



Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C. 20535

March 13, 2025

MR. JOHN R. GREENEWALD JR.
SUITE 1203
27305 WEST LIVE OAK ROAD
CASTAIC, CA 91384

FOIPA Request No.: 1309382-000
Subject: GRAY, GORDON

Dear Mr. Greenewald:

You were previously advised we were consulting with another agency concerning information related to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request.

A portion of that information has been returned to the FBI and is enclosed. The documents were reviewed under the FOIA/FOIPA, Title 5, United States Code, Sections (s) 552/552a. Below you will find check boxes under the appropriate statute headings which indicate the types of exemptions asserted to protect information which is exempt from disclosure. The appropriate exemptions are noted on the enclosed pages next to redacted information. The checked exemptions used to withhold information are further explained in the enclosed Explanation of Exemptions.

Section 552		Section 552a
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(1)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> (d)(5)
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(2)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(B)	<input type="checkbox"/> (j)(2)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(C)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(1)
<u>26 U.S.C. § 6103</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(D)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(2)
<u>50 U.S.C. § 3024(i)(1)</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(E)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(3)
<u>50 U.S.C. § 3507</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(F)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(4)
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(4)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(8)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(5)
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(5)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(9)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(6)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(6)		<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(7)

17 page(s) were reviewed and 14 page(s) are being released.

- The appropriate redactions were made by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), the United States Army (ARMY), and the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

This is the 2nd interim release of information response to your FOIPA request. This material is being provided to you at no charge.

Please refer to the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum for additional standard responses applicable to your request. "Part 1" of the Addendum includes standard responses that apply to all requests. "Part 2" includes additional standard responses that apply to all requests for records about yourself or any third-party individuals. "Part 3" includes general information about FBI records that you may find useful. Also enclosed is our Explanation of Exemptions.

Additional information about the FOIPA can be found at www.fbi.gov/foia. Should you have questions regarding your request, please feel free to contact foipaquestions@fbi.gov. Please reference the FOIPA Request number listed above in all correspondence concerning your request.

If you are not satisfied with the FBI's determination in response to this request, you may proceed under any or all of the following options:

- You may seek dispute resolution services through the FBI directly by emailing our FOIA Public Liaison at foipaquestions@fbi.gov. The subject heading should clearly state "Dispute Resolution Services." Please also cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so it may be easily identified.
- You may contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS), who serves as the federal FOIA Ombudsman. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001, e-mail at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.
- You may file an administrative appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), United States Department of Justice, 441 G Street, NW, 6th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20530, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIA STAR portal by creating an account following the instructions on OIP's website: <https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal>. **Pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 16.8(a), your appeal must be postmarked or electronically transmitted within ninety (90) days of the date of this response to your request.** If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal." Please reference the FOIPA Request Number listed above in your correspondence so it may be easily identified. If possible, please provide a copy of your original request and this response letter with your appeal.

Note: Utilizing the FBI's dispute resolution services or requesting mediation through OGIS does not toll the ninety (90) day limit to file a timely appeal with OIP.

Sincerely,



Michael G. Seidel
Section Chief
Record/Information Dissemination Section
Information Management Division

Enclosures

FBI FOIPA Addendum

As referenced in our letter responding to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request, the FBI FOIPA Addendum provides information applicable to your request. Part 1 of the Addendum includes standard responses that apply to all requests. Part 2 includes standard responses that apply to requests for records about individuals to the extent your request seeks the listed information. Part 3 includes general information about FBI records, searches, and programs.

Part 1: The standard responses below apply to all requests:

- (i) **5 U.S.C. § 552(c).** Congress excluded three categories of law enforcement and national security records from the requirements of the FOIPA [5 U.S.C. § 552(c)]. FBI responses are limited to those records subject to the requirements of the FOIPA. Additional information about the FBI and the FOIPA can be found on the www.fbi.gov/foia website.
- (ii) **Intelligence Records.** To the extent your request seeks records of intelligence sources, methods, or activities, the FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of records pursuant to FOIA exemptions (b)(1), (b)(3), and as applicable to requests for records about individuals, PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(1), (b)(3), and (j)(2)]. The mere acknowledgment of the existence or nonexistence of such records is itself a classified fact protected by FOIA exemption (b)(1) and/or would reveal intelligence sources, methods, or activities protected by exemption (b)(3) [50 USC § 3024(i)(1)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that any such records do or do not exist.

