMESTIC CONCERNS PREDOMINATE OVER FOREIGN AFFAIRS IN TODAY'S IRAN, STATED AND EXPECTED POSTIONS OF THE IRANIAN PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT WILL FURTHER AGGRAVATE ALREADY TENSE U.S.—IRANIAN RELATIONS. SPECIFICALLY, IRAN WILL REFLECT A DEEP ANTIPATHY TOWARD ISRAEL AND U.S. MIDDLE BAST PEACE FFFORTS (SEEN TO BE IN ISRAEL'S INTERESTS). THE GOVERNMENT WILL BACK THE PLO AND HAS SUNDERED TRADITIONAL SUPPORT FOR THE MODERATE ARAB STATES. THE REGIME CAN BE EXPECTED TO SUPPORT THE POLICIES OF MORE RADICAL LDC'S IN INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL FORA, INCLUDING PARTICIPATION IN THE

NAM. 4. PROGRAM PLANS

PRIORITY NO. 1. ISSUE: THE U.S. AND THE IRANIAN REVOLUTION.
(1) THE U.S. SEEKS A COOPERATIVE AND OPEN RELATIONSHIP WITH IRAN. IT WILL NOT BE PARTY TO ANY ACTIONS WHICHARE DISRUPTIVE OR INTRUSIVE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF IRAN.

(2) THE U.S. ACKNOWLEDGES THE DEEP DESIRE OF THE IRANIAN MAJORITY FOR CHANGE. BORN OF A REVOLUTION OURSELVES, WE SYMPATHIZE WITH THOSE WHO LABOR FOR A MORE EQUITABLE AND JUST SOCIETY.

(3) U.S. HUMAN RIGHTS POLICIES REFLECT THE ESSENTIAL FABRIC OF AMERICAN SOCIETY AND THE CORE OF OUR BELIEFS. OUR COMMITMENT TO HUMAN RIGHTS IS OF TRANSCENDENT IMPORTANCE AND MUST SUPELCEDE SHORT TERM POLITICAL CONSIDERATIONS, EVEN AT THE

RISK OF ACCUSATIONS OF INTERVENTIONISM.

(4) THE AMERICAN MEDIA COVERAGE OF IRAN HAS TENDED TO BE NEWS
AND NOT ANALYSIS ORIENTED RESULTING IN PERCEPTIONS OF A LESS
THAN POSITIVE IMAGE OF IRAN'S REVOLUTION IN THE U.S.
NONETHELESS, U.S. MEDIA HAVE ATTEMPTED TO ADHERE TO FACTS AS
THEY SEE THEM AND HAVE SOUGHT TO REPORT EVENTS OBJECTIVELY.

(5) THERE WAS WIDESPREAD SYMPATHY FOR IRAN'S REVOLUTION IN
THE UNITED STATES. THIS CONTINUES TO BE THE CASE, BUT
SYMPATHY, FOTH IN THE U.S. AND INTERNATIONALLY, HAS BEEN
FRODED BY IRAN'S ON-GOING SEGRET TRIALS AND EXECUTIONS.
PPIORITY NO. 2. ISSUE: AMERICAN SOCIETY, CULTURE AND VALUES;
RELEVANCE TO IRAN

(1) RELIGION AND SPIRITUALISM IS A PART OF THE WEAVE OF AMERICAN HISTORY AND SOCIETY. AMERICA HAS A HISTORY OF RESPECT AND TOLERANCE FOR ALL RELIGIONS. ISLAM, IF LESS WELL KNOWN TO MOST AMERICANS, ENJOYS EQUAL RESPECT AND IS THE SUBJECT OF SCHOLARLY INTEREST IN OUR PREMIER ACADEMIC INSTITUTIONS.

(2) U.S. ADVANCES IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ARE A POSITIVE FORCE IN AMERICAN LIFE. THEY HAVE FREED THE INDIVIDUAL FROM MUCH THAT WAS DRUDGERY, AND ELEVATED THE QUALITY OF LIFE OF

ALL SECTORS OF OUR POPULATION.
(3) AMERICAN CULTURE IS RICH IN CONTRIBUTIONS TO RELIGIOUS

THOUGHT, PHILOSOPHY, LITERATURE, THE ARTS.

(4) AMERICAN EDUCATION IS EGALITARIAN AND WORKS TO SERVE ALL SECTORS OF OUR POPULATION. ITS PREMISE AND INNOVATIONS HAVE RELEVANCE FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES WORKING TO IMPROVE THEIR EDUCATIONAL SYSTEMS.

(5) U.S. SCHOLARSHIP IN IRAN IS EQUAL TO THE BEST IN ANY COUNTRY OUTSIDE IRAN.

(6) THERE IS IN IRAN WIDESPREAD IGNORANCE OF THE COMPLEXITY OF THE AMERICAN POLITICAL SYSTEM, WHICH IS BASED ON FEDERALISM. SEPARATION OF POWERS, CHECKS AND BALANCES, AND THE SEPARATION OF CHURCH AND STATE. THE AMERICAN SYSTEM IS AN EFFORT TO PRESERVE THE RIGHTS OF THE INDIVIDUAL AND BALANCE PRIVATE INTERESTS AND THE PUBLIC GOOD.

