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Extent of University Work for C.I.A.

By JO THOMAS Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8-Despite three ays of Congressional hearings, no one et knows the degree to which some of ne nation's most prominent universities -ere compromised in the Central Intellience Agency's secret mind-control reearch in the 1950's and 1960's. ...

Adm. Stansfield Turner, the Director f Central Intelligence, said in Congresional testimony last August that the I.A. covertly sponsored research at 80 nstitutions, including 44 colleges and niversities, from 1953 to 1963. The reearch was part of the project codeamed MK-ULTRA, which sought to conrol human behavior through such means s hypnosis, drugs and brainwashing.

The Senate Health Subcommittee, which wanted to hear the academicians' eaction, quietly invited the presidents f 20 institutions to testify at its hearings ept. 20 and 21. Only one president ac--epted; he was not scheduled to testify ecause all the others declined, explainng that they had previous engagements.

The list of the 80 institutions given Senate investigators is still classified, ut each of those institutions has been otified separately by the C.I.A. that in ome way, knowingly or unknowingly. t played host to C.I.A. research, and 26 olleges and universities have acknowldged this publicly.

Research Varied

Inquiries at these institutions disclosed hat C.I.A. research on campus varied rom innocuous sociological surveys to ests aimed at finding better ways to adninister drugs to unsuspecting subjects. he attitudes of current administrators kewise ran the gamut from outrage to

ndifference. 😁 🚗 😘 🚉 The passage of time, more than 20 years n some cases; the C.I.A.'s secretiveness juring the project and the fragmentary ature of the records the C.I.A. has made vailable to universities have combined, n most cases, to make a reconstruction f what happened difficult or impossible. At many universities, money for these rojects was channeled through foundaions so that neither the university nor he professor doing the research knew he true sponsor or purpose of the work. ociological, cultural and anthropological tudies were financed through the Society or the Investigation of Human Ecology, ased at Cornell University. Biochemical nd medical research was often financed

wough the Geschickter Fund for Medical esearch Inc., headed by Dr. Charles Gesnickter. . a Georgetown University pa-

Is Hard to Pin Down

Sense of Injury

"I feel that I've been done an injury, personally, by the C.I.A.," said Dr. Anthony J. Wiener, who in 1957 received a \$12,000 grant from the Society for Investigation of Human Ecology. At time Dr. Wiener was a guest at the I sachusetts Institute of Technology's

ter for International Studies; wi Herman Kahn, he later wrote the "The Year 2000."

"I would not have lent myself" kind of deception, and I don't thir should have practiced any sort of tion on me," Dr. Wiener said.

When he first heard about the s Dr. Wiener said, he was looking money with which to continue a of the social role of Soviet scie Twenty years later he learned the C.I.A. hoped to find out "what e can be developed in spotting and ing such persons as potential age cruits" from his study...

"They made no attempt to poi in that direction," Dr. Wiener said I never gave them any material for fying potential defectors. That was interest at all."

7 Projects at Stanford

"We've been made guinea pigs, said Robert Freelen, director of g ment relations at Stanford, which tingly lent its name to seven C.I. search projects. These ranged from vey of the literature on human groups to a project that simply chai money to a psychiatrist, a memi the Stanford clinical faculty, who is paid for such enterprises as a surv the ways in which criminals gave to the unsuspecting.

The Stanford projects were fineither through foundations or the payments made directly to clinical f members, thus bypassing the univ

Mr. Freelen said he was not sur the university could guard agains in the future. "Obviously there's a to how much investigation you can do on the sources of funds and their credibil-ity," he said. "If they lie and you believe, I don't know how that problem gets

Stanford has been making public every piece of information it can gather about its past involvement with the C.I.A.'s mind control research. It was the first institution with any major involvement in the program to do so, although the University of Denver, which hosted a small experiment in hypnosis, tracked down those details with vigor and made rologist. Approved For Release 2006/12/196-50/AFRIDP88-81315R000200170008-5/ STAT