Part 2: The standard responses below apply to all requests for records on individuals:

- (i) **Requests for Records about any Individual—Watch Lists.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of any individual's name on a watch list pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(7)(E) and PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(7)(E), (j)(2)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that watch list records do or do not exist.
- (ii) **Requests for Records about any Individual—Witness Security Program Records.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of records which could identify any participant in the Witness Security Program pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(3) and PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(3), 18 U.S.C. 3521, and (j)(2)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that such records do or do not exist.
- (iii) **Requests for Confidential Informant Records.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of confidential informant records pursuant to FOIA exemptions (b)(7)(D), (b)(7)(E), and (b)(7)(F) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552 (b)(7)(D), (b)(7)(E), and (b)(7)(F)] and Privacy Act exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. § 552a (j)(2)]. The mere acknowledgment of the existence or nonexistence of such records would reveal confidential informant identities and information, expose law enforcement techniques, and endanger the life or physical safety of individuals. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that such records do or do not exist.

Part 3: General Information:

- (i) **Record Searches and Standard Search Policy.** The Record/Information Dissemination Section (RIDS) searches for reasonably described records by searching systems, such as the Central Records System (CRS), or locations where responsive records would reasonably be found. The CRS is an extensive system of records consisting of applicant, investigative, intelligence, personnel, administrative, and general files compiled by the FBI per its law enforcement, intelligence, and administrative functions. The CRS spans the entire FBI organization, comprising records of FBI Headquarters, FBI Field Offices, and FBI Legal Attaché Offices (Legats) worldwide; Electronic Surveillance (ELSUR) records are included in the CRS. The standard search policy is a search for main entity records in the CRS. Unless specifically requested, a standard search does not include a search for reference entity records or administrative records of previous FOIPA requests.
 - a. *Main Entity Records* – created for individuals or non-individuals who are the subjects or the focus of an investigation
 - b. *Reference Entity Records*- created for individuals or non-individuals who are associated with a case but are not known subjects or the focus of an investigation
- (ii) **FBI Records.** Founded in 1908, the FBI carries out a dual law enforcement and national security mission. As part of this dual mission, the FBI creates and maintains records on various subjects; however, the FBI does not maintain records on every person, subject, or entity.
- (iii) **Foreseeable Harm Standard.** As amended in 2016, the Freedom of Information Act provides that a federal agency may withhold responsive records only if: (1) the agency reasonably foresees that disclosure would harm an interest protected by one of the nine exemptions that FOIA enumerates, or (2) disclosure is prohibited by law (5 United States Code, Section 552(a)(8)(A)(i)). The FBI considers this foreseeable harm standard in the processing of its requests.
- (iv) **Requests for Criminal History Records or Rap Sheets.** The Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Division provides Identity History Summary Checks – often referred to as a criminal history record or rap sheet. These criminal history records are not the same as material in an investigative “FBI file.” An Identity History Summary Check is a listing of information taken from fingerprint cards and documents submitted to the FBI in connection with arrests, federal employment, naturalization, or military service. For a fee, individuals can request a copy of their Identity History Summary Check. Forms and directions can be accessed at www.fbi.gov/about-us/cjis/identity-history-summary-checks. Additionally, requests can be submitted electronically at www.edo.cjis.gov. For additional information, please contact CJIS directly at (304) 625-5590.

EXPLANATION OF EXEMPTIONS

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552

- (b)(1) (A) specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and (B) are in fact properly classified to such Executive order;
- (b)(2) related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency;
- (b)(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than section 552b of this title), provided that such statute (A) requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on issue, or (B) establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld;
- (b)(4) trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;
- (b)(5) inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency;
- (b)(6) personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (b)(7) records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information (A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, (C) could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, (D) could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and, in the case of record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished by a confidential source, (E) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law, or (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual;
- (b)(8) contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions; or
- (b)(9) geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells.