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 (7) BASIC AMERICAN VALUES INCLUDE A BELIEF IN HARD WORK, EONESTI, OPTIMISM CONCERNINGS MAN'S ABILITY TO IMPROVE HIS LIFE AND THE WORLD AROUND HIM, A COMMITMENT TO EQUALITY AND
 PAIR PLAY, LOYALTY TO FRIENDS AND FAMILY, BELIEF IN THE WORTH
OF EVERY INDIVIDUAL AND THE SANCTITY OF HUMAN LIFE, CHARITY
AND COMMUNITY SERVICE. THESE ARE NOT VALUES UNIQUE TO THE
 UNITED STATES, NOR ARE THEY ALWAYS FOUND IN EQUAL MEASURE IN ALL AMERICANS, BUT THEY SUGGEST DIMENSIONS OF THE AMERICAN CHARACTER BEYOND AND ABOVE "DECADENCE" AND "MATERIALISM".
  PRIORITY NO. 3. ISSUE: U.S.-IRAN ECONOMIC AND COMMERCIAL RE-
  LATIONS
  (1) OIL IS A CRITICAL COMMODITY WORLDWIDE AND OIL PRICES HAVE
  AN IMMEDIATE AND MULTIPLIER EFFECT ON A RELATIVELY FRAGILE WORLD ECONOMY. HIGH OIL PRICES AFFECT MOST SEVERELY THE ECON-
  OMIES OF POOR AND DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.
 (2) FOREIGN INVESTMENT CAN BE A VERY POSITIVE FORC NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT. IT WAS CENTRAL TO U.S. ECONOMIC AND
                                                                                                     FORCE IN
 COMMERCIAL GROWTH. SUBSTANTIAL FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN THE U.S. CONTINUES TODAY AND IS VELCOME FOR THE CAPITAL AND EMPLOYMENT IT PROVIDES AND FOR THE INVESTMENT IN U.S. ECONOMIC AND
  POLITICAL STABILITY IT REPRESENTS.
 (3) MULTINATIONAL CORPORATIONS ARE A VERY EFFICIENT AND COST EFFECTIVE MEANS OF TRANSFERRING TECHNOLOGY AND STIMULATING IN-
 DUSTRIAL GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT.
 (4) ONE OF THE MOST EFFECTIVE SECTORS OF THE U.S. ECONOMY IS AGRICULTURE. THE U.S. IS VERY WILLING TO SHARE WITH IRAN BOTH ITS EXPERIENCE AND ITS TECHNOLOGY.
 PRIORITY NO. 4. ISSUE: U.S. FOREIGN POLICY
(1) THE U.S. IS STRONGLY COMMITTED AT THE HIGHEST LEVELS TO A
 JUST AND COMPREHENSIVE PEACE IN THE MIDDLE EAST, INVOLVING ALL
 OF THE PARTIES TO THE ARAB-ISRAELI CONFLICT.

(2) THE U.S. SUBSCRIBES TO THE INDEPENDENCE AND TERRITORIAL INTERRITY OF ALL COUNTRIES IN VESTERN ASIA. OUR CONCERN IS FOR IEGE ON ALL PLACE AND STABILITY.

(3) THE U.S. IS SYMPATHETIC TO THE SENSITIVITIES AND NEEDS OF
 LDC'S AND ACTIVELY SUPPORTS THE PRINCIPLE OF MAJORITY RULE, DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT AND A MORE EQUITABLE WORLD ECONOMIC
5. ADVISE CONCURRENCE.
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SEGJ: DIA INTELLIGENCE APPRAISE 135-75 11 Jtl. 75 (40)
THE SUMMARY PORTION OF THIS APPRAISE IS THE OFFICE MERCYTH
AS AN ADVANCE SYNOPSIS OF THE HARD-COPY WITH SECOND WHICH IS
BEING PUBLISHED TODAY.

TRANS KHOMEINS OPPOSITION. (40)

(S/NOFORN) AS THE REVOLUTIONARY EUPHORIA SUBSIDES, MANY ELEMENTS
OF INAMIAN SOCIETY ARE BECOMING INCREASINGLY DISLLUSIONED AS
THEY BEGIN TO PERCEIVE THAT ONE DICTATOR HAS BEEN REPLACED BY
ANOTHER. SOME GROUPS NEVER DID WANT AN ISLANIC REPUBLIC BUT

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SUPPORTED AYATOLLAH KHOMEINI AS AN EXPEDIENT NEARS TO OUST THE

SUPA H. OTHER GROUPS WANTED AN ISLANIC REPUBLIC, BUT THEY HAVE

STACE DECIDED THEY DO NOT WANT KHOMEINI'S DICTATORIAL INTERPRETATION,

WICH DOES NOT PROVIDE THE DESTRED GUARANTEES OF EXPRESSION AND

SMAN RIGHTS. ALTHOUGH MANY EDUCATED AND POLITICALLY ASTUTE

TRANTANS ARE SECOMING INCREASINGLY DISGRUNTLED WITH THE REVOLUTION,

SMEN MASSES APPARENTLY REMAIN STEADPAST IN THEIR SUPPORT. FOR KHOMEINI,

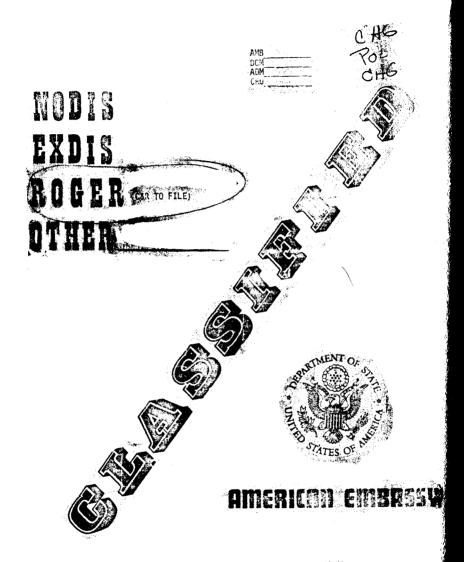
SMEN IHOUGH KHOMEINI'S OPPOSITION CONTINUES TO GROW AND ECOME,

KHOMEINI OR MODERATE HIS VIEWS AT THIS TIME. AS LONG AS HE COMMANDS

THE SUPPORT OF THE MASSES, THE AYATOLLAH WILL CONTINUE TO DETERMINE

THE FORM AND DIRECTION OF THE ISLANIC REPUBLIC. (REVW 26 JUN 99)

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2.0. 12065: RDS-, 7/2/99 (PACKMAN, MARTIN)