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552a

- (d)(5) information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action proceeding;
- (j)(2) material reporting investigative efforts pertaining to the enforcement of criminal law including efforts to prevent, control, or reduce crime or apprehend criminals;
- (k)(1) information which is currently and properly classified pursuant to an Executive order in the interest of the national defense or foreign policy, for example, information involving intelligence sources or methods;
- (k)(2) investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, other than criminal, which did not result in loss of a right, benefit or privilege under Federal programs, or which would identify a source who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(3) material maintained in connection with providing protective services to the President of the United States or any other individual pursuant to the authority of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3056;
- (k)(4) required by statute to be maintained and used solely as statistical records;
- (k)(5) investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment or for access to classified information, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(6) testing or examination material used to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion in Federal Government service the release of which would compromise the testing or examination process;
- (k)(7) material used to determine potential for promotion in the armed services, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished the material pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence.

CIA EXPLANATION OF EXEMPTIONS

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT:


- (b)(1)** applies to material which is properly classified pursuant to an Executive order in the interest of national defense or foreign policy;
- (b)(2)** applies to information which pertains solely to the internal rules and practices of the Agency;
- (b)(3)** applies to the Director's statutory obligations to protect from disclosure intelligence sources and methods, as well as the organization, functions, names, official titles, salaries or numbers of personnel employed by the Agency, in accord with the National Security Act of 1947 and the CIA Act of 1949, respectively;
- (b)(4)** applies to information such as trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person on a privileged or confidential basis;
- (b)(5)** applies to inter- and intra-agency memoranda which are advisory in nature;
- (b)(6)** applies to information release of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy of other individuals; and
- (b)(7)** applies to investigatory records, release of which could (C) constitute an unwarranted invasion of the personal privacy of others, (D) disclose the identity of a confidential source, (E) disclose investigative techniques and procedures, or (F) endanger the life or physical safety of law enforcement personnel.

PRIVACY ACT:

- (b)** applies to information concerning other individuals which may not be released without their written consent;
- (j)(1)** applies to polygraph records; documents or segregable portions of documents, release of which would disclose intelligence sources and methods, including names of certain Agency employees and organizational components; and, documents or information provided by foreign governments;
- (k)(1)** applies to information and material properly classified pursuant to and Executive order in the interest of national defense or foreign policy;
- (k)(5)** applies to investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment, or access to classified information, release of which would disclose a confidential source; and
- (k)(6)** testing or examination material used to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion in Federal Government service the release of which would compromise the testing or examination process.

This document is made available through the declassification efforts
and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:

The Black Vault



The Black Vault is the largest online Freedom of Information Act (FOIA)
document clearinghouse in the world. The research efforts here are
responsible for the declassification of hundreds of thousands of pages
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

P R

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT BALTIMORE	DATE WHEN MADE 2/5/53	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 2/2, 3, 4/53	REPORT MADE BY SETH F. EIKENBERRY mjl
TITLE GORDON GRAY			CHARACTER OF CASE SPECIAL INQUIRY

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Records of the Baltimore City Health Department, Baltimore, Md., contain no record of the appointee. Appointee's wife, **JANE D. GRAY**, has been confined to the Sheppard and Enoch Pratt Hospital, for treatment as a manic-depressive, since 1/12/53. Files of T-1 reveal appointee was granted temporary security clearance on 6/8/48.

RUC

REFERENCE: Washington Field teletypes to Baltimore, 1/28/53, 1/30/53.
Baltimore teletype to Washington Field, 2/3/53.
Charlotte teletype to Baltimore, 2/3/53.

DETAILS:

BIRTH

The records of the Baltimore City Health Department, Baltimore, Md., checked by SA DOUGLAS C. ROBINSON, were found to contain no record of the appointee.

RELATIVES

DR. HARRY MURDOCK, Superintendent of the Sheppard and Enoch Pratt Hospital, Towson, Md. advised SA ROBERT C. NORTON that Mrs. **JANE GRAY**, wife of appointee has been in the care of the hospital since 1/12/53. Dr. MURDOCK stated that a review of Mrs. GRAY's file indicated her to be a Manic-Depressive. Specifically, she has trouble

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COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 Bureau 1 Baltimore (77-5852)		<div style="font-size: 1.5em; font-weight: bold;">77-5852-20</div> <div style="font-size: 1.2em; font-weight: bold;">FEB 6 1953</div>	<div style="font-weight: bold;">RECORDED - 79</div> <div style="font-weight: bold;">INDEXED - 79</div>
		26 FEB 27 1953	

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BA 77-5852

thinking clearly, is restless, jumps from one idea to another and thinks and talks too rapidly. Her appearance and behavior indicate her to be under a pressure too great for her to bear. Dr. MURDOCK said that according to her record she had two previous attacks of the illness; one took place from February to August of 1945, the other from July to September of 1949. On both occasions she was confined to the Institute of Living Hartford, Conn. Dr. MURDOCK anticipated her recovery in a matter of months. He added that future attacks were possible. The appointee has discussed his wife's condition with Dr. MURDOCK and is fully aware of the various aspects of her illness.

MISCELLANEOUS

The files of Confidential Informant T-1, another government agency conducting personnel and intelligence investigation, reflect that the appointee, born on 5/30/09, at Baltimore, Md., was granted an emergency, temporary security clearance on 6/8/48, wherein access was limited to classified material in connection with his duties as Secretary of the Army. No investigation was indicated in the appointee's file.

CREDIT AND CRIMINAL

The files of the Credit Bureau of Baltimore, Inc., Baltimore, Md., checked by SE JAMES R. COCHRAN; the files of the Baltimore, Md. Police Department, checked by SE COCHRAN; and the files of the Baltimore County Police Department, Towson, Md., checked by SA ROBERT C. NORTON, contain no record of the appointee, or his wife, Mrs. JANE D. GRAY.

~~MRS GORDON GRAY~~
RUC

CDNN

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

T-1 is G-2, Central Records Facility, Fort Holabird, Baltimore, Maryland, the files of which were made available to SA SMITH F. EIKENBERRY by Lt. Col. KONRAD G. BECK, JR. Commanding Officer of the Facility.

The information contained in the attached report was obtained from G-2 file bearing dossier number X8-325768.

The contents of the attached report is being marked SECURITY INFORMATION--~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ as the G-2 file is so classified.

The appointee's G-2 file further reflects that he was subject of a four-way security check requested on 2/15/44. No results of this check are contained in the files of G-2. In connection therewith, a cross reference sheet in the appointee's file reflects the following: Main Subject: Report of CI Clearance on Personnel being Assigned to G-2. Classification Number: MID 333.5. Date of Communication 3/10/44. Brief Summary: According to information received in the Personnel Branch, the following personnel have received necessary clearance as indicated after their names. The name of the appointee appears on this list.

The appointee's G-2 file further reflects two FBI reports entitled GORDON GRAY - AR - 10, AEAA. One report was made by SA THOMAS J. BARRY, at Washington Field, on 5/13/48 WFO File No. 116-23661. The second report was made by SA GARMON J. STUART, at Charlotte, on 5/5/48. Charlotte File No. 116-3023. These reports are not being reported in the attached report inasmuch as it is being assumed that such information will be reported by these offices.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

REPORT MADE AT WASHINGTON, D.C.	DATE WHEN MADE 2/5/53	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 1/29/53-2/2-54	REPORT MADE BY HARMON J. OGREN	rej
TITLE GORDON GRAY			CHARACTER OF CASE SPECIAL INQUIRY	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

No record of Army employment located District of Columbia. PSB employment verified. Co-workers and acquaintances recommend GRAY most highly. Military service verified; nothing adverse re GRAY but file reflects wife treated for mental disorder. Neighbors recommend GRAY and consider he and his wife to be fine persons. Passport information set out. CSC, HCUA, and Park Police no record. Credit Bureau nothing adverse. Metropolitan Police Department no record for GRAY but wife's traffic violation set out.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

RUC

CLASSIFIED BY
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X

7/17/01
per OGA letter dated 3/7/01

Reference: Bureau teletype dated January 28, 1953.
Saint Louis teletype dated February 2, 1953.

Details: AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

EMPLOYMENTS

The Department of Army has advised that they do not have a personnel record for GRAY while he was employed as Assistant Secretary and as Secretary of the Army.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 3-Bureau 1-Washington Field 26 FEB 27 1953 (116-23661)		77-55653-21	RECORDED - 73 INDEXED - 73

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~~SECRET~~

United States Senator W. STUART SYMINGTON was interviewed by SA PAUL E. ERTZINGER, at which time he advised that he had been acquainted with GRAY for the past seven years socially and professionally and that GRAY was Secretary of the Army at the same time he, SYMINGTON, was Secretary of the Air Force. Senator SYMINGTON stated that he considered GRAY to be the highest-type citizen and a most capable and intelligent individual. He advised that GRAY'S character, reputation, and associations and loyalty were perfect, and he would recommend him without hesitation.