TAGS: PINT, PINR, IR

SUBJECT: POLITICAL REPORTING

REF: STATE 157433

- 1. (SECRET: ENTIRE TEXT)
- 2. AS POST IS AWARE AN INTERAGENCY GROUP (THE AARON/NEWSON/ CARLUCCIGROUP). HAS BEEN FORMED TO REVIEW ON A CONTINUING BASIS THE SITUATION OF SOME 20 COUNTRIES ON THE "CRITICAL COUNTRIES WATCHLIST," INCLUDING IRAN.
- 3. THIS PROCESS OF REVIEW WILL BE A CONTINUING ONE, AND WE SEEK A DIALOGUE WITH EACH EMBASSY ON THE LIST. NOTWITH—STANDING THE RECENT PERSONNEL CHANGES IN TERRAN, CHAOTIC CONDITIONS, ETC., DEPARTMENT WISHES TO RECEIVE A DRAFT OF BRASSY'S POLITICAL REPORTIG PLAN IN PREPARATION FOR THE NEXT AARON-NEWSOM-CARLUCCI MEETING. WOULD APPRECIATE MAVING THIS BY JULY 20. IN THIS CON; ECTION, PLEASE FEEL FREE TO COMMENT ON ANY RELATED PROBLEM AREAS WHICH YOU EXPERIENCE WITH WASHINGTON.
- 4. WE ARE REPEATING FYI THE FOLLOWING JOINT CIA/INR .VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT REGARDING IRAN:

QUOTE: IPAN'S POLITICAL PROBLEMS ARE, OF COURSE, IMMENSE. THE POWER STRUCTURE REMAINS DECENTRALIZED, SPLIT PRIMARILY BETWEEN THE REVOLUTIONARY COM; ITTEES AND THE PROVISIONAL GOVERN; ENT. HEAVILY ARMED LEFTIST GROUPS AND THE SECULAR MIDDLE CLASS ARE IDEOLOGICALLY OPPOSED TO MMOMEINI'S ISLAMIC UTOPIA. THERE ARE ALSO FRACTURES WITHIN THE ISLAMIC ESTABLISHMENT BETWEEN MODERATE AND EADICAL LEADERS. THE ECONOMY HAS NOT RECOVERED AND THERE MAY ER AS MANY AS THREE TO FOUR MILLION UNE; PLOYED.
FINALLY, IRAN'S ETHNIC MINORITIES WANT AUTONOMY AND APPEAR WILLING TO USE FORCE TO ACHIEVE THEIR DEMANDS. UNGUOTE. VANCE

#8863

Here is that referred."
To the "Business Council."

0 1317392 JUL 79 SPASTATE WASHI E E.O. 12065 ---GDS. 7/12/85 (PRECHT. HENRY E.O. 12065 BDIS. IR TAGS: COMMERCIAL DISPUTES SUBJECT: 1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT) 2. WE ARE CONCERNED THAT IF IRANIAN BUSINESS CLIMATE CONTINUES TO DETERIORATE LEGAL DIFFICULTIES FACING GTE COULD BE EXTENDED TO OTHER COMPANIES WITH DAMAGING EFFECTS ON A BROAD SPECTRUM OF US COMMERCIAL INTERESTS. WE WOULD LIKE YOUR VIEWS AS TO STEPS WE MIGHT TAKE TO LIMIT SUCH DAMAGE FROM COMMERCIAL DISPUTES. IT SEEMS PROBABLE-AND PREFERABLE-THAT MOST DISPUTES BEST BE HANDLED ONA COMPANY-TO-PGOI BASIS WITH USG INVOLVEMENT ONLY ON REQUEST. IN ANY EVENT, OUR INFLUENCE IS CLEARLY VERY LIMITED. WE WONDER, HOWEVER, IF WE MIGHT NOT BE HELPFUL IN SEKING TO REACTIVATE OR CREATE NEW CHANNELS THAT COULD REDUCE PROB-LEMS THAT RESULT FROM COMMUNICATIONS FAILURES AND MIS-UNDERSTANDINGS -- DIFFICULTIES THAT HAVE APPARENTLY COMPLI-CATED GTE CASE.

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3. SPECIFICALLY, WE WONDER IF IT WOULD BE SELPFUL TO SEEK TO REVITALIZE IRAN-AMERICAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND THE BUSINESS COUNCIL. (WE ASSUME THE JOINT COMMISSION CONVEYS TOO MUCH OLD REGIME FLAVOR.) RITHER OR BOTH OF THESE PRIVATE ORGANIZATIONS COULD PROVIDE A FORUM IN WEICH THE PRIVATE CHARACTERISTICS COOLD PROVIDE A FORM THE WHICH THE PGOI COULD EXPLAIN ITS POLICIES ON CONTRACT REVIEW, PERFORMANCE BOMDS, WORK PERMITS, PROTECTION OF EXPATRIATES, ETC. IN TURN, REPRESENTATIVES OF AMERICAN FIRMS COULD EXPRESS THEIR CONCERNS AND QUESTIONS RELATING TO RESUMPTION OF ACTIVITIES IN IRAN. OWING TO ABSENCE OF SIGNIFICANT US BUSINESS COMMUNITY IN THERAN, METTINGS YOULD HAVE TO BE CONDUCTED MAINLY BY VISITORS, PRESUMABLY DELEGATIONS
COMING TO TEERAN. MEMBERSHIP OF US CROUP COULD INCLUDE
REPRISENTATIVES OF VARIETY OF USINESS INTEREST, A
LAWYER AND PERHAPS AN ACADEMIC OR OTHER NEUTRAL PERSON.
AGRETO MINUTES OF MEETINGS COULD BE DISTRIBUTED TO LARGER

BUSINESS COMMUNITY MEMBERSHIP.