Mr. WILFRED J. McNEIL, Assistant Secretary of Defense - Comptroller, advised that he had been acquainted with GRAY since 1946 and had worked quite closely with him until 1949 or 1950. He stated that he felt that GRAY was one of the most capable men to become Secretary of the Army, and that he had also been acquainted with him while he was in Washington as a Presidential Assistant and with the Psychological Strategy Board. He advised that GRAY'S character, reputation, and associations were above question, that he was a very good American and to his best belief, was very loyal to the United States.

Mr. JOHN H. OHLY, Assistant Director for Program Office of the Director of Mutual Security, Executive Office of the President, advised that he had been acquainted with GRAY for approximately six years during which he, OHLY, was in the Pentagon and at the State Department. He stated that he was also acquainted with GRAY during his employment as Director of the Psychological Strategy Board. He stated that both officially and personally he had spent a great deal of time with GRAY. He advised that there was no one of greater character, integrity, ability, and loyalty, and he would give his whole-hearted endorsement as a reference for GRAY.

Mr. MARX LEVA, an attorney whose office is located in the Cafritz Building, advised that he had known GRAY since 1947, at which time he, LEVA, was connected with the Department of Defense. He stated that he knew GRAY most closely during the periods 1947, 1948, and 1949 but was also acquainted with him during subsequent tours of duty with the Government. LEVA stated that he had the highest respect for GRAY'S character, reputation, ability, and loyalty and would recommend him for a position with the administration.

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

Mrs. LOIS MOOCK, Administrative Assistant to the Psychological Strategy Board, advised that this Board had been set up being composed of Central Intelligence Agency, State Department, and Defense Officials and that the Director of this organization can call upon any one of these agencies to have men assigned to that board. She stated that GRAY had been paid from Central Intelligence Agency funds and that any personnel record should be with the Central Intelligence Agency. She advised that he had resided at the Anchorage while in Washington, D. C. Mrs. MOOCK advised that from miscellaneous records, GRAY had served as Director of the Psychological Strategy Board from July 2, 1951, to December 31, 1951, and as a consultant without compensation basis from January 1, 1952, to June 30, 1952. She advised that she considered him to be a very fine individual and knew of no reason to question him in any respect.

Mr. CHARLES E. JOHNSON, Executive Officer of the Psychological Strategy Board, advised that he had been acquainted with GRAY since June, 1951, having professional contact with him on the board. He stated that GRAY was an outstanding patriot and that his reputation and character were outstanding, that he was tops as to ability and there was no reason to question his complete loyalty to the United States.

Mr. ARTHUR M. COX, a member of the Psychological Strategy Board Staff, advised that he had known GRAY professionally while he was a director and a consultant to the Psychological Strategy Board. He stated that GRAY was a capable person; that he was an outstanding public servant and to the best of his knowledge, GRAY'S character, reputation, and loyalty were the highest.

Mr. JAMES E. WEBB, an attorney whose office is located at 1329 Eighteenth Street, Northwest, advised that he had known GRAY since college days and that GRAY and his family were connected with the Reynolds Tobacco Company. He stated that he was well acquainted with GRAY'S background and past, and he personally had arranged for GRAY'S work at the White House on a special survey, and that he had served as a member of the Psychological Strategy Board under GRAY'S direction. He advised that GRAY was an outstanding public servant; that he was extremely capable; that his character, reputation, and loyalty were outstanding, and he would recommend him without the slightest reservation.

~~SECRET~~

WFO 116-23661

Colonel CHARLES W. McCARTHY, United States Army, advised that he had been acquainted with GRAY from August, 1951, until 1952, during which time GRAY was the Director of the Psychological Strategy Board, and he was GRAY's executive officer. He stated that GRAY was one of the finest Americans he, McCARTHY, had ever been privileged to work for; that his ability was the greatest; that his character and integrity were the highest, and that he was absolutely loyal to the United States, and exhibited in every way unselfish patriotism to his country.

b3 Per CIA

~~(S)~~ [redacted] Contact Officer, Central Intelligence Agency, advised SA ROBERT J. MCKENNAN that employment records of that agency reflected GRAY's employment as a consultant by that agency from January 1, 1952, to January 30, 1952, and from July 1, 1952, to the present time. [redacted]

[redacted] that they ~~(S)~~ maintained no other personnel records for GRAY.

MILITARY SERVICE

The records of the Department of Army, as checked by SE CLYDE E. PARRISH under Serial No. 34304040 and Serial No. 01312143 reflect that GRAY was inducted on May 16, 1952, as a private in the United States Army. He was appointed as a Second Lieutenant on February 24, 1943, at Fort Benning, Georgia. He was released from active duty as a captain on May 24, 1945, at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. His efficiency ratings range from satisfactory to superior, and the file contained no adverse information pertaining to GRAY. This file, however, contains information which reflects that sometime in the early part of 1945, [redacted]

b6 Per Army

~~SECRET~~RESIDENCES

Mrs. DOROTHY McNEIL, Assistant to the Manager of the Anchorage Apartments, [redacted] advised that GRAY and his wife had resided in [redacted] at that address from July 24, 1951, until October 9, 1951, at which time they returned to Carolina. She stated that they were very lovely persons; that there was no reason to question them in any way. She stated that they had only resided in the building for approximately two and one-half months and had spent their week-ends in Carolina, and she was unable to advise as to anyone in the apartment house who would have known them. b6 Per Army

Mrs. GERTRUDE LANCASTER, Telephone Operator at [redacted] advised that she had considered the GRAY'S to be very fine people, that they had not been there on week-ends; that they did not mix with the people in the apartment house, and she further advised she knew of no questionable information concerning them.

A personal history statement submitted by GRAY in connection with Federal employment, on April 12, 1948, reflects that he resided at [redacted] b6 Per Army

Mrs. ELSIE TICEHURST of [redacted] northwest, advised that the person by whom she was employed, Mrs. MADELINE KENNA, was presently in the hospital and unavailable for interview.

She advised that Mrs. KENNA had entertained the GRAYS during their residence in the neighborhood, and that she had thought most highly of them in every respect. She stated that Mrs. KENNA had once remarked that GRAY would be "good presidential timber." Mrs. TICEHURST advised that from her own knowledge, she knew very little of the GRAYS and therefore was not in a position to comment other than to say they appeared to be very nice people.

Mr. SAMUEL F. BEACH of [redacted] Northwest, advised that he had been acquainted with the GRAYS while they had resided [redacted] and that b6 Per Army

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they had visited in each other's homes, and that their children had played together. He stated that he considered GRAY to be one of the top persons in the United States Government, a person of the highest integrity, character, and loyalty. He stated that they have known the GRAYS better than anyone else in that block, and that they still keep in touch with each other on occasions. He advised that he considered both Mr. and Mrs. GRAY to be extremely fine people.

Mrs. BRADLEY D. NASH of [redacted]

[redacted] advised that she had known the GRAYS in a casual way in the neighborhood and at occasional dinner parties. She advised that they were the very nicest of people, and that she could only say the very best for them in every respect. b6 Per Army

Mrs. GODFREY PECKITT of [redacted]

[redacted] advised that although the GRAYS had resided in the home next to hers, she had no formal contact with them and did not personally know them, and therefore did not feel that she could make any comment concerning them. She stated, however, that she had no reason to question Mr. GRAY in any respect.

MISCELLANEOUS

The files of the Passport Division, Department of State, as checked by SE HILBERT ARPS, reflect that GORDON GRAY was issued Passport No. 685808 on June 24, 1952, for a four-weeks pleasure trip to France, Switzerland, and England. The file reflected that he was married to JANE BOYDEN CRAIGE on June 11, 1938.

GRAY was issued Passport No. 7518 on September 12, 1949, at the request of the Department of Army, which indicated that he expected to travel in all European countries on a one-month inspection trip of the United States forces in Europe. D.C.

GRAY was issued Passport No. 495119 on January 26, 1938, for a proposed pleasure trip of two years to all foreign countries. His passport was amended on June 15, 1938, to include his wife JANE CRAIGE GRAY.

Passport No. 30506 was issued to GRAY on June 9, 1933, at which time he expected to make a six-months trip to The British Isles and "all foreign countries" for the purpose of

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pleasure. His passport was renewed at New York City on June 11, 1935, to be valid until June 8, 1937. No travel plans were indicated for this renewal.

GRAY was issued Passport No. 56171 on May 29, 1929, for a pleasure trip of six months to The British Isles and all foreign countries. This passport was renewed on July 10, 1931, to be valid until May 29, 1933, but no travel plans were shown in connection with the renewal.