- 4. THERE MIGHT ALSO BE ROLE FOR A REACTIVATED CHAMBER OR BUSINESS COUNCIL IN HEDPING TO SMOOTH DIFFERENCES IN SPECIFIC DISPUTES, ESPECIALLY WHERE EMBASSY EFFORTS HAVE BEEN UNAVAILING. WE EXPECT THAT PGOI WOULD WISE TO EAVE LEADERSHIP IN EITHER ORGANIZATION REFLECT NEW REALITIES IN IRAN AND TRAT PGOI ITSELF MIGHT WISH TO BE REPRESENTED IN SOME FASHION. PGOI AND USG COULD CONCEIVABLY CRASSOCIATED AS OBSERVERS.
- 5. RESTARTING CHAMBER OR BUSINESS COUNCIL COULD HAVE ADDED BENEFIT OF AGAIN SIGNALING TO POOL OUR WILLINGNESS TO BE HELPFUL IN RESUMING NORMAL COMMERCIAL TIES THAT WOULD STRENGTHEN OUR OVERALL BILATERAL RELATIONSHIP.
- 6. IF YOU THINK FOREGOING-WORTHY OF EXPLORATION, WE WOULD WELCOME YOUR THOUGHTS RE REFINEMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS AS TO HOW WE MIGHT PROCEED. OUR IDEA WOULD BE TO PUT IDEAS IN FIRST INSTANCE TO COMMERCE MINISTER REZA SADR FOR HIS GUIDANCE. IT MIGHT ALSO BE WORTH- TAKING SOUNDINGS WITH AHMAD LAJAVARDI, OTHER WELL-PLACED BUSINESSMEN, OR SOMYONE FROM IRANIAN CHAMBER, E.G., FXECUTIVE SECRETARY DONAKDAR.
- 7. WE HAVE ALSO GIVEN TENTATIVE THOUGHT TO ORGANIZING (OR ASKING PRIVATE GROUP TO ORGANIZE) A CONFERENCE OF BUSINESS FIRMS INVOLVED IN IRAN FOR 1) REVIEW OF DIFFERING COMPANY EXPERIENCES IN IRAN BY PANELS ADDRESSING SPECIFIC ISSUES, 2) DISCUSSION OF POLITICAL SITUATION AND US POLICY BY SENIOR DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL, AND 3) GENERAL REVIEW OF ECONOMIC SITUATION. ONE-IDEA ALSO ADVANCED WAS TO INVITE REZA SADR OR OTHER QUALIFIED PGOI SPOKESMAN TO ADDRESS GROUP IN ONE OR MORE SESSIONS.
- 8. YOU SHOULD KNOW THAT INDEPENDENTLY—WHILE THIS MESSAGE WAS IN PREPARATION—WILLIAM LEHFELDT AND WALTER SURRY HAVE ASKED DON WEADON TO INQUIRE QUIETLY INTO REACTIVATING CHAMBER AND COUNCIL WHILE WEADON IS IN TEHRAN. WE DO NOT

PLACE MUCH CONFIDENCE IN THIS APPROACH AND DO NOT WISH TO CROSS WIRES WITH IT - WE HAVE ASKED WEADON, BOWEVER, TO KEEP EMBASSY AND DEPARTMENT INFORMED OF HIS INQUIRIES. VANCE BT #8957

DEPARTMENT OF STATE By Hand, to Service Washington, D.C. 20520

July 20, 1979/

OFFICIAL-INFORMAL CONFIDENTIAL

L. Bruce Laingen, Esquire Charge d'Affaires a.i. American Embassy Tehran, Iran

Dear Bruce:

I will try to summarize in this letter my conversation with Andy Sens: and earlier talk with Victor on Embassy reporting. At the outset like a good Foreign Service Officer -- and also quite honestly -- let me say that I think the Embassy does a superb job in the face of horrendous obstacles. Now to move quickly into the meat of this letter...

I think we need several things in reporting:

First, we need fast alert reporting on significant events. For example, when Bazargan installs clerics in the Cabinet, when General Rahimi is fired, when the unity march occurs, when nationalization is decreed or there is significant sabotage in the oil fields, we need a quick, brief Embassy message with your best analysis. I may have to do an evening reading item the same day. Although I am willing to rely on my own judgments, it would serve the national interest better if we had your authoritative input.

Second, we need the building blocks which will help us to construct a better knowledge of revolutionary Iran. Victor's reporting plan is exactly what I mean. We simply do not have the bios, inventory of political groups or current picture of daily life as it evolves at various levels in Iran. Ignorance here of Iran's events is massive. The U.S. press does not do a good job but in the absence of Embassy reporting, we have to rely on inexperienced newsmen. We need particularly to track constitutional developments.

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Third, we need reporting on significant conversations that you and others have in the Embassy. For example, you are the only official who has seen Mr. Nazih and your appreciation of this key personality and his views towards the U.S. will be read with interest at the very highest levels here, I am sure. In fact anything you send in as your impressions or reporting significant conversations is guaranteed wide readership among those people in our government who have not been fired. Beyond that I hope Victor and others in the Embassy can, despite the odds against you, stimulate conversations with intelligent political observers in Iran. We really need the kind of reporting we have had in the past in which an Embassy officer takes nourishment from someone like Matin-Daftary, some of the better newsmen or other Iranians who have no particular chip on their shoulders but who are sensible political observers. Be sure to identify these persons when you report so that we can evaluate on our own terms the validity of their opinions.

Finally, the excellent reporting on minority groups has been a real plus in political terms for this administration. I think we have handled the problem of Jews in Iran in a very successful way (ignoring the Javits Resolution) and much of the credit is due to you all for the continuing stream of reporting. I would suggest two slight changes. First, I would avoid rumors, questionable opinions or speculation that is likely to set off an alarm when there is no real need to do so. Don't talk about a holocaust unless you really believe that one is coming. Don't repeat someone's charges about people in jail or being executed without attempting to verify it first. In other words keep the reporting coming but be careful that it is accurate and reliable. Secondly, I hope the Embassy will continue to expand its field of contacts on this subject. Has anyone, for example, attempted to see the leaders of the left-wing Jewish movement for their perspectives on events?

We may send you a cable of comments on Victor's reporting plan, making a few suggestions. I hope you will let me know when you think Washington is not reacting properly to what you send us either by showing appreciation or by adjusting our policies to changed conditions. As I told Victor earlier,

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I would like to maintain a continuing flow of informal communications between the desk and the Embassy so that we both know that what you are doing remains on target.

Sincerely,

Henry Precht Director Office of Iranian Affairs

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NODIS FOR CHARGE FROM NEWSOM

E.O. 12065 GDS 7/19/85 (NEWSOM, DAVID D.)

TAGS: APER, IR

SUBJECT: AMBASSADORIAL NOMINATION

1. (S - ENTIRE TEXT)

- 2. AS THE SECRETARY HAS TOLD YOU, ALL OF US DEEPLY APPRECIATE YOUR WILLINGNESS TO REMAIN IN TEHRAN A REASONABLE TIME LONGER IN ORDER THAT WE MAY MAKE AN ORDER THAN SITION TO THE APPOINEMENT OF AN AMEASSADOR. WE WILL BE MONITORING THE SITUATION IN TEHRAN CLOSELY DURING THE COMING WEEKS IN PREPARATION FOR ADDRESSING THIS QUESTION. WE WILL BE LOOKING FOR SIGHS THAT THE POOI SINCERELY WISHES TO IMPROVE ITS RELATIONS WITH US AND THAT WE WILL NOT EXPERIENCE A REPETITION OF THE REJECTION OF MALTER CUILDR. WE WILL HAVE TO HAVE ABSOLUTE CERTAINTY ON THE LATTER POINT. IN ADDITION, WE WILL WANT TO BE SURE THAT WHEN WE SEND A NEW AMBASSADOR, HE WILL BE APLE TO FUNCTION EFFECTIVELY. THUS, WE WILL BE CONCERNED THAT CONDITIONS SHOULD NOT DETERIORATE FURTHER IN THE COMING WEEKS AND THAT EMBASSY'S SECURITY SITUATION SHOULD IMPROVE.
- 3. THE ATTITUDE OF THE AYATOLIAH TOWARDS US WILL BE AN IMPORTANT CONSIDERATION. IN THIS CONNECTION IT SUBMS TEAT WIS RHETORIC HAS BEEN RELATIVELY FREE IN THE LAST FEW WREKS OF THE ATTACKS ON THE U.S. THAT CHARACTERIZED HIS

REMARKS IN THE SPRING. FINALLY, IT WILL SIMPLY BE NEGLES-SARY TO ALLOW A SUFFICIENT PASSAGE OF TIME EFFORE WE ALL IN A POSITION TO PUT FORWARD THE NOMINATION OF A NEW AMBASSADOR TO THE SENATE.

4. ASUMING TEAT OUR CONDITIONS ARE MET AND NO UNTOWARD

PROBLEMS DEMELOP, WE THINK IT MIGHT BE APPROPRIATE TO BEGIN PRIVATE CONSULTATIONS MITH MY MEMBERS OF THE SENATS AFTER THE LUCYST RECRSS. IF OUR SOUNDS ARE FAVORABLE AND AGAIN ASSUMING THAT THERE ARE NO SERIOUS DISTUPPING EVENTS IN IRAN THAT WOULL MAKE INAPPROPRIATE THE MOMINATION OF AN AMBASSADOR, WE COLLD BE IN A POSITION TO SEND RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE PRESIDENT IN SEPTEMBER WITH A VIEW TO COMPLETING THE NOMINATION PROCESS WITH THE SENATE BY THE END OF OCTOBER.

5. WE WOULD APPRECIATE YOUR CIVING US YOUR VIEWS ON THIS QUESTION, INCLUDING YOUR ASSISSMENT OF THE UTILITY AND THE IMPORTANCE FOR OUR RELATIONSHIP SITE IRAN OF ASSIGNING AN AMBASSADOR IN THE TIMEFRAME SUGGESTED. VANCE 31

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E.O. 12065: GDS 7/19/85 (TOMSETH, VICTOR L.) OR-P TAGS: PGOV, PINS, PINT, IR SUBJECT: QUARTERLY POLITICAL ASSESSMENT

1. (C - ENTIRE TEXT).

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- 2. SUMMART: THE FOLLOWING ANALYSIS ATTEMPTS TO MEASURE IN QUANTITATIVE TERMS, AT LEAST IN A CRUDE WAY, THE DEGREE OF PROGRESS MADE SINCE THE FEBRUARY REVOLUTION TOWARDS RESOLUTION OF THE ANOMALY OF A DUAL SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT BROUGHT ABOUT BY THE REVOLUTION'S SUDDEN AND UNEXPECTED VICTORY. WE CONCLUDE THAT, DESPITE AN APPEARANCE OF A CONSIDERABLE DEGREE OF NORMALLITY, THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT OF IRAN (PGOI) HAS BEEN GENERALLY UNSUCCESSFUL IN ASSERTING ITS POLITICAL AUTHORITY. THE INFORMAL STRUCTURE—THE REVOLUTIONARY COMMITTEES AND THEIR ADJUNCTS—CONTINGES TO THRIVE, AND INDEED HAS STEADILY BECOME MORE ENTERCHED AS A PARALLEL SOURCE OF AUTHORITY. A CONCOMITANT FEATURE OF TRIS ABNORMAL STATE OF AFFAIRS HAS BEEN GROWING POLITICAL DISSIDENCE.

 IN RECENT WEEKS, THE PGOI HAS FOCUSED ON THE CONSTITUTION—AL PROCESS AND THE PROSPECT OF A POPULARLY ELECTED GOVERNMENT BEING IN PLACE BY EARLY AUTUMN AS THE SOLUTION TO THE CONUNDRUM IT HAS NOT BEEN ABLE TO RESOLVE BY
- 3. THIS REPORT ATTEMPTS TO ASSESS IRAN'S CURRENT POLITICAL SITUATION IN TERMS OF QUANTIFIABLE INDICATORS. TO DO THIS POSES SUBSTANTIAL PROBLEMS, NOT THE LEAST OF WHICH IS THE TOTAL ABSENCE OF OFFICIAL DATA WHICH MIGHT BE APPLIED TO A MODEL FOR MEASURING TRENDS. GIVEN THE GREAT SUSPICION IN PRESENT-DAY IRAN OF USG ACTIVITIES OF ALL KINDS, AS WELL AS THE GENERAL INSECURITY IN MANY AREAS OF THE COUNTRY, IT IS NEARLY IMPOSSIBLE FOR EMBORTS TO GATHER THE NECESSARY DATA THEMSELVES EXCEPT

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ON AN EXTREMELY SELECTIVE BASIS. NONETHELESS, THERE ARE PREMOMENA WHICH CAN BE QUANTIFIED AT LEAST IN A CRUDE WAY, AND WE HAVE ENDEAVORED TO APPLY THESE TO A MODEL WHICH HOPEFULLY CAN BE USED OVER TIME AS A MEASURE OF THE POLITICAL PROCESS.