GRAY was issued Passport No. 405382 on June 1, 1927, for a six months' pleasure trip to The British Isles and all foreign countries. GRAY was issued Passport No. 68501 on June 1, 1925, for a six months' pleasure trip to all countries. Passport files contained no adverse information relative to GRAY.

The Security Files of the Central Intelligence Agency concerning GORDON GRAY, as reviewed by SA ROBERT J. MCKENNAN, contain no unfavorable information concerning GRAY.

The Civil Service Commission, Central Office Division, advised SE JOHN J. LANDERS that there was no record for GORDON GRAY in their files.

The files of the House Committee on Un-American Activities, as checked by SE LLOYD D. PEERY, contained no record for GORDON GRAY.

The files of the United States Park Police, as checked by SE WALTER J. TOLSON, contained no record for GORDON or his wife JANE CRAIGE GRAY.

The files of the Credit Bureau, as checked by SE JOHN J. LANDERS, contained no adverse information regarding GORDON or JANE C. GRAY.

The files of the Metropolitan Police Department, as checked by SE EDMUND J. EIDEN, contained no criminal or subversive record for GORDON or JANE C. GRAY. The traffic files of this agency, however, reflected that JANE GRAY elected to forfeit \$3.00 on a parking charge on December 19, 1949.

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WFO 116-23661

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The Bureau has advised that a search of the Central Files of the FBI has been made and no information of a derogatory nature concerning loyalty which could be identified with GORDON GRAY was found.

RUC

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: IC [REDACTED] Office: ST. LOUIS
 Date: 5-31-61
 Field Office File No.: SL: 77-10461 Bureau File No.:
 Title: GORDON GRAY

b6
b7c

Character: SPECIAL INQUIRY

Synopsis: Records FRC, GSA, SLMO, indicate GORDON GRAY employed by National Security Council, Washington, D. C. Terminated by reason of expiration of contract. Address set forth. CSC, SRD reflects additional employments.

- RUC -

DETAILS: AT ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

On May 31, 1961, a review of the personnel records at the Federal Records Center, General Services Administration, for GORDON GRAY indicated that he received an Accepted Appointment on July 1, 1958, as a Consultant, per diem basis, under a Personal Service Contract with the National Security Council, Washington, D. C. This employment was terminated July 21, 1958, in the same position by reason of expiration of contract. His address was listed as 3331 "O" Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. in 1958.

The Civil Service Commission, Service Record Division file reflected the following information: Separated on February 27, 1957, as an Assistant Secretary of Defense, Department of Defense, Office of the Secretary, Washington, D. C.; resigned March 14, 1957, as a Consultant, Department of Defense, "OASD" (International Security Affairs), Immediate Office, Washington, D. C.; and on March 14, 1957, received an appointment as Director, Office of Defense Mobilization, Washington, D. C.

The date and place of birth were shown as May 30, 1909, Baltimore, Maryland.

- 1 * -

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: IC [REDACTED]
Date: June 1, 1961

Office: Baltimore, Maryland

b6
b7c

Field Office File No.: 161-265

Bureau File No.:

Title: GORDON GRAY

Character: SPECIAL INQUIRY

Synopsis: Review of G-2 files reflects no unfavorable information.

- RUC -

DETAILS: AT BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

The files of G-2, U. S. Army Counterintelligence Records Facility, Fort Holabird, made available by a representative of that agency, were reviewed on 5/29/61. These files reflect that the captioned individual was the subject of a () National Agency Check, () partial background investigation, () complete background investigation completed on 5/30/54, during which no information was developed reflecting adversely upon the character, reputation or loyalty of this individual.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:
Date:

IC [REDACTED]
January 15, 1965

Office: Baltimore, Maryland

b6
b7c

Field Office File No.:

BA 161-265

Bureau File No.:

Title:

GORDON GRAY

Character:

SPECIAL INQUIRY

Synopsis:

Review of G-2 files reflects no unfavorable information.

- RUC -

DETAILS:

AT BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

The files of G-2, U. S. Army Counterintelligence Records Facility, Fort Holabird, made available by a representative of that agency, were reviewed on 1/13/65. These files reflect that the captioned individual was the subject of a (X) National Agency Check, () partial background investigation, () complete background investigation completed on May 30, 1954, during which no information was developed reflecting adversely upon the character, reputation or loyalty of this individual.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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