- THE IRANIAN REVOLUTION LEFT A LEGACY OF A DUAL THE IRANIAN REVOLUTION LEFT A LEGACY OF A DUAL SISTEM OF GOVERNMENT, THE FORMAL STRUCTURE HEADED BY PM BAZARGAN AND THE INFORMAL ONE HEADED BY ATATOLIAH KHOMEINI. OUR MODEL ASSUMES THAT THIS IS AN ABNORMAL SITUATION, AND, THEREFORE, THAT POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT MUST BE DEFINED AS PROGRESS TOWARD A UNIFIED GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE CAPABLE OF ADMINISTERING THE WATION'S AFFAIRS. IT IS ALSO ASSUMED THAT THE LEVEL OF POLITICAL DISSIDENCE WILL BE INVERSELY PROPORTIONAL TO DEVELOPMENT TOWARD A UNIFORM SEMILORIEST. TOWARD A UNIFORM STRUCTURE. AREAS EXAMINED INCLUDE THE g FOLLOWING:
 - THE FORMAL GOVERNMENT
- THE CABINET PROVINCIAL AND LOCAL ADMINISTRATION - LAW ENFORCEMENT AND JUSTICE
- EDUCATION
 - - ECONOMIC POLICY AND PLANNING
 - -- PUBLIC WELFARE
 - -- THE MEDIA
- -- NATIONAL DEFENSE
- B. THE REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT
- -- THE LEADERSHIP
- -- THE COMMITTEES
- -- THE MILITIAS AND IRREGULAR FORCES
- -- THE REVOLUTIONARY COURT SYSTEM
- C. POLITICAL CISSIDENCE
- -- LEFT WING ORGANIZATIONS
- MODERATE GROUPS
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- -- RADICALS/TERRORISTS - -- ETHNIC MINORITIES
- USING THESE SAME CATEGORIES, WE INTEND TO REPEAT THIS EXERCISE AT QUARTERLY INTERVALS.
- 5. THE GOVERNMENT
- A. THE CABINET
- APPEARED TO SEE THEIR JOB AS ONE OF OVERSEEING THEY APPEARED TO SEE THEIR JOB AS ONE OF OVERSEEING THE NATION'S AFFAIRS WHILE CARRING OUT A PROCESS OF FORMULATING A NEW CONSTITUTION UNDER WHICH A NPF GOVERNMENT WOULD ULTIMATELY BE ELECTED. TWO THINGS INTERFERED: FIRST, THE TASK OF CREATING A NEW GOVERNMENTAL FRAMEWORK IN THE MANNER IN WHICH THE PGOI INITIALLY ENVISIONED IT PROVED TO BE FAR MORE COMPLICATED THAN THE NEW AND INEXPERIENCED LEADERS HAD ANTICIPATED. SECOND, AND MORE IMPORTANT, THE PGOI SOON FOUND ITSELF SPENDING AN BINORDINATE AMOUNT OF TIME TRYING TO SORT-OUT THE SAN (MALIES AND CONFLICTING SOURCES OF AUTHORITY CAUSED BY A DUALISTIC SYSTEM OF ADMINISTRATION. THE CONSEQUENCE BY A DUALISTIC SYSTEM OF ADMINISTRATION. THE CONSEQUENCE GOVERNMENT WAS SLOW AND HAPHAZARD (AS THE MAR(H REFEREN-BUMN ON THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC BORE WITNESS).
- ---AS SPRING WORE INTO SUMMER BAZARGAN AND HIS COLLEAGUES FOUND TRENS ELVES INCREASINGLY BOGGED DOWN IN INEFFECTUAL EFFORTS TO ASSERT THEIR PRIMACY IN MATTERS OF NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION AT ALL LEVELS. WHILE BAZARGAN HIMSELF MORALE WITEIN THE CABINET BEGAN TO FLAJ. JUSTICE MINISTER MORALE WITEIN THE CABINET BEGAN TO FLAJ. JUSTICE MINISTER MORACE RIVANTED OUT BECAUSE THE INDEPENDENT REVOLUTIONARY COURTS MADE HIS FUNCTION LARGELY SUPERFLUOUS. FOREIGN MINISTER SANJABI QUIT. DEFENSE MINISTER MADANI MOVED ON TO GREENER POLITICAL PASTURES IN THE NAVY AND KHUZESTAN PROVINCE. DEPUTT PRIME MINISTER AMIR-ENTEZAM LEFT FOR SCANDINAVIA.
- -- FOR THE REGORD, THE EFFORTS TO CURB THE POWERS OF THE INFORMAL SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT CONTINUE. HOWEVER, IT SEMMS CLEAR THAT THIS HAS BECOME A HOLLOW EXERCISE. THE GOVERNMENT APPEARS TO HAVE REDIRECTED ITS FOCUS BACK TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL PROCESS, AND IS PRESENTLY CONCENTRATING ITS EMERGIES ON PUTTING ITSELF OUT OF BUSINESS AT AN EARLY DATE. THE ATTITUDE INCREASINGLY SEEMS TO BE THAT ONLY A POPULARLY ELECTED GOVERNMENT WILL BE ABLE TO DEAL WITH IRAN'S MANIFOLD PROBLEMS, INCLUDING THE ONE OF ITS INFORMAL PARALLEL SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT.
- B. PROVINCIAL AND LOCAL ADMINISTRATION
- -- THE PGOI MOVED RELATIVELY RAPIDLY TO APPOINT GOVERNORS GENERAL TO MOST OF IRAN'S 22 PROVINCES. AS EARLY AS MARCH, HOWEVER, IT WAS APPARENT THAT THESE CHIEF EXECUTIVES AT THE PROVINCIAL LEVEL WERE HAVING CONSIDERABLE DIFFICULTY IN ASSERTING THEIR AUTHORITY.

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BY THE END OF JUNE EIGHT GOVERNORS GENERAL IN SEVEN PROVINCES EAD EITHER QUIT IN THE FACE OF THEIR INABILITY TO FUNCTION DUE TO THE INTERFERENCE OF LOCAL REVOLUTIONARY COMMITTEES OR HAD ACTUALLY BEEN DRIVEN OUT OF THE PROVINCES BY THESE SAME COMMITTEES.

- --BELOW THE PROVINCIAL LEVEL THE BUREAUCRATIC STRUCTURE OF THE PREVIOUS REGIME WAS LEFT IN PLACE FOR THE MOST PART. THIS INFRASTRUCTURE ACCOUNTS FOR THE ABILITY OF MOST LOCAL JURISDICTIONS TO RESUME QUICKLY SUCH BASIC SERVICES AS GARBAGE COLLECTION AND TO PROVIDE UTILITIES VIRTUALLY WITHOUT INTERRUPTION. URBAN LIFE, CONSEQUENTLY OFTEN APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN ONLY MARGINALLY AFFECTED BY THE REVOLUTION. AT THE SAME TIME, HOWEVER. REAL AUTHORITY IN MATTERS OF LOCAL ADMINISTRATION DOES NOT LIE WITH PGOI OFFICIALS. ON THE CONTRART, THE POWER g OF THE COMMITTEES INCREASES THE LOWER THE ADMINISTRATIVE BT #7635

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C. LAW ENFORCEMENT AND JUSTICE

- --THE TRAFFIC POLICE WERE THE FIRST ELEMENT OF IRAN'S FORMAL LAW ENFORCEMENT APPARATUS TO REAPPEAR FOLLOWING THE FEBRUARY REVOLUTION. MUCH MORE SLOWLY, REQULAR POLICE HAVE BEGUN TO REOCCUPY PRECINCY STATIONS. THEY OFTEN SHARE THESE FACILITIES WITH IRREGULAR MILITIAS, HOWEVER, AND ORDERS FROM COMMANDING OFFICERS FREQUENTLY ARE SUBJECT TO VETO BY STATIONHOUSE COMMITTEES WEOSE MEMBERSHIPS ARE NOT INFREQUENTLY DOMINATED BY NON-OFFICIAL PERSONNEL REGULAR POLICE, AND EVEN GENDARMERIE, HAVE BEEN ALLOWED TO CARRY ARMS ONLY ON A LIMITED BASIS AND USUALLY UNDER SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES (E.G., PERSONNEL ASSIGNED TO SECURITY DUTY AT SOME GOVERNMENT OFFICES).
- --THE SITUATION MAY BE SLIGHTLY BETTER IN THE PROVINCES THAN IN THERAN, ALTHOUGH THERE APPEARS TO BE GREAT VARIATION FROM ONE PLACE TO ANOTHER. IN THE CASPIAN SEA TOWN OF CHALUS, FOR EXAMPLE, EMBOFFS NOT LONG AGO OBSERVED THAT BOTH THE CITY'S POLICE FORCE AND THE LOCAL GENDARMERIE POST SEEMED 10 BE PUNCTIONING IN A NORMAL MANNER, WHEREAS THE INEFFECTIVENESS OF THE POLICE IN KHORRAMSHAHR IN CURBING THE POWER OF THE LOCAL MILITIAS HAS BEEN A MAJOR ELEMENT IN ETHNIC UNREST IN THAT CITY.
- THE MINISTRY OF JUSTICE IS ESSENTIALLY MORIBUND.
 THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE IN CASES OF GENETET IMPORTANCE TO THE PUBLIC IS THE EXCLUSIVE DOMAIN OF THE
 OFFICE OF THE REVOLUTIONARY PROSECUTOR AND THE REVOLUTIONARY COURTS, BOTH OF WHICH ARE OUTSIDE THE FORMAL
 PGOI BLREAUCRATIC STRUCTURE AND ACT TOTALLY INDEPENDENT
 OF IT. OFFICIAL PRONOUNCEMENTS THAT THE REVOLUTIONARY
 COURTS WILL BE REPLACED BY A SPECIAL SYSTEM OF FORMAL
 TRIBUNALS TO TRY COUNTER-REVOLUTIONARY OFFENSES AND THE
 DRAFT CONSTITUTION WHICE ENVISIONS A REVITALIZED CIVILIAN
 JUDICIARY NOTWITESTANDING, THE PGOI HAS BEEN SINGULARLY
 UNSUCCESSFUL IN ASSERTING ISS AUTHORIST IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE, NOR, DESPITE THE GRADUAL REAPPEARANCE
 OF THE POLICE AND GENDARMERIE, HAS THE PGOI BEEN ABLE
 IN ANY MEANINGFUL RESPECT TO REGIN CONTROL OF THE
 POWER OF ARREST FROM THE COMMITTEES AND IRREGULAR
 HILITIAS. EVEN WHERE THE POLICE AND GENDARMERIE HAVE
 RETURNED TO THEIR POSTS, THEIR ROLE IS BSSENTIALLY AN
 AUXILLIARY ONE TO THE COMMITTEES AND MILITIAS.
 D. EDUCATIO
- --PRIMART AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS REOPENED SHORTLY AFTER THE FALL OF THE BAKHTIAN GOVERNMENT IN FEBRUARY. DESPITE THE PROBLEMS IMPOSED BY AN ABBREVIATED SCHOOL TERM AND STUDENTS POLITICIZED BY THEIR EXPERIENCE OF THE PRECEDING MONTES, THE PGOI CAN BE REASONABLY SATISFIED WITE ITS. ABILITY TO REACTIVATE THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM, A PROCESS WHICH HAS JUST CULMINATED IN THE ADMINSTRATION OF TEARBURD HAMINATIONS. (IT SHOULD BE NOTED, HOWEVER, THAT THE

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EXAMINATIONS HAD TO BE POSTPONED IN CERTAIN INSTANCES BECAUSE OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROBLEMS.) THERE ARE MASSIVE PROBLEMS (SHORTAGES OF TEACHERS, INADQUATE FACILITIES, A MEDIOCRE CURRICULUM) TO BE FACED IN THE FUTURE, BUT THESE WOULD HAVE BEEN THERE IN ANY EVENT.

---AT THE UNIVERSITY LEVEL, HOWEVER, THE RECORD IS MUCH MORE MODEST. CAMPUSES IN THE CAPITAL, ESPECIALLY THE UNIVERSITY OF TERRAN, REMAIN HOTBEDS OF POLITICAL ACTIVITY WHERE LITTLE CLASSROOM INSTRUCTION IS CARRIED OUT. EVEN IN THE PROVINCES, WHERE SEVERAL INSTITUTIONS WERE ABLE TO RESUME CLASSES AT A FAIRLY EARLY DATE, THE TREND OF RECENT WEEKS HAS BEEN OMINOUS, WIFE GROVING DISSATISFACTION AMONG BOTH STUDENTS AND FACULTY MEMBERS. THERE HAVE BEEN EXTENSIVE PURGES OF FACULTY MEMBERS AND STUDENTS AS A COULTY OF THE PROVINCE OF T ESEVERAL CAMPUSES. STUDENTS, AS WELL AS FIGHTS BETWEEN RIVAL GROUPS ON

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E. ECONOMIC POLICY AND PLANNING

- --THE PGOI'S ABILITY TO GET THE OIL INDUSTRY OPERATIONAL AND TO RESUME PRODUCTION HAS TO BE REGARDED AS A MAJOR ACHIEVEMENT. ALTHOUGH THE PETCLEUM SECTOR IS FAR PROM TROUBLE-FREE AND THE PGOI HAS EXPERIENCED DIFFICULTY IN CONVERTING ITS SUBSTANTIAL OIL REVENUES INTO USUABLE ECONOMIC ASSETS, AN INABILITY TO REACTIVATE THE OIL INDUSTRY ALMOST CERTAINLY WOULD HAVE MEANT THE EARLY LEMISE OF THE PGOI. AS IT IS. THE PGOI HAS BEEN CUSHIONED TO A DEGREE FROM THE FULL FORCE OF THE REPERCUSSIONS OF RADICAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC UPHEAVEL.

RADICAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC UPHEAVEL.

- --ELSEWHERE, HOWEVER, THE PGOI'S ECONOMIC RECORD IS GENERALLY POOR. IT HAS BEEN SINGULARLY INEFFECTIVE IN PRODUING INDUSTRY BACK INTO PRODUCTION OR IN PROTECTING THE NATION'S OWN LONGER TERM INTERESTS BY MOVING EXPEDITIOUSLY TO RATIONALIZE AND REGULARIZE THE MYRIAD CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIPS ESTABLISHED BY THE PREVIOUS REGIME WITH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS AND PRIVATE ENTITIES. INDEED, IN THE LATTER AREA THE PGOI HAS USUALLY PROVEN POWERLESS TO PREVENT THE INTRUSION OF WAYS THAT ARE HIGHLY DETRIMENTAL TO THE COMMON WEAL.

WAYS THAT ARE HIGHLY DETRIMENTAL TO THE COMMON WEAL.

WAYS THAT ARE HIGHLY DETRIMENTAL TO THE COMMON WEAL.

SOME PROGRESS IN DEFINING PRIORITIES, AND A NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIRMS RETURNING TO IRAN HAVE BEEN PLEASED WITH HAS EEEN A SLIGHT EASING IN THE POLICI OF GRANTING WORK PERMITS TO FOREIGN PERSONNEL. THE PGOI HAS FINALLY GIVEN BIRTE TO A BUDGET, BUT IT IS LESS THAN INSPIRED, AND IN SEVERAL IMPORTANT RESPECTS ACTUALLY CONTRADICTS STATED POLICIES (E.G., AGRICULTURE, EDUCATION, SOCIAL WELFARE AND ROADS). THE ASSUMPTION MUST BE THAT THE SLAP—DASH MANNER IN WHICH THE BUDGET WAS PUT TOGETHER REFILECTS THE STILL TENDOUS GRIP PGOI ECONOMIC PLANNERS AND MANAGERS HAVE ON THE AREAS THET ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR. FINALLY, DECISIONS TO NATIONALIZE BANKS, INSURANCE, AND CERTAIN INDUSTRIES, WHILE PERHAPS UNAVOIDABLE UNDER PREVAILING CONDITIONS, REPRESENT LESS A CLEARLY DEFINED ECONOMIC PLAINERS

F. PUBLIC WELFARE.

- THE PGOI'S PUBLIC WELFARE PROGRAM HAS BEEN DOMINATED BY THE CONSEQUENCES OF THE ECONOMIC ACTIONS TAKEN IN OPPOSITION TO THE PREVIOUS REGIME AND A CONCOMITANT FLIGHT OF CAPITAL AND TECHNICAL, MANAGERIAL AND ENTERPRENEURIAL SKILLS. UNEMPLOYMENT, UNDEREMPLOYMENT AND UNPRODUCTIVE EMPLOYMENT ARE ENDEMIC, PERHAPS AFFECTING AN ABSOLUTE MAJORITY OF THE WORKFORCE, THE PGOI'S RESPONSE HAS BEEN PALLIATIVE RATHER THAN CURATIVE. FOR EXAMPLE, THE PGOI HAS NO PROGRAM TO SOLVE ITS MASSIVE LABOR PROBLEMS, PREFERING INSTEAD TO DEAL WITH THEM PHROUGH DOLES TO THE UNEMPLOYED AND PRESSURES ON EMMILTERS TO KEEP AS MANY PROPLE AS POSSIBLE ON THE

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PAYROLLS WHETHER OR NOT THERE IS WORK FOR THEM TO DO. AT BEST, THIS APPROACH MAY BUY TIME IN ANTICIPATION OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF AN EFFECTIVE POLICY; AT WORST, IT SIMPLY POSTPONES THE ULTIMATE DAY OF RECKONING.

G. THE MEDIA

--THE PGOI IS UNDER CONSIDERABLE PRESURE FROM QOM TO CURB THE POWER OF THE PRESS. SINCE THE FEBRUARY REVOLUTION INDEPENDENT AND LEFFIST NEWSPAPERS SUCH AS ATANDEGAN AND PETGHAM-E-EMRUZ HAVE BEEN THE TARGETS OF THREATS. BOYCOTTS AND OUTRIGHT VANDALISM, THE MOST RECENT INCIDENT INVOLVING AN ATTACK ON ATANDEGAN'S OFFICES IN KHORRAMSHAHR AND ABADAN. ANTI-REVOLUTIONARY PAPERS WERE ROUNDLY CONDENNED AT THE JULY 17 SOLIDARITY RALLY SPONSORED BY BACKERS OF ATATOLLAH KHOMZINI. AS A RESULT OF THESE PRESSLRES, THE PGOI THROUGH ISS MINISTRY OF NATIONAL GUIDANCE HAS BEEN BT THROUGH ISS MINISTRY OF NATIONAL GUIDANCE HAS BEEN BT THE AWXWARD POSITION OF HAVING HAD TO DRAFT A PRESS #7635

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